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CONSTANTINE'S MACHINATIONS MUST END, STATES VENIZELOS, AND GREEKS MUST FIGHT BESIDE THE SERBIANS

King Prevented Greeks From Realizing Their National Ideals When Proper Moment Had Come; Safeguards Must Be Raised Against Such Acts by Monarch in Future; "Down With King!" Shout People

London, Oct. 16.—At a banquet on Saturday night given by the Greek Committee of National Defence in honor of the members of the provisional government, M. Venizelos made a stirring speech, says the Reuter correspondent at Salonica.

"The Greek people," said M. Venizelos, "have been led to the brink of a precipice by a conscienceless monarch who made common cause with the politicians of our decadent epoch. When this great war afforded us the opportunity of realizing our national ideals, that realization was prevented because of an alliance with her enemies. King Constantine believes himself king by the grace of God. This conception is diametrically opposed to the mind of the nation, which admits of a regime of royalty, but desires that that royalty shall be democratic.

"Our people regard the king as the first servant of the state. They attribute to the king not the right to impose his personal will, but the duty to guard without respite the sovereignty of the people in order to prevent them suffering from prejudice. Our constitution leaves no doubt regarding this unquestionable sovereignty of the people.

"From the moment the constitution was violated in circumstances so critical, it became necessary that we should convolve after the war a national assembly with the object of drawing up a new and invulnerable rampart against future violations on the part of the monarchial chief. To-day we have accomplished our efforts for the purpose of organizing ourselves militarily without delay to expel our hereditary enemies from our territory and to fulfill our duty as an ally toward a friendly people whose patriotism and ardent love of their fatherland and perseverance have won admiration throughout the world."

M. Venizelos resumed his seat amid loud cheers of "Long live Serbia!" and "Down with the king!"

ATTEMPT BY ENEMY IN THE CARPATHIANS

Petrograd Reports Austro-Germans Launched Offensive South of Dorna Watra

Petrograd, Oct. 16.—Heavy forces of Teutonic troops have assumed the offensive south of Dorna Watra, in the southern Carpathians, near the junction point of the Roumanian-Transylvanian and Bukovina boundary lines, the war office announced to-day.

Fard fighting continues in Galicia east and south of the Lemberg district, without either side making advances, says the statement, which also reports the repulse of strong attacks farther south, in the region of Kormoze and Kiriababa, northwest of the Dorna Watra region. The Russians took nearly 1,200 prisoners.

The text of the statement follows: "In the region of Zborow (on the Turnopol-Krasner railway, in Galicia, east of Lemberg) obstinate battles continue. North of Stanislaw (south of Halicz) enemy troops attempted to advance from their trenches but were driven back.

"In the region of Kormoze and Kiriababa enemy troops launched fierce attacks without success. We took prisoner 17 officers and 1,170 of the rank and file.

"South of Dorna Watra the enemy assumed the offensive with great forces.

ROUMANIANS NOW FIGHTING AT RUCARU

On Own Soil at That Point; London is Watching Events

London, Oct. 16.—The situation on the Roumanian front occupies the leading position on the news and editorial pages of the London newspapers.

The Roumanians, according to the latest official statement, have been forced back six or seven miles at one point in their own country. They are making a stand at Rucaru, which is a small town toward the southern end of the Torzburger pass. At Rucaru the Austro-Germans are well below the highest level of the passes. South of this town the road runs 10 miles through a rolling country to the railroad at Campulung, which is practically on the edge of the Roumanian plain and 75 miles from Bucharest.

"The Times notes: "The enemy has advanced into Roumania through the Torzburger pass and the Roumanians are fighting on their own soil at Rucaru. Apparently they have temporarily lost possession of all but the southern approaches of the Torzburger pass. Farther north the enemy penetrated to the crest of the Citos pass but then was driven back in a fierce encounter. In the other passes the enemy is making no progress.

"Until effective help reaches the Roumanian second army we must expect varying fortunes in this district."

GREEKS IN STATES SUPPORT VENIZELOS

Party Organized in New York; Traitors Surrounding King Must Go

New York, Oct. 16.—More than 300,000 Greeks in the United States have been invited to join the Venizelos party in America, which was organized at a meeting of 3,000 natives of Greece here last night. This is the first of a series of meetings to be held in the principal cities of the United States.

The present Greek government was condemned and pledges of allegiance to Venizelos were given. Resolutions were adopted asserting "that the government of King Constantine has abandoned more than \$200,000,000 worth of arms and munitions in Macedonia, has allowed the fourth regiment to be kidnapped and has thus dishonored Greece and all Hellenism. It has cast a stain on the national honor of Greece, and its policy threatens the extinction of the nation."

Greek colonists in America were urged to use their influence to induce parts of Greece which have not done so already to join the national movement "to expel the enemies who abolished sovereignty of Greece in Macedonia, and to defeat and cast out the demagogues now surrounding the king."

GERMANY CONCEALS TRUTH FROM STATES

American Correspondents Are Spied Upon, Writes American After Months in Country

London, Oct. 16.—The German censorship absolutely will not permit unbiased war news to be sent from Germany to the United States or any other neutral country. Unprejudiced correspondents find it almost impossible to send the whole truth to their papers. They are allowed to send only news favorable to Germany.

These are the principal statements in the latest instalment of the series of articles D. Thomas Curtin, of Boston, is contributing to the London Times on what he found during a considerable stay in Germany.

Humiliated. Mr. Curtin says the American correspondents generally are made to cut a humiliating figure, although not all of them realize it.

"It is notorious," he writes, "that they are spied upon day and night, and sometimes even ruthlessly snubbed by the German officials.

"Several American correspondents, including Messrs. Conger and Powers, of the Associated Press, and Cyril Brown, of the New York Times, are honestly trying to practice independent journalism, but it is a difficult, almost a hopeless, struggle. They are shackled and controlled all the time and cannot send the unadorned truth to the United States."

M. VENIZELOS NOW SUPREME IN CRETE

Entente Powers Have Recognized Provisional Government on That Island

OFFER RENEWED BY THE ATHENS CABINET

King Constantine Has Signed Decree Postponing Meeting of Chamber

London, Oct. 16.—The entente powers have formally recognized the provisional government of Greece in the island of Crete set up by M. Venizelos, former premier of Greece. The entente consuls at Janina, the capital of Crete, have been instructed to act in unison in this matter.

An official statement issued here to-day says it is only in Crete that the question of official recognition has arisen as yet.

Official circles in London have received no word in regard to recognition of the new cabinet at Athens by the entente.

Offer Renewed. Athens, Oct. 15, via London, Oct. 16.—The cabinet of Spyridon Lambros has officially renewed to the entente powers the proposals for Greece's entry into the war on the side of the allies, which were made by the cabinet of M. Kaloeropoulos on September 18.

Postponed. Athens, Oct. 14 (delayed).—King Constantine to-day signed a decree postponing for one month the meeting of the Greek chamber of deputies which, according to the constitution, was due to convene to-day.

Next British Will Capture Grandcourt

Germans Tried Desperately to Hold Schwaben Redoubt, Near Ancre

British Front in France, Oct. 15, via London, Oct. 16.—(Copyright by the Associated Press.) In completing the capture of the Schwaben redoubt, on the ridge above Thierval, the attacking British troops took a prisoner for every yard of front, or 230 for a front of less than 300 yards, not to mention the number killed by the artillery preparation and in the hand-to-hand fighting before the survivors surrendered. The Germans manning the trenches and those in the reserve dugouts could hardly have been crowded into one line back of the parapet. This gives an idea of the importance of the Germans attached to that last bit of high ground along their old trench line south of the Ancre on the Thierval ridge, which their desperate resistance characterized as "the most precious two-acre plot in all France."

Grandcourt Next. After the British had got the first half of the redoubt German troops made repeated counter-attacks to recover possession of it, and for the last week there has been no cessation of the fighting. Now the British look down all along the valley to Grandcourt and it is impossible apparently for the Germans to maintain batteries in that area.

Between the new British positions and the river, along the old front line fortifications, German infantry troops, commanded by British guns from two sides, still stick to their maze of trenches, going and coming like woodchucks through their underground galleries. A German reports that in this neighborhood there is a record size dugout capable of holding 2,500 men.

"They do hate to leave their happy homes, which they have been two years building," said a British soldier.

Stay in Dugouts. The big garrisons which the Germans maintain for the most part keep to their dugouts, rushing out only when there is a recess in the shell fire to try to repair the damage done. When they are observed the British guns let loose on them. Finally, when nothing but the wreckage of the trenches remains and only the dugouts are intact, British infantry charges to gain another section of ground.

In taking the remaining unoccupied portion of the Stuff redoubt in the same region the British took 100 prisoners, with a loss of only 35 men.

Along the centre of the battle line British troops made some attacks in the last week, though not in great strength. They succeeded in some places and failed in others against the heavy German resistance. On the whole it was the quietest week since the beginning of the grand offensive.

NORTH OF KORYTNIZA RUSSIANS CAPTURED GROUND FROM ENEMY

Petrograd, Oct. 16.—Russian troops north of Korytniza stormed Teutonic trenches there, according to an official statement issued last night. A number of prisoners were taken. German troops counter-attacked fiercely but vainly.

BULGARIANS LOST EAST OF STRUMA

British Entered Village of Bursuk and French Cut Railway

SERBIANS ADVANCED ON LEFT BANK OF CERNA

London, Oct. 16.—British forces on the Struma front in Greek Macedonia are active on the left flank of their line east of the river and have pushed their outposts farther northeast in the direction of Demirhisar, according to an official announcement. The village of Bursuk, 8 miles southwest of Demirhisar, was entered by British patrols, who drove back Bulgarian detachments.

The text of the statement follows: "On the Struma front our patrols have penetrated Bursuk and driven back enemy detachments.

A successful bombing attack on the Buk ridge was carried out by machines of the Royal Naval Air Service. "On the Doiran front there has been no change in the situation."

Gains by Serbians. Paris, Oct. 16.—Serbian troops advanced along the left bank of the Cerna river, and French troops cut the railway line south of Sere, it was announced officially last night.

London, Oct. 16.—Serious fighting occurred on Saturday along the entire Serbian front, according to a Reuter dispatch from Salonica. Bulgarian troops were expelled from some of their trenches on the left bank of the Cerna and Bulgarian counter-attacks were repulsed.

Medical Service TO BE RE-ORGANIZED

That Branch of Canadian Army Subject of a Special Report

Ottawa, Oct. 16.—Important recommendations for the reorganization of the Canadian army medical service in England, and to some extent in Canada, are contained in a report submitted by Col. H. A. Bruce, special inspector general of medical services.

Col. Bruce was appointed by Lieut.-General Sir Sam Hughes to investigate and report upon the work of the Canadian army medical corps in England, the administration of the various Canadian hospitals. Col. Bruce left Canada with the minister of militia in July, and the investigation was conducted during the presence of Sir Sam Hughes in England.

Complete Change. A complete reorganization of the Canadian medical service is recommended, with the suggestion that the medical arrangements in Canada, England and overseas be co-ordinated. Other recommendations are that as far as possible Canadian casualties be treated in Canadian hospitals, and that the care of Canadian sick and wounded be the first duty of the Canadian army medical corps; that the Canadian hospitals be concentrated and voluntary hospitals for Canadians be abolished, the hospitals now conducted or equipped by the Red Cross to be taken over by the medical service for administration; that incapacitated Canadian soldiers be returned to Canada as soon as they are fit to travel, for further medical treatment and re-education, and that the three Canadian hospitals now at Salonica be returned to England immediately if they can be spared by the imperial authorities.

The report also recommends that immediate steps be taken to provide hospitals with a thousand beds each in Halifax, Montreal, Winnipeg and Vancouver, with a smaller one at Ottawa. It also is recommended that before leaving Canada all ranks be thoroughly examined by an independent medical board.

GERMAN TROOPS SENT TO ROUMANIAN FRONT

London, Oct. 16.—The Reuter correspondent at Amsterdam reports that the newspaper Les Nouvelles says the German Guards along the Belgian frontier at Limburg left on Friday to join other troops at Hamont, from where they were to be sent by rail to Roumania.

SIR THOMAS TAIT GIVES RESIGNATION

Able Organizer Leaves Post of Director General of National Service

PARLIAMENTARY BODY BORDEN'S PROPOSAL

Explanation of Tait's Action Offered Has to Do With Secretaryship

Ottawa, Oct. 16.—It is announced officially that Sir Thomas Tait has resigned his position as director general of national service, to which he was appointed some time ago. He will be succeeded by R. B. Bennett, M. P. for Calgary.

An official statement, having attached to it correspondence which passed between Sir Robert Borden and Sir Thomas Tait, has been given out as follows:

"The incident which led to Sir Thomas Tait's resignation arose out of his proposal to appoint G. M. Murray, secretary of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association, to the position of secretary of the directors of national service. All proposed appointments are in the regular course submitted to the government for approval. In order to accept this appointment, however, Mr. Murray resigned in advance his position as secretary of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association. Objection was taken to the proposed appointment of Mr. Murray on the ground that a circular which he had issued to the members of the Manufacturers' Association on behalf of the executive committee of that body, misrepresented a communication to him from the minister of finance with regard to the use of Canadian products and materials for the equipment of the Canadian forces while in Great Britain.

"It was felt that while this circular remained uncorrected the government could not consistently approve of Mr. Murray's appointment to the position mentioned. On Oct. 10, Mr. Murray wrote a letter to Hon. A. E. Kemp, and also a letter to Hon. Sir Thomas White, in which he frankly admitted his error in framing the circular.

Resignation Accepted. "Upon receiving the letter from Mr. Murray containing this acknowledgment, it was felt that no further objection on that score could be raised. However, Mr. Murray apparently thought that as objections had been raised in the first instance he could not consistently accept the position which had been offered him by Sir Thomas Tait. As a result of this Sir Thomas Tait felt called upon to resign and his resignation has been accepted by the prime minister."

It also is announced officially that the directors of national service had passed a resolution in favor of the appointment of a parliamentary national service commission, and that this resolution had been communicated to the prime minister. It is as follows: "The directors of national service, in conference in Ottawa, having regard to the duties imposed upon them and to the work which lies before them, are strongly of the opinion that the following recommendations if given effect by the government would materially assist in that work.

Parliamentary Committee. "That a parliamentary national service committee, to be composed of representatives of all the political parties in parliament, be formed at the earliest possible date.

"That such committee as soon as possible after its formation issue by proclamation and through the public press and in any way expedient: "First, a strong and explicit call to the manhood of Canada, of military age and fitness to enlist for overseas military and naval service.

"Second, a similar call to the men and women of Canada individually and through their various organizations to relieve the nation in such capacities as their services may be most valuable.

"Third, a similar call to all employers to effect such industrial reorganization as is necessary to meet emergencies arising out of war."

In the official statement it was announced that the prime minister had written to Sir Wilfrid Laurier expressing his desire to undertake the formation of such a committee, and asking Sir Wilfrid to co-operate, and it is expected that such a committee will be selected in the immediate future for the purpose of making the proposed call.

TURKISH TRANSPORT WAS CAPTURED BY RUSSIAN SUBMARINE

Petrograd, Oct. 18.—The Russian submarine Tulen, on October 12, after an engagement near the Bosphorus, captured the Turkish 6,000-ton armed war transport Rodistos, it is announced officially. The transport, which was commanded by German officers, was taken to Sebastopol.

BRITISH AND FRENCH BITING INTO GERMAN LINES ON THE SOMME

Former Took Ground in Region of Stuff and Schwaben Redoubts and Foch's Men Penetrated German Positions at Sailly-Saillisel; 1,452 Prisoners Added to Total, War Offices Report

London, Oct. 16.—German troops last night made a heavy attack on the newly-won positions of the British in the vicinity of the Schwaben redoubt, north of the Somme. The war office announced this afternoon that they were repulsed with heavy losses.

The text of the statement follows: "Heavy hostile shelling continued at intervals during the night on our front south of the Ancre. A small hostile bombing attack on our trenches north of Courcellette was driven back without difficulty.

"At the Schwaben redoubt a more important enemy attack, delivered after heavy artillery preparation and assisted by flames, also was repulsed with heavy losses to the enemy.

"During the night enemy trenches were successfully entered by us northeast of Ypres, southeast of St. Eloi and east of Ploegsteert. A number of the enemy were killed and prisoners were taken."

The following official report was issued last night: "This morning our line was advanced slightly northwest of Gueudecourt, north of the Somme. "Enemy artillery has been active between Lesbouffs and Courcellette and also near the Schwaben redoubt and in the Ancre valley. The enemy exploded a mine early to-day north of Neuve Chapelle. No damage was done. "Forty-seven more prisoners, including two officers, were taken."

Highly Successful. Enterprises undertaken on Saturday by British troops in the neighborhood of the Stuff and Schwaben redoubts, north of the Somme, were highly successful, it was announced officially yesterday afternoon. More than 300 Germans were taken prisoner.

The text of the statement follows: "Further reports show that the enterprises undertaken yesterday in the neighborhood of Stuff redoubt were highly successful. North of the Stuff redoubt two lines of enemy communication trenches were cleared for a distance of nearly 200 yards. Nearly 300 men were taken prisoner in the course of these operations, which were carried out by a single company.

Line Advanced. "At the Schwaben redoubt our gain was greater and our line was advanced well to the north and west of the redoubt. Heavy losses were inflicted on the enemy.

"The total number of prisoners taken in this afternoon's operations, added to those reported last night, is 2 officers and 393 men.

"The enemy blew up a mine last night in the neighborhood of Loos. No action followed.

"During the night enemy trenches were entered west of Zerre, north of Roelincourt, northeast of Festubert and north of Neuve Chapelle. Prisoners were taken and considerable damage was done to the enemy's defences." (Concluded on page 4.)

NO SUBMARINE SEEN BY THE HELIGOLAV

Report of Persons on Bovic Untrue, Master States in Wireless

New York, Oct. 16.—In a wireless message from the Danish steamer Helligolav received here to-day by agents of the Scandinavian-American Line, Captain Holst, master of the ship, stated that no submarine had been sighted during the voyage so far. His message, dated 8 a. m. Sunday, reads: "Have not seen any submarine. Nothing true in the story." (Signed) "Holst."

Observers aboard the White Star steamer Bovic on that steamship's arrival here on Saturday reported they had seen the periscope of a submarine on Friday morning when about 200 miles out and that the submarine apparently was in pursuit of the Helligolav, eastward bound.

SWEDISH GOVERNMENT WILL HAVE NEW HEAD

Copenhagen, Oct. 16.—The Politiken says that M. Hammarskjold, the Swedish premier, will resign and that he will be succeeded by K. A. Wallenberg, the present minister of foreign affairs.

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"Victoria, B. C., August 30th, 1916.

"Gideon Hicks, Esq.,
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"Dear Mr. Hicks,
"Referring to the Heintzman and Company Grand Piano which I have been using exclusively on all my Canadian tours, I have pleasure in stating that it is without exception the best three-quarter Grand Piano I have ever played on, and as regards touch, tone, pure musical qualities, and construction it meets the most exacting requirements, and leaves absolutely nothing to be desired.

"Yours faithfully,
(Signed) "JAN CHERNIATSKY."

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MONROE DOCTRINE**WILSON'S PROBLEM**

Jean Herbet, French Expert,
Says German Submarine
U-53 Broke It

Paris, Oct. 15. According to Jean Herbet, military strategist and writer on international affairs, the German submarine U-53 made a breach in the Monroe doctrine by sinking vessels off the New England coast, and it remains to be seen whether the United States will sustain the celebrated American tradition or let it be cast aside.

"France is only a disinterested spectator in the debate," writes M. Herbet, "because it makes little difference to her whether the Germans operate on one side of the Atlantic or the other, but it will produce a great change in the political equilibrium of the world if the doctrine be abrogated by President Wilson.

"President Monroe, in formulating his doctrine, opposed any additional naval as well as military control by European nations in the continents of America. One cannot be tolerated without opening the door to the other." M. Herbet recalls the case of French warships in 1870 cruising off New York on the watch for German vessels. The French violated no laws, he says, yet their action resulted in the American secretary of state sending a warning note to France. The principle then laid down has not been forgotten, he adds.

"President Wilson," says M. Herbet in conclusion, "was no less categorical when during the present war he upheld the same rule with regard to Britain in the case of the steamship 'Vinland'."

INDIAN TO BE HANGED.

Kenora, Ont., Oct. 15.—A verdict of not guilty was returned by the jury in the case of Kewewetakamung, one of the Indians tried here for the murder of Mrs. Emil Huebner and her daughter at Shoal Lake last May. Sentence of death was passed on Wapioot, the other Indian. He will be hanged here on December 29.

GREAT CHANGE HAS COME OVER GERMANY

Failure of Confidence Appears
Even in Writings of Military Critics

Berlin, Oct. 15.—Colonel Gadke, counted by the Germans an able military critic, writing his weekly report on the progress of the war in a recent issue of Vorwaerts, the Socialist newspaper of Berlin, adopts a tone which is well worth notice on account of the altered attitude it discloses. He now writes in a tone as far removed as possible from the blarney and confident strain hitherto characteristic of German military critics. The cocksureness has disappeared from Gadke, as it is rapidly disappearing from his colleagues, and instead he writes in a minor key which gives an indescribably plaintive effect. The following are extracts from Gadke's report:

"The general battle on the Somme apparently continues. It now occupies a front of 45 kilometres, and the tendency is to extend it further. All round this wide area we have a terrible and terrifying drama. Never before has the earth drunk so much blood as in these awful days.

"If it is the intention of the enemy by the use of enormous masses of men to break through our defences, and to cripple our forces by bloodshed and weariness, it must be said at once that this intention has not been realized, and that we have been able to bring up fresh reinforcements and thus limit the enemy's success. It cannot be denied, if we are to avoid all boasting, that the enemy's preponderance in iron and in men has created serious situations for us which have been surmounted only by the unexampled heroism of our soldiers. Nor can it be denied that during the last few weeks the French and British have won considerable territory from us and have captured prisoners and guns. But against this we must once more emphasize the fact that every attack which has had as its object the breaking through of our lines into the freedom behind them has been repelled, and that we have always been able to bring up new German forces not only in the west, but in other theatres of war as well.

When this rather bald, feeble and half-hearted review of the situation, this thankfulness that a bad situation is not worse, this gratitude that Germany still is able to bring up new reinforcements, is compared with the proud "will to victory" and the elaborate mockery earlier bestowed on the allies' offensive, the distance traveled by the allies since these early days of July may be realized.

Shortage of News.

The latest German papers to reach this country are singularly lacking in the reports of war correspondents or of those inspired persons who sedulously gather up "news" from the military authorities in Berlin. The Frankfurter Zeitung, for example, has three columns of "The War Situation" on the Salonica front are reviewed with a minimum of information. In the three-column article on the situation this is all there is of the west front.

"On the west front a new offensive on the Somme may be expected. Notwithstanding certain tactical successes which we cannot deny to the French and British, it has not come to any strategic utilization of these successes. For the entente this is rather a sad result of their efforts."

"Even Should We Be Beaten?" In the smaller provincial papers, and especially in journals circulated in agricultural districts, the following semi-official communication from Berlin appears in prominent type:

"Senseless Fear.—We have been informed that there are numerous persons who are withholding contributions from the fifth war loan in the belief that the German empire, owing to its want of money, will repudiate the payment of the interest. It is even stated that a number of individuals have withdrawn their money deposits from the banks in which they have hitherto been placed in the fear that the empire later will confiscate these deposits.

"Nothing can be more foolish than this idea. Even in the improbable event that this war will terminate unfavorably for us, we undoubtedly would be compelled to bear crushing financial burdens, but under all circumstances the interest on the imperial debt would be forthcoming. In order to make this payment of the interest possible, the empire, of course, must put its house in order, effect vast and varied economies, and impose both direct and indirect taxation sufficiently comprehensive to enable the treasury to raise the necessary funds.

"As to the widespread statement that the empire intends to confiscate private fortunes, it is unnecessary to waste words. The German empire is incapable of such conduct. Persons who believe such nonsense should be deprived of their money by force, as it is clear that they are incapable of managing property. Let them think for a moment also of the delight which the enemy derives from their silly fears and doubts."

DOMINIONS COMMISSION SURPRISED IN CANADA

Ottawa, Oct. 15.—Sir George Foster, minister of trade and commerce, has returned to the capital after touring the Pacific coast and the prairies with the Dominions Royal Commission. He states that his fellow commissioners were astonished at the development they found in western Canada. They were particularly surprised at the large scale which agriculture is engaged in by many of the farmers on the prairies. The commission will hold sittings in Toronto next week and here the following week.

BLUE CROSS EVENT HELD AT DUNCAN

Lieut.-Col. Bruce Powley Spoke; Maj. Reade, Enniskillens, Home on Leave

Duncan, Oct. 15.—A very pleasant function at the Tzouhalem hotel was the Blue Cross reception at which Lieut.-Col. Bruce Powley spoke on his experiences at the front, and gave an interesting description of trench life, varied with incidents from several fights. Loos, Hooge and Festubert were among the engagements described. Col. Bruce Powley also had visited several Blue Cross hospitals and spoke of the value of the work done from both the humanitarian and the utilitarian standpoints.

The musical part of the programme was thoroughly enjoyable. Miss Dawson's piano selections were very much appreciated. Mrs. D. B. McConnan, of Victoria, sang "Rosebud" and "Cheery Song," and Mr. Ruscombe Poole, of the Sunshine of Your Smile, "Somewhere a Voice is Calling" and "Trumpeter." Little Miss Edith Bevan sang sweetly "If Love the Moon" and "May in My Garden," and Miss Clark played the accompaniments.

The arrangements were in charge of Mrs. Blackwood-Wileman and Miss Evelyn May, president and secretary of the Cowichan branch of the Blue Cross. About 100 were present, and the Blue Cross will increase its funds somewhat by this event.

For Prisoners of War.

At a well attended meeting the King's Daughters, with Mrs. Elkington in the chair, 515 was subscribed to the Canadian Women's farewell gift to the Duchess of Connaught for her Canadian Prisoners of War Fund. Financial reports from the two flower shows held, showed that there had been a profit of \$60 on the two shows, and that the prizes had been almost entirely donated. Arrangements were made for the annual sale of work which is to be on a larger scale than usual owing to the needs of the society for carrying on its work, which is entirely philanthropic.

Girl Guides.

The Cowichan Girl Guides are subscribing themselves, and are collecting subscriptions for the Canadian Women's tribute to the Duchess of Connaught. Miss Dorothy Baggett, the recently appointed captain, reports that the girls are making good progress in this work, which during the fine weather is out of doors. Physical drill, scouting games, signalling and nature study is the work being done. When the colder weather comes ambulation, work, knitting and sewing for the Red Cross and lessons in cooking will be undertaken by the older girls, and the work laid down for first and second tests by the younger girls.

Sewing Circle.

At a meeting of the St. Peter's Sewing Circle Mrs. Stephenson was re-elected as president, Mrs. Clogston and Mrs. Carr Hilton as vice-presidents, and Mrs. Walker as secretary-treasurer. It was decided to continue Red Cross work and to make preparations for a bazaar to be held near Christmas. The Indian boy pick-up and hop pick-up in Chilliwack and salmon fishing in the nearby Canadian and American waters have nearly all returned to the local ranches.

Major Reade Home.

Major Reade, of the Enniskillen Regiment, is at home in South Cowichan on two months' leave. In the battle of the Somme the colonel of Major Reade's battalion was wounded. Major Reade, shortly after taking command, also was wounded about midday in the afternoon. After being some time in hospital Maj. Reade was granted two months' leave to recuperate, one month of which he will spend with his mother in Cowichan. On his return he will be promoted to another battalion with the rank of lieutenant colonel.

The Very Rev. Dean Schindler, presiding at the services of the church on Thursday evening last to a very large congregation at St. John's church, Duncan.

F. H. Maitland-Dougall, who has been ill for some time at the Sol Duc and later at the hospital in Port Angeles, has been able to come home and is well enough to be about again.

Fishing.

Trout fishing in the Cowichan river is better than it has been for some years, probably on account of the fact that for the past two or three years no logs have been sent down the river.

Coboes, spring salmon and grise have been taking well in Cowichan bay. The season for pheasant and quail shooting opens on Wednesday. A fair number of birds are in evidence. The prospects for good bags are much better than was generally anticipated after the severe weather last winter.

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For all special weakness from which girls and women suffer, no surer remedy exists than Dr. Hamilton's Pills; they maintain that bracing health every woman so earnestly desires, they uproot disease and bring strength that lasts till old age.

The blood is richly nourished by Dr. Hamilton's Pills. Appetite increases, weakness and secret life give way to surplus energy and reserve vigor.

No pale girl, no ailing woman can afford to miss the enormous good that comes from Dr. Hamilton's Pills; get a 25c box to-day.

"Put me out when I have ridden a quarter's worth," said the passenger to the driver of the taxicab as he climbed in and sat down to make himself at home. "All right," said the driver. "We will just back three feet and then you can tumble out."

BULGARS COULD NOT STAND BEFORE GUNS

French Artillery, Serbian and British Infantry, Won South of Monastir

London, Oct. 15.—The following has been received from G. Ward Price, the British official press representative with the armies on the Salonica front:

The Serbian army, formed only last spring out of the battered wreckage of a nation, has stood the twin tests of retirement and advance. On it, as the fortune of war and the will of the enemy would have it, fell the full weight of the recent sudden Bulgarian offensive, and these men, each of whom was the possible father of a new generation whose task it will be to rebuild ravaged Serbia, fell on the slopes of Malkindje guarding the left flank of the allies.

Then came the turn of the tide. The Serbs had held on till reinforcements came up. French and Russians arrived to support their flank. The Bulgars had shot their bolt, and the whole allied line on the western wing made a sudden push, which met with success so swift and decisive that it almost surprised themselves. The Bulgars were pushed across two ranges of hills down into the plain within sight of Monastir.

French and Serbian artillery battered a way for their infantry, which advanced 13 miles in three days. You need to have crossed the ground they won to realize what an achievement this was. It is a series of steep granite hills where the precarious shelter of a scraped-up pile of stones, long chains of which stretching across slopes mark each place where the Serbian infantry paused during its advance.

These hills are separated by rocky ravines which they must have crossed under fire. The effect of the enemy's shell-fire upon their stony surface is multiplied many times, for the explosion sends flying hundreds of rock splinters that are more fatal than a shrapnel bullet.

Motors on Steep Road.

As regards the Serbian part of the advance, the army's food and ammunition had one single road to come by. Its conditions are appalling everywhere, and its gradient in places is one in four. The British light Ford lorries, working night and day, taking up ammunition and bringing down wounded, used sometimes to stick simply because the petrol would not flow into the carburettor on such a slope. When this happened the weary but determined driver would get out, call upon the aid of a Serbian road-mending party to shove his car at right angles across the road till his engine got another grasp of petrol to start up again till that was exhausted, and then repeat the process in a series of sprints to the top.

Guns and troops moving forward on to the captured ground increased the congestion of the transport crowded road, but into all this day and night activity, with the guns ever thundering just ahead, and with the soldiers of three nations, most of whom speak no word of each other's tongue, jostling in close co-operation, no middle or confusion ever crept. While the British admire the patient and gallant Serbian foot soldier, and the Serbs are warmly grateful for the British motor transport driver's determination to get his load through at every cost, both agree in praising the French artillery, which by pounding the Bulgarian trenches till the ground all round them looks like the lid of a pepper-pot, made it possible for the infantry to advance at the speed they did.

Except for the allies' simultaneous attack in the Macekovo salient there has never been such an artillery bombardment in this part of Europe as during this Franco-Serbian offensive. It must have had a tremendous effect on the Bulgarian infantry, used, as they are, to wars decided practically by the rifle alone. One can best judge of how it astonished them by noticing how it has impressed the Serbs.

It is with constant exclamations, half of horror, half of admiration, that they walk across the battlefield round Gornichevo, where the Bulgars made their first and strongest resistance. To anyone who has seen the battlefields of France the sight of this desecrated ground seems less remarkable, particularly since there are none of those enormous craters that the heaviest German artillery has scattered over the Flemish borders. But for intensity and accuracy of bombardment the ground on both sides of the trenches at Gornichevo yields little to the western front. In one acre alone I counted 100 shell holes. Nearly every burst in the front position was within the line of wire, and the trenches here give absolutely no protection against shell fire.

There are no dug-outs at all. All you have is a narrow ditch a foot deep parapet a couple of feet high. The Bulgars under German supervision certainly had taken infinite pains to make the best protection they could out of this, for there is a space of several yards wide all along the front of the trench where they had scraped the ground of its meagre covering of soil, and this, together with countless sacks of small pebbles and gravel, they had piled in haquette a yard and a half wide in front of the parapet to increase its shell resisting powers and to stop splintering.

For all that, lying flat in that miserable little ditch while those shells were bursting so close in front and rear, must have been about as nasty an experience as the average soldier cares to face.

Along the side of the road by which the Bulgars retreated the guns which they abandoned still lie waiting to be removed. They are of all sorts. There are old Krupp fieldpieces of 1888, with automatic recoil. There are "75" Schneiders that the French used to sell to the Bulgarians. There are modern German quick-firing guns. One upon whose trail I lunched at the village of Banitsa bore both German and Turkish inscriptions, and was stamped in Turkish figures with the date "1323" of Hegira. The ranges were still chalked upon the inside of its shield.

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Phone 201.

Altogether I saw ten guns and 30 caissons, most of them half-full shells.

Postcards addressed by Bulgarian soldiers, greatcoats, rifles, a woollen sweater, lying on the roadside, were signs how quickly the Bulgarians went with those murderous guns preening always on, after them, and plodding, patient, unflinching lines of Serbian infantry following close behind the shells.

If our line of advance had been a straight one, instead of having a right angle in it, round which our front had to wheel to get into position for the advance to Monastir, it is quite likely that the Bulgars might have been pushed on right past their prepared positions across the Monastir valley, until the Serbians' first goal at the end of it was reached. But about Banitsa the whole line was obliged to pivot.

The French and Russians coming from south of Lake Ostrovo had much farther to go, and Florina, which is on the direct line of advance to Monastir for their wing, required to be taken in face of a desperate resistance. While all this was being done the Serbians necessarily had to go slowly or they might have lost touch with their allies on their left flank, and given the Bulgars a chance to force themselves into a gap in their front.

In this way the Bulgars had time to sit down in their trenches in the valley of Monastir. But the allied lines are straight again now. Everything has gone as it should. Everything is working well, and it can only be a question of time before the Bulgars are driven from their positions, and those distant minarets of Monastir looming through the haze become Serbian again.

Hudson's Bay "Imperial" Lager Beer, pints 3 for 25c.



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MEETINGS AND ENTERTAINMENTS

Notices of ratenayers, political, suffrage, patriotic, lodge, society, club or church meetings and services, concerts, socials, etc., inserted under special heading of "Meetings" on classified pages at one cent per word per insertion. As reading matter under heading of "Announcements" on news pages at three cents per word, per insertion.

IN THE BALKANS.

The announcement that large Russian reinforcements are expected in Roumania and that General Berthelet, a famous French strategist, soon will be on the scene, occasions widespread relief in the entente countries, particularly in Ferdinand's kingdom, which unquestionably, for the moment, is hard pressed in maintaining its frontier defences. The monarch's appeal to his allies for aid and his action in placing himself at the head of his army, show that the situation is regarded by Roumania as more serious than the outside world has been led by the various official communications to believe. The danger is not from von Mackensen's threat in the Dobruja, in the south-east, which recently was effectively countered, but from the north, where the Teutons undoubtedly have been heavily concentrated. At one place there they have advanced seven miles into Roumania and are trying to reach the railroad at Kimpulung, seventy miles northwest of Bucharest, between which and the capital is a clear, fertile region ill adapted to defence. At the other passes, however, they are being held, and as long as successful resistance is continued there the threat at Kimpulung cannot make much headway. Aid from Russia is urgently needed, because one of Roumania's armies employed in the Transylvanian enterprise was badly cut up, while a considerable quantity of guns and stores was lost.

Roumania's situation is not unlike that of Italy after Austria embarked on her ill-advised adventure in the Trentino last summer. In the early stages of the war Italy had occupied the principal frontier passes on her northern border and had advanced in the direction of Trent. Deeming this gate to a Teutonic offensive barred she struck heavily against the Carnic and Julian Alps and along the Isonzo in the east. Austria last spring, however, developed a strong offensive in the Trentino. She recovered the passes, inflicted heavy losses in men and material on the Italian forces which had established themselves inside her frontier and advancing into Italy captured Asiago and Arterio as the prelude to a movement upon Vicenza and then upon Venice. This development was a serious menace to Italy. A Teutonic sweep to the Adriatic would have trapped the Italian armies east of that line, which would have been a fatal blow. But to carry out the programme Austria had rashly weakened her Russian front, against which Brusiloff delivered his great stroke, from which Austria has not recovered, and, indeed, cannot recover. Meanwhile the Austrians who had advanced into Italy found themselves in danger of envelopment from the Italians and hastily retreated. Whether history in this brief period will repeat itself in Roumania's case remains to be seen. If it does we shall see that in order to concentrate in Transylvania the Teutons exposed themselves to a vital blow on the western or eastern main front and that the army which is trying to reach Kimpulung in Roumanian territory has ventured too far for its own good.

Roumania's misadventure, however, has deferred the determination of the real issue of the Balkan campaign, namely, the establishment of contact between Russia and the entente army

now in Macedonia, although it may be found later that Roumania would not have been in a position to strike hard at Bulgaria in any case. The Teutons were bound to take prompt action to extricate Bulgaria from her critical predicament by an attempted invasion of Roumania from the north. Thus while Roumania would have saved the losses she has since incurred she would have been compelled to maintain the bulk of her forces on her northern front. The invasion of Bulgaria on the south would appear to have been Russia's business, no matter what might have happened. Nor is there any doubt that Russia is preparing for a tremendous campaign in the Balkans. Not only is this the shortest route to Constantinople but the military and naval objective is beyond calculation in its effect upon the war as a whole. If the two hundred miles which separate the allies at Salonica from the Roumanians and Russians in the Dobruja could be bridged through Bulgaria, Turkey would speedily fall, the Bosphorus and Dardanelles would be open, there would be a free flow of munitions from France and Great Britain to the east and an equally free flow of Russian troops and Russian grain, oil and other products to the west and the Teutonic alliance would soon crumble in ruins. And if Russia inaugurates a great campaign in the Balkans, as she is certain to do, the Teutons, with their all at stake upon it, must meet it, and this can be done only by withdrawing on one of the main fronts.

Germany is trying to prevent the dispatch of Russian reinforcements to the Balkans and to interrupt the Russian preparations for the new programme generally by a powerful offensive in the Carpathians at the junction of Bukovina, Roumania and Hungary. This may also be an attempt to turn Brusiloff's left flank and at the same time isolate Roumania from the north. But whatever may be its object Russia has ample resources for all engagements. Apart from the probable Russian programme in the Near East, however, it would be well to keep an eye on the Macedonia front in estimating the chances against Bulgaria and Turkey. There the Serbs have crossed the Czerna river and are forcing their way nearer Monastir, the ancient capital of Macedonia, the loss of which would shake Czar Ferdinand's throne to its very foundations. Likewise the French and British in the centre and on the right are slowly pushing ahead. The possibility of developments of far-reaching consequences is ever-present on the Macedonian front.

SIR THOMAS TAIT RESIGNS.

It is easy to find between the lines of the government's statement which accompanied the announcement of Sir Thomas Tait's resignation as director general of national service the true cause of the trouble. According to that statement friction arose over the appointment of George M. Murray, secretary of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association, as secretary of the board of which Sir Thomas was the head. The government, to whom all proposed appointments had to be submitted for approval, objected to Sir Thomas Tait's selection of Mr. Murray because of a circular the latter had sent out some time ago on behalf of the manufacturers' association in the interests of the equipment of the Canadian forces with Canadian goods, in which, it is claimed, the writer misrepresented the attitude of the minister of finance. Why this should have been an obstacle to his appointment as secretary of the board of national service is a mystery evidently beyond the power of Sir Thomas Tait to solve.

It is abundantly clear, that Sir Thomas Tait resigned because the incident convinced him that he was going to be handicapped by restrictions imposed upon him by the government; he was not to have the free hand which a man of his outstanding talent for organization must have to gain satisfactory results. He evidently suspected that the national service proposal was either nothing more than a political move or was to be subordinated entirely to political expediency. Apart from the government's objection to his choice as secretary, the names of the men selected as directors for the various military districts were sufficient in themselves to justify such an assumption. The appointment of R. B. Bennett, member for Calgary and a lawyer, to succeed him as director general clinches the evidence. The government, as usual, has capitulated to the politicians, and Sir Thomas Tait quite properly has no desire to play a role in a farce. If he permitted political interference in regard to the selection of his subordinates in the interests of efficiency he might find himself subjected to the pressure of Nationalist ministers when he endeavored to combat the Bourassa propaganda in Quebec. It is too small a game for Sir Thomas Tait to play and his resignation will surprise nobody conversant with his ability and record.

The government has now decided to

organize a parliamentary committee representative of all political parties to assist in promoting recruiting, and Sir Robert Borden has written to Sir Wilfrid Laurier soliciting his co-operation. The government took care, however, first to fill Sir Thomas Tait's position with a political appointee, and no doubt will insist on retaining its political board of directors of national service. Now, apparently, it wants Sir Wilfrid Laurier and his party, whose co-operation it seeks for the first time since the war began, to share the responsibility for the conditions which led to the resignation of Sir Thomas Tait. That co-operation should be conditional upon the removal of every element of politics from the national service movement and the substitution of the best organizing talent of Canada, to whom a free hand should be given.

Boston Transcript: At this moment, when the strain of mere military resistance upon the Germans is redoubling, and the danger of defeat is oppressing their own military critics, the most elementary wisdom would seem to dictate to them a policy of pure military operations, of a struggle made distinctly in the field, with every ounce of energy expended upon square stand-up fighting. All else but adds to the bill that the empire will have to pay if it is defeated. But in this situation it is not more warriors, more guns, more fighting that the Germans resort to, but more barbarism and absolutely nothing else, without the military advantage of a pin-prick. Whom the gods have started on the road to destruction, do they not still first make mad?

Sir Robert Borden, finding out something that most of the people of Canada found out long ago—that he is not a big enough man to direct the affairs of the country—has appealed to Sir Wilfrid Laurier to come over and help him. There is just sufficient vanity in the cosmos of the premier to blind his eyes to the fact that he has been weighed in the balance and found wanting, and that he is destined to be kicked out as soon as an opportunity is presented to the people to perform their office.

When the war broke out the German liner Kronprinzessin Cecilie was on the ocean bound from New York to Hamburg with \$15,000,000 in gold aboard. Had Canada had several fast light cruisers and a few destroyers at Halifax at the time they would have bagged the liner and the \$15,000,000, which would have covered the cost of the Canadian naval programme as originally decided upon.

Returning Officer Child holds fast to the idea that everything must be done decently and in order even if the politicians be kept trembling on the brink of an abyss of uncertainty for a few days. Then there is Returning Officer Sir Richard McBride still to be heard from in fateful cable dispatches. Yea, we seem to hear some of the candidates say, General Sherman was right.

The Huns are doing their utmost to make Roumania an example of the horror that waits upon weak nations which dare to set themselves up in opposition to the will of their All-Highest, but they are finding the job a tougher one than the crucifixion of Belgium and Serbia. The business they have on their hands elsewhere is larger.

Wheat is up in price and flour is rising. If this sort of thing continues we shall all have to adopt the advice of the unsophisticated young thing to the mother of a large family of famished children and "eat cake."

Ottawa Free Press: Sir Sam says that the Huns are getting discouraged. Perhaps they have heard that the Ross rifle has been recalled.

Sir Thomas Tait probably resigned as soon as he ascertained the views of R. F. Green, M. P., on questions of patronage.

The allies are biting off bits of the Hun armies every day. Some days they take a big bite.

NEUTRAL!

Life, New York.
"It is not that our fathers' English blood burns in us now that England bleeds; 'tis not Friendship for France nor pity for the lot of Belgium buried in invasion's flood. That seems neutrality, but there's a flame hot in the hearts of men whose spirits live Blazing for faith and freedom. Who can give His soul the lie and wear a neutral's name? With world's at stake—Be blind and dumb, To murder mild-eyed and to rapine numb—A senseless nothing! Who dares say we must Be neutral? To the Lusitania's shame? Neutral to Edith Cavell's martyr fame? Neutral—with Belgium broken in the dust!"

She—"I do admire the little waves; they're so energetic." He—"Energetic?" She—"Yes; they're always kissing the sand."

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Let us have your next order. Our delivery is prompt.

Old Wellington Lump, per ton, delivered\$7.25

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Phone 1551, Suite 4-10.
"A business founded upon honor."

BRITISH AND FRENCH BITING INTO GERMAN LINES ON THE SOMME

(Continued from page 1.)

Progress by French.

Paris, Oct. 16.—Continuing their attacks north of the Somme last night, French troops penetrated German positions at Sully-Saillies. The war office announced this afternoon. They occupied houses on the edge of the road to Bapaume. German troops made violent counter-attacks and the fighting is still in progress.

The text of the statement follows: "North of the Somme yesterday evening we penetrated the village of Sully-Saillies and occupied positions along the Bapaume road as far as the central cross roads. The enemy took very violent counter action. The fighting continues."

"South of the Somme we repulsed a German attack at St. Eloi wood, south-east of Belloy-en-Santerre. "The rest of the front was comparatively quiet."

"Despite the bad weather our aeroplanes fought seven engagements, in the course of which one enemy machine was brought down."

1,100 Prisoners.
The following official communication was issued last night: "There has been great air and artillery activity in the Somme region. The number of prisoners taken in the fighting yesterday in the sector of Ablaincourt-Belloy, south of the river, amounts to 1,100, including 19 officers. "There is nothing to report from the remainder of the front."

German Statement.
Berlin, Oct. 16.—British troops yesterday attacked the German positions northeast of Gueudecourt, three miles east of Bapaume, and penetrated the German first line, but the ground was recaptured after a counter-attack, says an official statement issued today.

French troops made an attack on the German positions west of the town of Sully-Saillies, the statement adds. The attackers were driven back south of the village by a counter-attack.

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NOT in the history of this store can we remember selling so many high-grade novelty shoes as are being sold this season. Without a question the beautiful range of extremely smart creations is responsible. It's the finest range of Novelty Footwear ever shown in any one season in Victoria. When we selected our stock we were careful to choose only such models as we believed would meet the approval of Victoria women, and it is gratifying to us the response with which these shoes have been received. It proves conclusively the supremacy of this store in offering the smartest and best at all times, and at the most reasonable of prices.

While novelty is a great feature, fit and comfort have by no means been overlooked, and you will find these shoes a pleasure to wear right from the first time you put them on—especially if you will allow our fitters to fit you with the correct size and last that the natural shape of your foot requires.

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Two-Tone Grey Button Boot, with light grey top and French heel. A pair\$8.00
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All-Grey Lace Boot, a pair\$8.00
White Kid Top Button Boot with patent foxing and French heel. A pair\$9.00
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Size 26, a suit80¢
Size 28, a suit90¢
Size 30, a suit\$1.00
Size 32, a suit\$1.10
Boys' Natural Wool Combinations, closed crotch, Penman's make. Light weight, long sleeves, ankle length.
Size 24, a suit70¢
Size 26, a suit80¢
Size 28, a suit90¢
Size 30, a suit\$1.00
Size 32, a suit\$1.10
Boys' Sanitary Fleece Lined Shirts and Drawers, sizes 22 to 32; priced, according to size, 25¢ to50¢
Boys' Natural Wool Shirts and Drawers, medium weight. Sizes 24 to 32; priced, according to size, a garment, 40¢ to60¢
Boys' Wool Mixture Shirts and Drawers, medium weight; sizes 24 to 32; priced, according to size, a garment, 50¢ to70¢
Boys' Natural Lambswool Shirts and Drawers, sizes 22 to 32; priced, according to size, a garment, 60¢ to85¢
—Selling, Main Floor

Warm Underwear for Children at Spencer's Prices

Turnbull's All-Wool Vests, high neck and long sleeves. Each, 55¢ to90¢
Turnbull's All-Wool Ribbed Vests, natural shade, high neck and long sleeves; 50¢ to90¢
Turnbull's All-Wool Drawers in a fine white rib; closed styles, and ankle length. A pair, 55¢ to90¢
Turnbull's All-Wool Rib Drawers, natural shade, closed style and ankle length. A pair, 50¢ to80¢
Turnbull's Black Drawers, winter weight, with hand and elastic at waist; ankle length. A pair, 30¢ to70¢
Turnbull's All-Wool Combinations, high neck, long sleeves and ankle length. A suit, \$1.00 to \$1.65
Wool Mixture Vests, high neck, long and short sleeves; sizes 1 to 14 years. Each,75¢
Wool Mixture Drawers, ankle or knee length; closed style; sizes 1 to 14 years. A pair,75¢
All-Wool Vests, high neck, with long or short sleeves, drawers ankle length; closed style; sizes 1 to 14 years. A garment\$1.00
Silk and Wool Combinations, sizes 6 to 12 years. A suit\$2.75
Fleece Cotton Combinations, high neck and long sleeves; drop seat; ankle length; sizes 4 to 14 years. A suit75¢
—Selling, First Floor

85c Tins of Varnish Stain To-morrow 50c

A special purchase of 150 quarts enables us to make this exceptional offer just at a time when most housewives are renovating their homes for winter. This Varnish Stain is especially good for staining floors and surround of carpets. It stains and varnishes with one application and dries quickly with a hard, bright-smooth surface. Your choice from light or dark oak shades. A regular 85c tin for50¢
—Hardware, Second Floor

DAVID SPENCER, LTD.

FIRST QUALITY ONLY DRY FIR CORDWOOD \$5.75

12 or 16-Inch Blocks. Scarcity and dearth of labor have compelled us very reluctantly to raise our prices.

Phone 4532
Lloyd-Young & Russell
1012 Broad Street

"TIN SICKNESS" IS ON INCREASE IN GERMANY

London, Oct. 16.—"According to travelers arriving here from Germany," says the correspondent of the Exchange Telegraph at Amsterdam, "a remarkable disease is spreading in many parts of Germany, especially in Berlin, Hamburg, Munich and Cologne, caused by continual feeding on preserved foods. The illness is described as 'tin sickness.' It is considered a serious form of blood poisoning. "Thousands of cases are reported in every German city, although the authorities exercise strict control over the tin used for preserved foods."

HEADQUARTERS EDISON MAZDA LAMPS

DIM-A-LIGHT TURN DOWN YOUR LIGHT



The Electric Lamp can be turned down just as easily as any other lamp, by attaching the DIM-A-LIGHT. Gives five changes of light: Full, half, dim, night-light and out. Saving from 30% to 80% in consumption of current.

Call and See Demonstration at Our Salesrooms

HAWKINS & HAYWARD

Electrical Fixtures and Supplies

1607 Douglas Street, Opposite City Hall.
1109 Douglas Street, Near Fort Street.

Phone 643
Phone 2627

No one knows, so well as a merchant, that store advertising PAYS only when it appeals to the THRIFT, and to the INTEREST, of the reader. Not one of to-day's ads would have gone into type unless the advertiser had felt sure of its importance to YOU.

Has it occurred to you that a drop of

Ye Old Hudson's Bay Rum

will help you get rid of that awful cold!

Guaranteed Overproof-Strength.

Per oval pint\$1.00
Per bottle\$1.50
Per oval quart\$2.00

THE HUDSON'S BAY CO.

Family Wine and Spirit Merchants. Incorporated 1879
Open Till 10 p.m. Telephone 4258
1211 Douglas Street. We Deliver.

THE GOOD POINTS

In our new Fall stock of

Boots and Shoes

will prove the good wearing qualities as well as fit and comfort.

Phone 1232. 649 Yates Street

Maynard's Shoe Store

Quality first and all the time.



Blanket Values

such as this list affords are typical of the economies we offer in all the house furnishing lines we carry.

White Wool Blankets, all sizes, at pre-war prices—\$3.50, \$4.50 to\$7.50
Gray Blankets, \$3 to\$5.50
Red Blankets, \$4 to\$10.00
Comforters, \$1.50 to\$3.00
Flannelette Sheets, white or grey, \$1.45, \$1.75 and \$2

G. A. Richardson & Co.

Victoria House, 604 Yates St.

CORDWOOD

\$5.50

Per Cord

12 and 16-inch Blocks.

Victoria Wood Co.

809 Johnson St. Phone 2274

University School for Boys

Recent successes at McGill University. Second place in Canada in 1915 at the Royal Military College, Kingston. Canadian Navy, B. C. Surveyors' Preliminary Cadet Corps and Shooting. Separate and special arrangements for Junior Boys.

BOYS TAKEN FROM 8 YEARS OF AGE AND UPWARDS

Half term commences Wednesday, October 23, 1916.
Warden—Rev. W. W. Bolton, M.A. (Cantab).
Headmaster—J. C. Barnack, Esq. (London University).
For particulars and prospectus apply the Headmaster.

F-O-U-R

things we supply:
Breakfast
Lunch
Tea
Supper

Try us next time.

THE TEA KETTLE

Miss M. Woodbridge
Corner Douglas and View Streets
Phone 4098

ADVERTISE IN THE TIMES



CLAYTON & LAMBERT'S GASOLINE FIRE POTS AND TORCHES

For Plumbers, Painters,
Machinists and
Automobile Repairers.

For Sale by

Walter S. Fraser & Co.

LIMITED

1129 Wharf Street, Victoria, B. C.
Telephones 3 and 2361.



TWENTY-FIVE YEARS AGO TO-DAY

Victoria Times, Oct. 16, 1891.

The local architects, who recently formed themselves into an association, are contemplating applying for incorporation at the coming session of the legislature, and a bill to that end is being drawn up for presentation to the House.

Last night's steamer City of Kingston from Tacoma brought over a party of Arabians, two men and a woman, who were stopped by the customs officers and searched, with the result that a number of watches and a considerable quantity of other jewelry, together with several fine Turkish shawls, were found concealed under the clothing.

Mr. W. F. King, chief inspector of Dominion surveys, leaves for Ottawa to-morrow. Mr. King has been in British Columbia for the past three or four months making preliminary inquiries with regard to the Alaska boundary dispute.

Home Guards at \$2.00, \$2.25, \$2.90.
Made of heavy wire and will keep the sparks from burning your home down.
R. A. Brown & Co., 1302 Douglas St.

"Demand Phoenix Stout. Home product."

Xmas Photo Reduction—Portraits finished in Sepia. Included in embossed India tint portfolios. Reduced for October only, from \$8.00 to \$5.00 per dozen. The Skene Lowe Studio, 654 Yates street. Send one to your soldier.

Hudson's Bay "Imperial" Lager Beer, quarts, 3 for 50c.

Why not live in comfort this coming winter? The Prince George hotel offers to a limited number of desirable guests all the comforts of home. Plenty of heat and hot water all the time. Phone in every room. Cozy lounge and music room, spacious lobby, elevator service at all hours of day and night. Our rates are strictly in accordance with the times. Inspection cordially invited. The Prince George hotel (opposite city hall), E. A. Willsher, Prop.

"Demand Phoenix Beer. Home product."

B. C. Funeral Co. (Hayward's) Ltd., established 1867. Always open. Quiet private parlors; large furnished chapel. Reasonable charges. 724 Broughton street. Phone 2235.

Hudson's Bay "Imperial" Lager Beer, quarts, \$2.00 per dozen.

"Squirrel" Brand Peanut Butter, at all grocers.

"Demand Phoenix Stout. Home product."

Heaters Re-Lined, Furnaces Re-paired. Watson & McGregor, Ltd. Phone 748.

Hudson's Bay "Imperial" Lager Beer, pints, 3 for 25c.

Tires and Repairs for Go-Carts and Baby Buggies at Wilson's Repair Shop, 614 Cormorant.

"Demand Phoenix Stout. Home product."

Psychic Research Society met last evening when it was decided to hold a Rummage Sale on Thursday, 19th inst.

Owl Auto Service is now prepared to furnish autos or taxis at any hour of the day or night at reasonable rates. Phone 299.

"Demand Phoenix Stout. Home product."

A Fast Going Brush. — Our 25c. handy coconut fibre hearth brush is going fast. Better get yours to-day. Nothing handier in the home. R. A. Brown & Co., 1302 Douglas street.

To Dairywomen—A meeting will be held on Monday, Oct. 16, at 7.30 p. m. at 1311 Broad street, City.

"Demand Phoenix Stout. Home product."

Seven old established companies outside the fire insurance combine. Let us quote you our anti-combine rates. Duck & Johnston, 615 Johnson street.

Gifts for soldiers should be mailed soon. For good yet inexpensive articles, see Macey's Gift and Stationery Shop, 617 View St.

Bulbs of All Kinds. — Hyacinths, Tulips, Daffodils, Narcissus, Crocus, Snowdrops and miscellaneous bulbs. The finest and best assorted collection in the West. Quadra Greenhouses Co., 635 1/2 Fort street. Write for price list.

"Demand Phoenix Stout. Home product."

"Demand Phoenix Stout. Home product."

"Demand Phoenix Stout. Home product."

WATER QUESTION TO BE FULLY DISCUSSED

Gathering Limited to Saanich Council Members; Ratepayers Heard Later

Correspondence which appears in the press with regard to the Saanich water question assumes the intention of the council to throw open the meeting to-morrow evening to the public, for the attendance of representatives of the ratepayers' associations of the district.

Such is not the case, the works committee having decided at the meeting last week to hold a session in committee, and then, if thought desirable, to invite public representatives to hear the arguments. It is not certain yet whether the press will be admitted, that matter having been raised last week, and will be decided by members of the council to-morrow at the regular session in the afternoon.

The water by-law has raised a great deal of discussion in the district and will be the principal question before the electors at the next municipal election.

As promised two weeks ago, Reeve McGregor during his absence has gathered considerable information on waterworks systems in the province which will be placed at the disposal of members of the council to-morrow. He finds that the Saanich rates, taken in an aggregate by water frontage rate and by charges for consumption, will compare favorably with other municipalities in British Columbia, although the system is new and necessarily high rates prevail. The practice appears to be to raise the interest and sinking fund on the loan by much higher charges for water. With the situation in Victoria city adjoining, Saanich could not charge \$2 a month minimum for water and had to be governed by local conditions.

It is understood there will be a very full and frank argument among the council members to-morrow, recognizing that the sentiment of the people of the municipality has been stirred by the levy, which is very widely misunderstood. The situation is complicated by several problems which are not readily appreciated.

FIFTH REGIMENT BAND

Popular Musical Organization Resumes Concerts on Sunday Evenings.

The Fifth Regiment Band, which for many years past has provided concert-goers with Sunday evening concerts during the fall and winter, opened the 1916-1917 season last night with a very interesting programme at the Royal Victoria theatre. Appreciation for past services was evinced in the presence of a very large audience numbering about 1,200, which gave a cordial reception to the band and assisting artists. Mrs. Harry Pooley sang twice, receiving hearty encores, and being recalled for her last encore to repeat the number. Her first solo was "The Home Bells are Ringing," with "When the Bonnie Bonnie Heather is Blooming" for an encore, and the second was "The Sunshine of Your Smile." Band-Sgt. Willis played his clarinet solo, "Air Variations on William Tell" (Rossini) in excellent style, and was accorded a hearty encore. All the band numbers were well received, and the Grand Military Tattoo, specially written for the naval and military tournament given in London in 1905 by Lieut. Mackenzie Rogan, was not only encores but actually cheered by the large audience, scoring a real hit.

LEAD CRUDELY MELTED

Magistrate Puts Accused to a Practical Test of Honesty; Other Cases.

The Chinese are equal to any occasion. It is alleged by the police that finding the authorities suspect the melting down of bars of lead in moulds from plumbing fixtures in vacant houses, the men who trade in this illicit plunder of property have had recourse to melting them down in the rough for sale to second-hand dealers. There was a case in the police court to-day which presented some very suspicious circumstances, a Chinaman being charged with being in possession of stolen property.

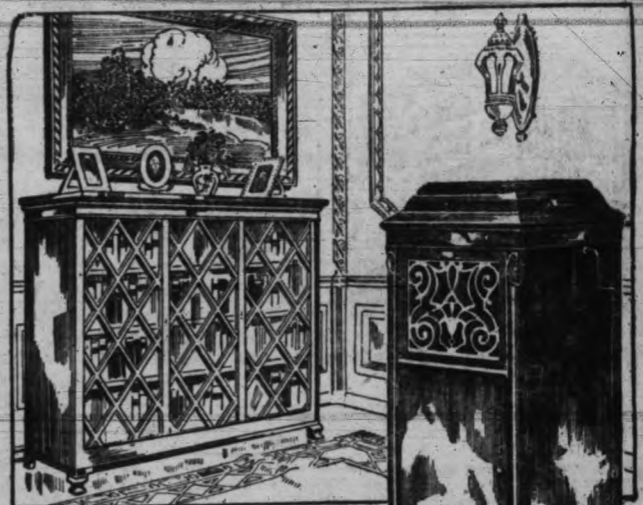
The sacks contained lead which had been evidently melted down in the grass, as interwoven in the metal were pieces of grass and wood. They were thus not recognizable as having served any purpose. The accused maintained that he had found them in the sand at Esquimalt harbor, near the cannery, and offered to show the police the spot. Magistrate Jay took the man at his word, and remanded the case for 24 hours for a search to be made in company with a policeman.

A half drunken sailor on Friday night attacked the housekeeper at the Northern hotel, and dragged her down the stairs by her hair, after striking her in the chest. The magistrate imposed a fine of \$15, the officer of the man's ship undertaking to see that the fine was paid, and the man taken back on board.

In spite of the campaign by Constable O'Connell the Indians are still finding avenues to secure liquor was shown in a case where an aborigine was fined for drunkenness yesterday.

To Protect Cadboro Bay.—A line of piles is being driven across Cadboro Bay to protect the boats of the Royal Victoria Yacht Club, which in recent winters have suffered considerably from the storms in cases when a rough sea was running.

The sales of Noblemen Cigars have more than trebled during the past three months. Have you tried one lately?



OCTOBER 16 to 21, is EDISON WEEK

Observed Every Year by the Vast Edison Industries in Recognition of Mr. Thomas A. Edison's Contributions to Science and Commerce

The New Edison

The instrument of Music's Re-Creation is unquestionably Mr. Edison's favorite invention. It marks the goal of his ambition to record and reproduce all forms of music with such utter perfection that the reproduction cannot be distinguished from the original.

So well has Mr. Edison succeeded in the perfection of his original invention—the phonograph—that he has been unafraid to subject it to the most grueling test of tone ever applied to any make of sound reproducing machine—the original artist singing in duet with the instrument.

More than 200,000 music-lovers attended these demonstrations and were unable to distinguish the reproduction from the original. The music critics of more than 200 of America's leading newspapers admitted that they were unable to detect the slightest difference.

Three Days Free Trial

Good Edison Week Only

We have set aside a limited number of these new instruments which we will send along with a liberal supply of records, to the homes of responsible people during Edison week. The instrument you can keep for three days and at the end of

that time, if you do not wish to possess it entirely, you can return it to us. This free trial imposes no responsibility upon you except that you promise to be careful of the splendid instrument and records that are placed in your home.

COME IN TO-MORROW

FLETCHER BROS.

Western Canada's Largest Music House
1121 Government Street and 607 View Street
In the New Spencer Building

CO-OPERATE WITH US

It Will Pay You

To Co-Operate With the

People's Cash Grocery

Satisfaction Unconditionally Guaranteed

LIPTON'S CHOICE 50c TEA	
Our price	40c
PETALUMA FRESH EGGS	
Per dozen	50c
NICE EATING AND COOKING APPLES	
Per box	80c

Select Cooking Eggs	35c	Macaroni	25c
Per dozen		3 pkgs.	
Pure Gold Extracts, 2-oz. bottle	20¢	Golden State Mason Jars, quarts,	
8-oz. bottle	60c	per doz. 8¢	
Fresh Ground Coffee, delicious. Per lb.	25c	Pints, per doz.	82c
Ghirardelli's Bulk Chocolate, per lb.	30c	The People's Tea gives satisfaction. Per lb.	30c
3 lbs.	85¢	B. C. or Pacific Milk	
B. C. Granulated Sugar, 20-lb. sacks...\$1.65		Per can 10¢ and 50¢	
Gold Dust and White Swan Washing Powder, large package	19c	Concord Grapes, choice large basket 5 lbs.	65c
Sun Maid Raisins	25c	for 25c	
2 pkts.		Choice Lemons	
Choice Back Bacon, piece or half piece, per lb.	22c	Per dozen 23c	
at 22c		Choice California Grape Fruit, 10 for 25c	
		Fry's Cocoa, per tin, 24¢ and 10c	

We Deliver What We Advertise—That's Why We're Busy
The People's Cash Grocery
740 Yates Street. Phone 3581, 1750

NOTICE OUR PRICES

SUBSCRIBE TO THE VICTORIA PATRIOTIC FUND

CASH BUYERS ARE CASH SAVERS

Our Deposit System

Affords Every Convenience of the Credit System and None of Its Numerous Drawbacks

Duncan Crown Potatoes, sack	\$1.35	Bran 100-lb. sack	\$1.50
B. C. Granulated Sugar, 20 lbs.	\$1.64	Shorts 100-lb. sack	\$1.60
Reception Rolled Oats, 7-lb. sack	33c	Wheat, 100-lb. sack	\$2.80
Wheat Pearls 6-lb. sack	38c	and \$2.70	\$2.75
		Golden Star Tea per lb.	35c
		Or 3 lbs. for	98c

SPECIAL TO-MORROW
PACIFIC OR BUTTERCUP MILK
3 large cans 25c
Sold only with other goods.

Government Creamery Butter, lb.	38c	Maple Sugar	10c
or 3 lbs. for	\$1.10	Cake	
Pure Leaf Lard	19c	Gold Bar Seeded Raisins	25c
per lb.		2 pkgs. for	
Crisco, tin, \$1.20,	30c	Dromedary Dates	14c
60c and		2 lbs.	
Shelled Walnuts	39c	Black Figs	25c
ready broken, lb.		2 lbs.	
		Rogers' Golden Syrup, jar	24c

H. O. KIRKHAM & CO., LTD.
Victoria, B. C. Duncan, B. C.
PHONES: Grocery, 178 and 179. Delivery, 5522
Fish and Provisions, 5520. Meat, 5521

PHONE 5150 1313 DOUGLAS ST.
WESCOTT'S

We are showing a nice range of Infants' moderately-priced Knit Wool Goods in Jackets, Booties, Infantees, Caps, Hoods, Overalls, Shawls, etc.—in fact, everything required for Baby.

Infants' Wool Jackets, knit of good soft wool; up from	90c
Infants' White Wool Booties, up from	25c
Infantees, with good long wrist	25c
Infants' Wool Teagues, up from	30c
Infants' Wool Overalls, with or without feet, up from	60c
A Splendid Assortment of White Wool Shawls, up from	\$1.00

SAILORS' RELIEF FUND

Local Branch Has Issued Appeal for Subscriptions.

An appeal for subscriptions for the British Sailors' Relief Fund, Victoria branch, has been issued by the local executive committee, which met on Saturday. It was announced that \$5,000 have been promised by Victorians and others on Vancouver Island and to the fund. Subscriptions will close early next month, and it is proposed to augment Victoria's contribution by an envelope house to house collection. The fund is under the patronage of H. B. H. the Duke of Connaught and the Rt. Hon. Sir Robert Borden. W. G. Ross, of Montreal, is president and the officers and committee of the local branch follow: President for Vancouver Island, Sir Clive Phillips-Wolley; chairman of Vic-

toria executive, W. Blakemore; hon. secretary, Rev. F. A. P. Chadwick; treasurer, F. L. Crawford, Canadian Bank of Commerce; financial secretary, Arthur Cole; executive committee, Admiral Story, Sir Clive Phillips-Wolley, W. Blakemore, F. A. P. Chadwick, Arthur Cole, F. L. Crawford, H. B. H. the Duke of Connaught, W. Agnew, A. S. Barton, F. A. McDermid, Mrs. Thomson, Mrs. Polg. The appeal, with reviews of the work of the navy since the beginning of the war, is in part as follows: "Subscriptions are solicited on the grounds that the navy has asked for nothing; that it has not even been publicly thanked yet for its almost miraculous work; that every fund provides for our soldiers, whilst this is the only one yet founded in Canada which provides specifically for the sailors. "We ask you to join us in this thanksgiving from Canada, started in Montreal, to be completed here, and to be given to the children of the men who have been maimed or killed in this, our defence. The main purpose of the fund is to provide for them and educate their children, that they may become such sailors as their fathers. Please forward your subscriptions as early as possible to the financial secretary, or the treasurer, as above."

Raincoats and Capes

In Tweeds, Plaids, Cravenette and Rubber Coats, for women and girls, \$7.50 to \$18.50
Children's Capes and Hoods up from \$3.50
Umbrellas from \$1.00
Oil Silk Hats

Wools

Just received—Small shipment of Paton's wheelings and fingerings in natural and grey.
Knitting Needles, all sizes.

SEABROOK YOUNG

Women's and Children's Outfitter,
623-5 Johnson St., Victoria, B.C.

COLORS FOR AUTUMN ARE RICH AND WARM

Many Dresses Are Trimmed With Beads or Embroidery; Skirts Are Longer

New York, Oct. 14.—From the earlier Paris openings many shipments of suits and gowns have already come to New York, making it quite clear to see what the general trend of the fashions is to be.

The silhouette has not undergone any revolutionary change. There is a quiet dignity and simplicity about the styles, in which it is noticed that fashion has taken moderation to be her watchword. At least for a while—who can say for how long?—she seems to have given up everything that savors of exaggeration. Having realized that the extreme shortness of the skirts was too exaggerated, she has ordained that skirts shall be longer. The average length of the skirt to-day is about six inches from the floor. There are some Paris houses which have gone to the other extreme, however, and have made dresses with skirts that reach the floor, but the majority of them have struck the happy medium, and it is not at all likely that the days of trailing skirts will come back again. Dresses



The Straight Lines of the New Silhouette.

too, are free from that extravagant flare which characterized them before, and for the attainment of which we often had to resort to artificial means. This season the flare is conspicuous for its absence, one might say, for most of the dresses hang in straight, soft folds. Nothing has been taken from the width of the skirts. They are just as ample, and the skirt that measures from three to three and a half yards around the hem is still considered a conservative width.

Straight Lines Favored.

Although the straight effects predominate in the more practical styles, in afternoon and evening dresses there are some soft draperies to be seen. Apron effects, too, in the form of soft pleated or gathered bits of the material hang loosely in front of some of the dresses.

The waistline in the new fashions is generally in the normal position where nature meant it to be, but it will probably not be stationed there for any length of time. There have been not a few examples of the low waist of the Moyné Age and this seems to be gaining popular favor at a great rate. A good many one-piece dresses are made with the skirt attached at a low waistline, and a girle is either tied loosely at the point or arranged at the normal line.

Navy Blue Serge for Autumn.

The dark blue serge dress for autumn is ubiquitous, and when it is not trimmed with colored beads or embroidery it is the exception. Some of the beaded and embroidered designs are quite elaborate, but in others it is just a simple touch here and there that gives character to a dress and furnishes the correct spot of color.

Although it is evident that navy blue and black are the favorite autumn colors, still there is quite a large range of other colors to choose from, and



Like Money, OXO Cubes are at home in any house, however large, however small.

They are handy and good for use in the Kitchen, Dining Room, Office or Nursery.

With OXO Cubes and hot water a delicious cup of hot OXO can be ready in a few minutes.

A Cube to a Cup.

Time 10c and 25c

"The Gift Centre"

Back of the Price

—stands our personal guarantee of quality.

To say that every article we sell is of the highest quality obtainable would be incorrect, for it would infer that we carried nothing but expensive goods.

We do say, however, that for every purchase you make—no matter what the price—you receive the highest quality for that price.

Shortt, Hill & Duncan, Ltd

Diamond Merchants,
Central Building,
View and Broad Sts.

they have the advantage over the two former in that they are newer. One gets tired of dark blue and black, so the new colors are welcome not only for the sake of the variety but because they are in themselves beautiful. Plum and purple have been adopted by Paris, probably on account of their being the colors that are used for second mourning, and the same is true of gray also. Among the other fashionable colors are the rich, warm burgundy, dark green and mustard yellow. In



An Attractive Afternoon Frock

addition to these, brown in several lovely shades is favored.

The silhouette of the hour is well depicted in the illustration of the one-piece frock shown here. The design is such that it may be developed in two materials if desired. The gathered side sections of the skirt, as well as the sleeves and side body, might be of satin and the remainder of the dress of serge. Bone buttons form a straight unbroken line down the front from collar to hem. The collar is open at the throat, for women seem to prefer the open neck to the high, even for autumn wear.

Another frock typical of the style of the season is seen in the second illustration. It shows the "close bodice," which ends in front in a pointed tab falling over the deep-cush girdle. A tassel finishes the tab. This lends a fashionable touch often introduced in this season's frocks. On the skirt the large pointed pockets are the novelty. The points are embroidered to match the front of the waist.

RED CROSS SOCIETY

Kootenay Boundary Branches Contributed \$20,511 During September.

Contributions totalling \$20,511.78 were sent the provincial branch of the Canadian Patriotic Fund through various branches in Kootenay-Boundary during the month of September, according to the statement issued by the provincial secretary. A list of the contributions follows: Cranbrook, \$1,226.15; Creston, \$120; Fernie, \$2,327.30; Port Steele, \$28; Golden, \$300; Greenwood, \$1,477.21; Hedley, \$1,484; Kalso, \$539.75; Nelson, \$1,500; New Denver, \$78.35; Princeton, \$162.75; Princeton, \$288.35; Phoenix, \$1,500; Rossland, \$27; 104.52; Salmo, \$100; Silvertown, \$1,124.46; Summerland, \$184.50; Trail, \$4,450.85; Vernon, \$532.42; Waneta, \$52.65; Windermere district, \$100; total, \$20,511.78.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

All personal items sent by mail for publication must be signed with the name and address of the sender.

H. V. Gervan, of Chilliwack, is at the Dominion.

Mrs. Belfry, of Rossland, is at the Dominion.

G. G. Horlock, of Toronto, is a guest at the Dominion.

W. Miller, of Seattle, is at the Strathcona hotel.

Wm. Greenberg, of Portland, Ore., is a guest of the Dominion.

Miss Laura O'Grady, of Nanaimo, is staying at the Dominion.

Mrs. T. Folt Wilson, of Somenos, is at the Strathcona hotel.

S. A. Fletcher, of New Westminster, is at the Strathcona hotel.

A. Rey is down from Duncan and is registered at the Dominion.

E. W. Kell is a Portland visitor staying at the Strathcona hotel.

Miss B. Bass, of Vancouver, is staying at the Strathcona hotel.

W. D. Parkinson and family, of Calgary, are at the Dominion hotel.

Capt. L. Anderson, of Vancouver, is registered at the Strathcona hotel.

E. W. Travis, of Milwaukee, registered at the Empress hotel yesterday.

M. F. Layard, of Ganges Harbor, is registered at the Strathcona hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Blood, of Seattle, are guests at the Strathcona hotel.

George B. Jones, of New York, arrived at the Empress hotel yesterday.

Mrs. E. Kuypers and family, of San Francisco, are staying at the Dominion.

Mrs. E. S. Sommer, of San Francisco, is staying at the Strathcona hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Neale, of Prince Rupert, are guests at the Strathcona hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Fowler, of Vancouver, are staying at the Empress hotel.

Mrs. Devlin and Miss Devlin, of South Wellington, are at the Dominion hotel.

Alex. Robertson and Mrs. Robertson, of Ladysmith, are new arrivals at the Dominion.

B. Desjarlais, Herbert Weston and E. O. Rugger, of Seattle, are at the Dominion.

Mr. and Mrs. Allen Kander, of New York, registered at the Empress hotel yesterday.

Rev. Geo. Aitkens is down from Shawnigan Lake and is at the Strathcona hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. George W. Maynard, of Vancouver, have arrived at the Empress hotel.

E. Moore and Mrs. Moore are visitors from Alberni who are guests of the Dominion hotel.

Mrs. A. C. Symmes and Mrs. F. N. Grapper, of Chicago, have arrived at the Empress hotel.

H. F. S. Woolverton has arrived from Uchickles Harbor, and is making his headquarters at the Strathcona hotel.

James Rey, H. J. Gayent, J. R. Selkirk, N. Campbell and E. Paul are Vancouver visitors who are staying at the Dominion.

W. D. Willson, of Rossland; John Oliver, of Delta, and Parker Williams, of Ladysmith, members-elect of the provincial legislature, are at the Dominion hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Smith are in the city and will remain till Friday. Mr. Smith came to Banfield cable station as superintendent early this year on transfer from Fanning Island.

Miss May Jones, of Wichita, Kansas, leaves for the afternoon boat for Seattle, after spending a few days at the home of Mrs. Bowers, Wilmet Place. Miss Jones will visit at Los Angeles and Santa Fe, New Mexico, before returning home.

THE ANGEL'S SONG.

(Copyright, Canada, 1915.)

O! for a powerful angel's voice
To shout to all abroad,
To awaken men to Hell's deceit
And bring them back to God.
To give men "life" eternally,
For which Christ died on earth,
To "proclaim" again the angel's song,
"Peace and goodwill to men."

Awake! ye warring nations,
Throw off the yoke of Hell,
Come under Freedom's banner,
"Christ's kingdom" to defend.
The King of Kings now calls for you
To fight His righteous cause,
O! listen to the angel's song,
And war against Hell's hosts.

O! listen to the angel's song,
Which comes from Heaven again,
Ye soldiers on the battlefield
Remember "Love's" sweet song.
Remember it is better far
To win by "Love" than Hate,
Remember Christ can see you,
And strive for holy peace.

THOMAS BOYDELL,
Victoria.
The race isn't always to the swift,
Sometimes their tires burst.

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Values to 65c, for	35c
Values to 75c, for	45c
Values to \$1.00, for	55c

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Net Top Laces, values to 50c, for	15c a yard
Gauze Lace Insertions, values to \$1.00, for	25c a yard
Values to \$1.50, for	35c a yard
Values to \$2.50, for	45c a yard
Valenciennes Laces, values to 15c a yard; 3 yds. for	10c
Real Linen Laces, 1-inch wide, 15c value, for	6c a yard
2-inch wide, 25c value, for	10c a yard
3-inch wide, 35c value, for	15c a yard

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Insertions	\$1.25 to \$1.75 a yard

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Do. 14 size 30c.
Cleaning Watches 25c.
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Mothers: Oh, Willie, you naughty boy! You have been fighting again, and lost two of your teeth. Willie: "No, I ain't. mawver. They're in my pocket."

SERVING THEIR COUNTRY**PTE. H. MULLIN****PTE. G. H. MULLIN****PTE. W. V. MULLIN**

Pte. H. Mullin and three sons left here with overseas battalions, and one of the latter, Pte. R. T., has given his life for his country, his name having appeared in a recent casualty list. Another son, Pte. G. H., who was with the Princess Patricia's, was wounded on June 2 and is now in a convalescent home in England. The father, Pte. H. Mullin, and the youngest son, Pte. W. V., left here with the 85th Battalion. Mrs. Mullin and two daughters reside at 710 King's road.

Military Items

Capt. Brown has just received a letter from his son Jim, in which he says that he is still doing duty as orderly to General Currie, is well, and is seeing a good deal of active military life.

Camp Hughes will close about the end of the month and some time before then Victorians are likely to hear definitely whether Strathcona's Horse will winter in this city.

The British Columbia camps will close about the last week in this month. Arrangements are being made for the local regiments to take up their winter quarters previous to moving to the front.

Two prisoners of war who escaped from the Morrissey detention camp were captured by Chief Dryden, of Waldo, B. C.

Creston is now the headquarters of the 107th Kootenay Regiment, that unit having been transferred from Fernie.

The new "tanks" had a kind of fore-runner in the days of Napoleon the Third. It was of French manufacture, consisting of an armoured car driven by steam, and carrying two fairly large guns. The most interesting thing about the "Balbi," as it was nicknamed, was a wonderful revolving scythe attached to the wheels, which was intended to mow down any of the enemy's infantry who came too close to the monster. One could go back even further, and compare "Balbi" to the old Roman chariots with revolving knives, but between the latter and our "tanks" comparisons would be odious.—London Chronicle.

LIEUT.-COL. E. C. HART WRITES FROM SALONICA

British Columbia Base Hospital Has Had Successful Year

Lieut.-Col. E. C. Hart, O. C. No. 5 Overseas General Hospital, C. E. F., known locally as the British Columbia base hospital, writes to the Vancouver branch of the Red Cross Society as follows:

"We have kept very reasonably busy, the hospital has been enlarged, has now 1,500 beds, and is in the process of being changed from a tented hospital to one in which all accommodation for patients and for stores and offices will be in permanent buildings. The summer, or at any rate the hot weather, is nearly over, and although Salonica is considered a somewhat unhealthy place, there has been no more—I think not as much—illness among the personnel than was to have been expected. True, there have been a considerable number of changes, some officers, nursing sisters and men have left on account of illness, transfer, or other reasons, but the great bulk of the establishment is as it left British Columbia, and I am happy to say that during the year just passed we have not had a death or even a case of dangerous illness among our own people.

"We have heard, of course, frequently, both privately and officially, from individuals and societies in British Columbia, and I am very glad to think that we are not forgotten. A number of societies have also been very kind in sending us boxes of material for use in our work. As regards the money, so kindly contributed for our use, it has not yet been necessary to spend a very large proportion, so far about 1,000, has been laid out to aid in the working of the hospital. However, when the fittings are completed I have no doubt that there will be many things needed that are not apparent at present.

"To sum up, the past year has been a very successful one, and I think practically everybody in the unit has been reasonably contented and as happy as it is possible to be during the present world catastrophe, and I can look forward to another year's work with confidence as I can depend on every member of the British Columbia General Hospital to do everything in their power to make it a success."

It seems a little cruel to undecide the juveniles who, armed with hammers and chisels, have this week been prospecting for bits of shrapnel shell in the roadways in the vicinity of Sunday morning's air raid; but the truth is that whatever else they may discover they are very unlikely to find bits of shrapnel shell. That particular shell is, in fact, the only shell which is not meant to burst. High explosive shells are violently disintegrated by the explosion of their contents, and the jagged bits of steel hurtle in all directions; but all that happens to a shrapnel shell is that the comparatively small charge of powder it contains expels the bullets with which it is crammed; the shell itself comes to earth in one piece.—London Chronicle.

WAS BURIED ALIVE

Major J. S. Tait, of Vancouver, Had Narrow Escape From Suffocation.

Major J. S. Tait, officer temporarily commanding the 29th (Vancouver) Battalion, who was reported wounded a month ago as the result of the explosion of a large calibre shell in a trench where he happened to be, is progressing satisfactorily toward recovery, according to a cable received at Vancouver. Major Tait has also written to his business partner, J. F. Menda, giving some details of the circumstances under which he was wounded. The letter, which is dated from the Countess of Pembroke's Hospital, Wilton House, Salisbury, reads in part as follows:

"I arrived here on the 15th, taking five days en route, on a stretcher, beds, train, boat, motor, and it's not a nice journey when you are sore. "On the 19th I had rather a close call when going up a communication trench through quite a heavy shelling. A 5.9 landed just outside the trench six feet from me. I was smashed against the opposite wall (and it's chalk, and hard and instantly buried standing with three feet of earth on top. Lieut. Clynne, Cpl. Brown (scout) and another scout dug me out.—It took about twenty-five minutes, and I was quite unable to help. The shelling had not stopped for a second. When I got out I found I could not walk, as I had been badly crushed and bruised in the back and thighs. I got to the dressing station, and was put in a wooden bunk when another shell landed on the roof, broke the beams, so I went down to the next level. It was an old Hun dugout. After lying there about three hours I was hauled on deck. That was not pleasant as I had no power to move from the waist down."

Major Tait after describing his journey to Salisbury, continues: "I am improving and can walk a little, but my left side still gives me considerable attention. The X-rays showed no broken bones, but many blood clots which have been absorbed. Yesterday I had a 'medical board.' I have to spend another week here for massage, after which I go to Torquay with Mrs. Tait, who has been here since I came."

J. M. Dent, head of the well known English publishing house of J. M. Dent & Sons, is visiting Canada, and like so many men from across the water, has brought encouraging stories from the war zone. The Dents have a Canadian branch established in Toronto, and through it many budding Canadian authors have been able to make their way to the public. Mr. Dent has lost two sons in the war, but states that his case is but typical of thousands of homes in Great Britain, and that there is an unyielding determination on the part of all classes to continue the war to the bitter end.—Montreal Journal of Commerce.

As an example of the value of the ordinary person's evidence in regard to the destroyed zeppelin, the statements which have appeared about the commander's watch are worth noticing. It will be recalled that the watch was seen to have stopped at 3.30, whereas the zeppelin was brought down at 2.45. A few journalists immediately subtitled the times and then declared the watch had "lived" for 45 minutes after the smash. A little thought would have suggested the fact that German time is about this 45 minutes in advance of ours, and therefore the watch stopped when it fell to earth—as even super-watches would.—London Chronicle.

PROMINENT BOWLER DIED THIS MORNING

George McCready Young, Who Helped Organize Local Club, Passes Away

The death took place early this morning at St. Joseph's hospital of George McCready Young, one of the veteran members of the Victoria Bowling Club, and a highly esteemed citizen. Mr. Young had not been in good health for some time, but the news of his demise will be none the less regretted by a very wide circle of friends.

The late Mr. Young was born 69 years ago in Glasgow, Scotland, and came to this city nine years ago to make his home. A member of several of the Glasgow bowling clubs and a player of long and good standing in his home town, he helped to organize the Victoria Bowling Club and actually erected the club house. From the beginning he was an active and enthusiastic member, and although he never took part in the competitions was one of the most interested devotees of the sport in the whole district.

A builder by trade, Mr. Young had been retired for some time, his home being at 23 Beckley avenue. He was a widower, his wife having died about four years ago. Five sons survive: James, in Scotland; George, in China; William, a member of the 50th Gordon Highlanders; John, of the 48th Battalion, and Sinclair, of Trail. Also two daughters, Mrs. Thomas Baines, of Scotland; and Mrs. J. C. Epperson, of Banfield.

The remains are at the B. C. funeral parlors, pending arrangements for the funeral, announcement of which will appear later.

THE CHINESE DISTURBANCE

Proceedings Will Continue To-morrow in Police Court; Interesting Case Promised.

Great interest is shown in the proceedings set for to-morrow in city police court arising out of the Chinese outbreak on October 8. In view of the direction issued to the rival parties from the Bench to abstain from a renewal of hostilities while the case is pending, it is understood attention will be drawn to a letter which appeared in the press yesterday from one side making sharp comment on a man named in the present proceedings as a breach of the undertaking.

At present there are nine men on trial for the incidents of the affair at the Chinese school, Fisgard street, who are charged with being participants in an unlawful assembly. It is possible that the action of the court defining "an affray" may be argued in connection with the disturbance.

Evidence from a Chinese paper published on the mainland will be produced at the trial, it was stated to-day officially. This testimony will be in support of the remarks of W. C. Moreau, who will conduct the prosecution, as to incitement to unlawful acts.

An American medical man assures us that "whistling is good for the health," but not of the person who has the misfortune to live next door to a whistling coon.

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Safe From the Terrors of the Cold Biting Winds and Damp Days!

**Absolutely Painless Treatment**

So sure as you retain teeth with cavities, abscesses and exposed nerves, or useless stumps and roots, so will you suffer when the cold weather comes. Neglected teeth are far too sensitive to resist the cold—they ache and create so much misery that a person is compelled in the end to seek relief. And at this stage treatment is always more difficult, takes longer, costs more.

For the sake of personal comfort—for the sake of your health—for economy's sake—have your objectionable teeth restored to a sound, useful and beautiful condition now—before the cold days come.

HAVE US EXAMINE YOUR NEGLECTED TEETH TO-MORROW—obtain our estimate. You will be agreeably surprised at our very reasonable fees.

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The "Gilbert" Dental Service is Scientific. "Gilbert" Methods are Simple, Safe and Efficient. Absolutely Painless. The "Gilbert" Standard of Quality and Efficiency is Unmatchable. Consultations, Estimates are FREE.

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You can help the Red Cross Society by becoming a member or renewing your membership if you have not paid for 1916.

Sign the form below, put it and the money in an envelope, and mail it or take it to the Hon. Secretary, Canadian Red Cross Society, Temple Building, Victoria, B. C.

Your own kith and kin are fighting for you. Give us the means to care for them if sick or wounded. Those who have already sent in their subscriptions as members for the present year are asked to send donations as funds are urgently required from day to day.

Donation.....No limit, large or small
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Demonstrations This Week at Jeffrey & Anderson, Corner Fort and Blanshard Streets, and Next Week at Windsor Grocery Co.

Wm. Braid & Co., Direct Importers, Vancouver, B. C.

PANTAGES THEATRE

ALL THIS WEEK

HERBERT LLOYD
AND
COMPANY

Presenting

"Peaches in Pawn"

The Squirrels' Best Friend

The Funniest Act That England Has Sent Over Since Charlie Chaplin With His Music Hall Antics

A London Scream

Trevitt's Military Dogs
HUMAN CANINE SOLDIERS

Reggiani & Vogliotti

SELECTIONS FROM
GRAND OPERA

Late of the Mascagni Opera Co.

NEAL ABEL

The Man With the Mobile Face

WARD & FAYE

English Chappies in Sense and Nonsense



THE RENNEE FAMILY
Through Four Countries in Fifteen Minutes

CHARLIE CHAPLIN
In **"THE BANK"**

MATINEE 3

EVENING 7-9

WORK

For the

VICTORIA

PATRIOTIC FUND

PANTAGES FEATURING ENGLISH COMEDIAN

Herbert Lloyd, of International Repute, Headline Attraction on This Week's Bill

Pantages has an offering par excellence this week in the appearance here of Herbert Lloyd, rated the best funster England has sent over to this continent since the coming of Charlie Chaplin. Although Lloyd's career is called "Peaches in Pawn," carries besides himself six attractive and capable girls in the cast, it is not a musical comedy; it is a burlesque on "vodeville," and an extremely funny entertainment.

Lloyd enjoys the reputation of being one of the highest paid "nuts" on the variety stage, which means, of course, but one thing—that his tremendous popularity with the audience warrants it. Barely indeed is there a theatre patron who does not enjoy humor and laughter and that is what Lloyd is working for—to keep people good natured.

He is a great favorite with the English public and did not find it necessary to come to this continent in order to find work. It is said that he is here mostly because he was stung with the wanderlust and coincidentally it transpired that the Pantages circuit was fired with a desire to have so striking a feature on its billing. It is apparent that there was no mistake in the wisdom of Alexander Pantages, in which there is a laugh in every line, where art and beauty combine to make a setting such as is rarely seen in vauville, and where the whole pleasant conception is delightfully embellished by a variety of graceful and pretty dances and a generous offering of brand new musical selections, there are five other acts on the bill which are as pleasing in their own way.

The Four Rennees, a quartette of pretty maids, have a singing scenic spectacle entitled "Through Five Continents in Twenty Minutes," which introduces some dancing representative of the different countries represented.

Ward and Faye, two English chappies, present a comedy singing and talking skit, entitled "Sense and Nonsense."

Lina Reggiani and Giuseppe Vogliotti, two wonderfully voiced Italian singers late of the Mascagni Opera company, are a striking feature of the bill with their selections from standard opera.

Neal Abel, "The Man with a Mobile Face," is a real monologist who never fails to get a laugh at his blackface sayings and wit. His negro dialect is as perfect as it is laugh-provoking. Trevitt's military dogs is as clever a troupe of trained canines as has been the good fortune of Victorians to see work. Their offering is much of a military nature and there is comedy enough to make it especially attractive. The programme is introduced by another Charlie Chaplin comedy called "The Bank."

**EMILY STEVENS STAR IN
"THE HOUSE OF TEARS"**

"The House of Tears," a five part feature starring Emily Stevens, the noted emotional actress, and produced by Metro, will be shown here at the Dominion on Thursday Friday and Saturday. Miss Stevens is supported by an excellent cast including Henri Bergman, Walter Hitchcock, Madge Tyrone, George Brennan and other prominent artists of the screen and stage.

The story of "The House of Tears," which was written by Frank Dazey, and produced in motion pictures by Edwin Carewe, is briefly, as follows: In "The House of Tears" there lived Robert Collingwood, his wife, Alice Collingwood, and their baby girl, Gail. In the courts Robert has been granted a decree of divorce and the custody of the little girl. Once free, Mrs. Collingwood openly accepts the attentions of Henry Thorne, and they soon marry and go West to live, the latter taking up the hard and uncertain life of a prospector in a mining community. Collingwood, his mind upset by domestic troubles, loses his fortune in Wall street manipulations, and becomes a raving maniac. He drives his employees out of his office, and then goes to his home intending to kill his little daughter. In a chase up a staircase, he falls and is killed.

Fifteen years later, Thorne, who has been plodding along in the west, meeting with little success, wins \$15,000 at faro in a desperate plunge one night. He arranges to go back to Wall street to flit with fortune, and he tells his wife he will not take her along, but will leave enough money for her to live on. She is horrified at the prospect of his desertion, and at the point of a revolver, demands his money. In a struggle which ensues, she is seriously wounded. Thorne leaves, believing his wife dead from the shot from her own hand.

Back in Wall street, Thorne, who has changed his name to "Edward North," electrifies other operatives by his phenomenal rise to affluence. Gail Collingwood, who has now grown to womanhood, is known under the name of Alice Gail, and employed as a reporter on the Evening News. She is sent to interview Thorne, and he is struck by the girl's beauty and charm. They become very friendly and their acquaintance soon ripens into love. In due time their betrothal is announced. Out in the mining town Thorne's wife has recovered, and she resolves to return to the scenes of her youth. She is seeking Thorne in the great city, when Gail, who is riding in an automobile, is run over by "North," runs down her mother, a poor, ill-clad, wandering woman. The mother is but slightly injured, and she recognizes



HERBERT LLOYD CO.

Four of the company who make the offering of Herbert Lloyd at the Pantages this week especially attractive.

her daughter. They plan to make "North" face his past. Gail sends word for "North" to come to her home as she is in trouble. When he arrives he is brought face to face with his wife, whom he believes to be dead. "North" becomes frenzied from fear, as he thinks the sad-faced woman is an apparition, and he flees from the house. The apparition continues to haunt him, and in a half-crazed mood he drives his automobile blindly through the streets, ending by running off a bridge, when he is hurled to death. Mother and daughter, reunited, then seek a happier existence.

"THE LITTLE GYPSY"
AT ROYAL VICTORIA

Dorothy Bernard Featured in Film Presented for First Half of Week

Few plays have ever found their way into the hearts of the motion picture public as has "The Little Gypsy," which will be the attraction at the Royal Victoria to-night, Tuesday and Wednesday. There is elaborate attention to detail and careful direction which places it in a class by itself in the silent drama. The original stage production was held by critics the country wide as a distinct event in the drama and marking an epoch in the art of the theatre. The lighting effects in this production are not the least remarkable of the many noteworthy and striking features of this great photoplay. Even night scenes are taken by these wonderful lighting effects, of a furious thunder storm. A factory is burnt to make one scene alone for "The Little Gypsy," and there is also a \$20,000 dam built for another scene. There are three hundred and fifteen distinct scenes in this production. Dorothy Bernard, one of our daintiest screen actresses, is featured in this photoplay supported by Thurlow Bergen.

A good comedy and a News-Weekly make up the balance of an all-round good programme.

"THE MORAL FABRIC"
AT THE COLUMBIA

Photodrama to Be Presented on First Three Days of Week

"The Moral Fabric" is the name of the drama which is being presented at the Columbia the first three days of this week. It is a powerful play of the eternal triangle, but differing to a marked degree from the usual conceptions of these kinds of drama.

The play opens with the husband and wife estranged and about to separate because of the machinations of a "love pirate." He is Mackley Stuart, Howard Hickman in real life. He is the head of a cult who advocates the doctrine of absolute freedom and finds a willing listener in Amy Winthrop, the wife of Frank Winthrop.

When Frank finds Amy in the arms of Stuart he demands a divorce, gets it, and then by way of revenge announces publicly that he has surrendered his wife to Stuart. So Stuart must needs marry the woman, although such a step had been far from his plans and intentions.

That is the situation at the beginning of the play. The years roll by. Winthrop had not forgotten. At last his opportunity comes. He meets with the couple in a foreign city, Naples. Winthrop pretends that he still has a fondness for his former wife and he repeats Stuart's tactics, professing himself a believer in the doctrine of absolute freedom. Amy is deceived by his declarations and falls into his arms, deserting her present mate for her past mate.

And this situation gives Winthrop an opportunity for the revenge which he has sought. The nature of his revenge is eminently Machiavellian and so satisfactory that he leaves the pair confident that he has ruined their lives as they ruined his. The play is well acted and cleverly worked out. "Bodelia's Bluff" is the name of the comedy which is presented with this drama.

**METRO STARS AT
DOMINION THEATRE**

"The River of Romance" Attraction for First Half of Week

Harold Lockwood and May Allison are without a doubt the cutest starring couple in motion pictures. They have always as great a following as that other famous Metro pair, Bushman and Bayne, and their appearance at the Dominion theatre to-day, to-morrow and Wednesday in "The River of Romance" will do much to add to the reputation of both Mr. Lockwood and Miss Allison.

"The River of Romance" is a sparkling and witty love story, which pretends to do nothing more than amuse. Little Miss May Allison has a role which is truly delightful, of a vivacious New York girl who goes to the Thousand Islands on her vacation and meets a young Canadian. Instead of being just a river boatman who makes exorbitant charges, it develops that he is the son of a wealthy Montrealer who has cut him off from his allowance because he seems to take too much interest in the gay and frivolous things of life and too little of business. He started to show his father that he is perfectly capable of earning his living, and with the aid of an almost dead motor-boat he certainly does it, charging \$10 for a \$1 trip, and with the earnings he makes out of exorbitant hold-ups the young man manages to attach himself to a sufficient amount of "nitty lucre" so he will not have to marry the girl who is picked out for him. He instead falls in love with little Miss Allison, and fast and furious fun begins—the story has not a single dull moment in it. It is really one of the best that Metro has produced.

This is the sixth Metro picture to bear the mark "Filmed in Canada," and it only goes to show what remarkable possibilities the Dominion has for film producing.

The WEATHER
Daily Bulletin Furnished by the Victoria Meteorological Department.

Victoria, Oct. 16, 5 a.m.—The barometer remains high over the Pacific slope and foggy weather continues in the Coast and the Straits of Fuca and Georgia. Rain has again fallen in Northern B. C. and light rains have occurred in the prairie provinces.

Forecasts.
For 24 hours ending 5 p.m. Tuesday, Victoria and vicinity—Light to moderate winds, cloudy and cool, with fog.
Lower Mainland—Light to moderate winds, cloudy and cool, with fog.

Reports.
Victoria—Barometer, 30.24; temperature, maximum yesterday, 45; minimum, 42; wind, calm; rain, .01; weather, foggy.
Vancouver—Barometer, 30.24; temperature, maximum yesterday, 52; minimum, 40; wind, calm; weather, cloudy.
Kamloops—Barometer, 30.08; temperature, maximum yesterday, 44; minimum, 44; wind, calm; weather, clear.
Prince Rupert—Barometer, 30.14; temperature, maximum yesterday, 56; minimum, 44; wind, calm; weather, cloudy.
Tatoosh—Barometer, 30.20; temperature, maximum yesterday, 52; minimum, 46; wind, 11 miles E.; weather, cloudy.
Seattle—Barometer, 30.24; temperature, maximum yesterday, 54; minimum, 46; wind, N.; weather, cloudy.
San Francisco—Barometer, 30.14; temperature, maximum yesterday, 62; minimum, 50; wind, 4 miles N.; weather, foggy.

Temperature.
Max. Min.
Nanaimo (Entrance Is.) 59 ..
Barkerville 54 ..
Penticton 53 ..
Cranbrook 47 ..
Kelowna 44 ..
Nelson 44 ..
Prince George 28 ..
Calgary 24 ..
Edmonton 44 ..
Qu'Appelle 56 ..
Winnipeg 34 ..
Toronto 66 ..
Ottawa 63 ..
Montreal 60 ..
Halifax 56 ..

Victoria Daily Weather.
Observations taken 5 p.m., noon and 5 p.m., Saturday:

Temperature.
Highest 47 ..
Lowest 43 ..
Average 45 ..
Minimum on grass 42 ..
Fog, .61 inch.
General state of weather, foggy.
Observations taken 5 a.m., noon and 5 p.m., Sunday:
Temperature.
Highest 49 ..
Lowest 45 ..
Average 47 ..
Minimum on grass 43 ..
Fog, .61 inch.
General state of weather, foggy.

COLUMBIA THEATRE

MONDAY, TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY

"The Moral Fabric"

Ince Kay-Bee Triangle five-part drama, presenting present-day problems of vital interest to all, with

FRANK MILLS

And the Triangle-Keystone Comedy

"BODELIA'S BLUFF"

Also the Eighth Episode of the

"Strange Case of Mary Page"

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10c.....ANY SEAT.....10c

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Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday
PRESENTS

DOROTHY BERNARD

Most Winsome and Daintiest of Dramatic Stars, Supported by Thurlow Bergen, in



THE LITTLE GYPSY

A Photoplay of Romance in 315 Gorgeous Scenes

Comedy—Royal Orchestra—Weekly

Matinee, 2 and 3.30. Evening, 6.30, 8, 9.30

Coming, Thursday, Friday and Saturday

"The Spoilers"

TIMES BUILDING

Offices to Rent

APPLY TIMES OFFICE

DOMINION THEATRE

Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday
METRO PRESENTS



HAROLD LOCKWOOD And MAY ALLISON

The Most Delightful Combination in Pictures in

THE RIVER OF ROMANCE

A Charming Love Story, With its Setting Showing the
Picturesque Thousand Islands

Coming Thursday—
Emily Stevens in "The House of Tears"

Continuous 2 Till 11. Evening Shows at 6.30, 8, 9.30



DOROTHY BERNARD
DIRECTION WILLIAM FOX

Who appears in "The Little Gypsy" at the Royal Victoria to-night, to-morrow and Wednesday.

WHAT HE SAW IN THE LAND OF MANY GRAVES

Press Correspondent Describes
His Visit to the Battlefield
on the Somme

It has been another quiet day, of beautiful autumn weather and hot sunshine throughout the afternoon, writes the correspondent of a London newspaper with the British army on the Somme. I have walked some miles, over trench and shell holes, past Bernafay wood and Longueval to a point on the high ground to the west of Deville wood, whence one looked down on Fiers, and, but for the autumn haze, would have had a wide view of the country which is still German beyond. It is a hideous region to travel over.

In my dispatch of September 10 I spoke of a statue of the Blessed Virgin which still stood by the shattered graveyard on its pedestal in a niche in a ruined angle of two stumps of wall, a statue which had somehow survived the wreckage of everything else around and, in robes which are still pink and blue and gold-embroidered, remained with outstretched, pleading hands, and a face of sweet and patient gentleness amid all the horrors of the desecrated graveyard and the battlefield. To-day some hands are at work—the hands of soldiers of our own army—restoring some order in the graveyard.

"A Terrible Region." Beyond is the terrible region which is all a network of old battered German trenches winding their way through a wilderness of shell-holes and the debris of battle, where shells sing overhead all day. I doubt if any part of all this battle area is more utterly wrecked. Hardly any green thing grows, except where, between shell-holes, there are patches of sickly grass studded now and again with stunted plants of dock and ragged patches of thistle, which are not one-half their normal size. Presumably it is the fumes of shells which have killed almost everything. Over all this region, of course, is that awful smell—sometimes only a taint in the air, sometimes sickly strong—which belongs to battlefields. But in patches there are other smells, chemical and very pungent, the smell of gas shells and such abominations which have burst about here, at one time and another, in hundreds. All along the main German second line especially there is abundant testimony of the excellent work of our guns.

Woods of Shattered Trunks. Bernafay wood, captured at the outset of the battle and where there was comparatively little resistance, is less utterly stripped of all semblance to a wood than any of the others in this area. Of course there are no leaves on the trees, no sign of autumn foliage anywhere; but the wood still stands compact, with a regular outline and enough bar poles of trees standing to make it still a wood of reasonable density. Trones wood beyond is very much thinner, for it saw desperate and prolonged fighting; but Deville wood, for all its size, is infinitely worse, a mere ghost of a wood.

Longueval, also, is one of the most utterly desolated of villages. At one point at its northern end two spikes of stone, perhaps the height of a man, stand up white in the sunlight. The village was once all embowered in trees, for Deville Wood ran over a

guess where Gueudecourt lay and where Lesboeufs. As we turned the immediate neighborhood promised to be even more interesting than the obscure view, for the enemy began dropping shells about promiscuously into Longueval on our left and into a valley on our right. But they were not many, and they did no harm to us or anyone else. Without incident we retraced again the stricken country, over the trenches and the shell holes, with the heat and the smells and the buzzing of flies. At one place in the wilderness is a solitary grave, but this one is all alone, very neat, and ringed around with white stones by the dead man's comrades. The board at the head tells you that it is the grave of Private J. Partington, of the Middlesex Regiment.

OUR LETTER BOX

Letters addressed to the Editor and intended for publication must be short and legibly written. The longer an article the shorter its chance of insertion. All communications must bear the name of the writer. The publication or rejection of articles is a matter entirely in the discretion of the Editor. No responsibility is assumed by the paper for MSS. submitted to the Editor.

A FLEA IN MR. RAYMUR'S EAR.

To the Editor:—I learn from the daily press that the city controller, Mr. Raymur, has been before the Union of B. C. Municipalities airing his pet grievance, the extravagance of school boards and the unjust burdens which the school law imposes upon our city councils. These kindred subjects seem to be a sort of perennial nightmare to that gentleman. It was only a few evenings ago that he was before the city council roasting about some grievance he seemed to have against the superintendent of education, Dr. Robinson. In short, it can be assumed as an established fact that on all matters in any way touching the interests of teachers, the actions of school boards, or the working of our public school system Mr. Raymur can always be relied upon to show up as an adverse witness whenever an opportunity offers. On all educational matters he might well say with Hamlet:

"The time is out of joint, oh, cursed spite, That ever I was born to set it right."

His first grievance is that the city council has to find the money to pay the salaries of teachers and other school board expenses, whereas the taxes are paid or not. Assuming, for argument's sake, that this assertion is true, is it not a fact that the city council has to find the money to pay the city controller's salary, whether the taxes are paid or not? Does it not have to find the money to pay the salaries and wages of the mayor and aldermen, the city hall employees, the city police, the firemen, the men employed in the water and street departments, whether the taxes are paid or not? If this is true in every case, why single out the teachers' salaries and other

school board expenses as special subjects for execration? Are teachers' salaries above all others? Are they not working as hard, are they not doing it as faithfully, are they not rendering as valuable a service to the city as are any of Mr. Raymur's co-workers at the city hall?

But it is when Mr. Raymur comes to point out how his imaginary grievance should be remedied that his peculiar brand of statesmanship becomes especially illuminating. He wants the school board made to do its own financing, that is to levy, collect and disburse its own funds. To do this it would be necessary that the present city staff for assessing, figuring the tax on each piece of property, sending out separate notices, collecting and paying out taxes, etc., should be duplicated. We would have to build a new wing of large dimensions to the city hall to accommodate the school board's staff for assessing, collecting and dispersing school funds, under Mr. Raymur's scheme. And all that just to relieve Mr. Raymur of the disagreeable task of signing his name once a month to cheques to pay these hated school board expenses.

His other method of remedying his imaginary grievance is to have the entire management of our city schools handed over to the aldermen. Wouldn't that jar you? Fancy the financial expert and adviser of a body that has managed its business the way our aldermen have done for the last eight or ten years going to the legislature and asking for such amendments to the school law as will place the entire management of our public schools in the hands of these aldermen. In my time I have had intimate knowledge of the doings of a good many school boards, both here and in the East, and I have been a careful student of city hall matters in this city for the past ten or twelve years, but the poorest school board I have ever known managed its financial and other business better than has the best city council Victoria has had during the past ten years. That is a strong statement, but I can give substantial reasons for the faith that is within me. Let me particularize a little.

A few days ago the Hon. Thomas Taylor told me he had just received from the city hall a statement of his local improvement tax on the property where he resides, for street widening only. It called for the neat little sum of \$300 a year for the term of 10 years, or a total of \$3,000 in all. His property is on a section of Pandora avenue that has not yet been widened, that is not likely to be widened for the next ten years, and that did not need widening any way, as it is wide enough now. Nevertheless the land for widening it has been expropriated, huge land damages have been paid and the owners on the other side of the street from which the land was taken are now called upon to pay damages to the extent of double the assessed value of the property. A few months ago when Alderman McNeill was trying to secure a small appropriation for the purpose of making a junction upon any such expenditure, "less the people on that street came through with a by-law for paving it," as he expressed it. If Alderman Todd had had his way and the street had been paved, under city hall methods, Mr. Taylor might have had to pay a second \$300 a year. Is it any wonder that taxes are not paid, and whose fault is it that they are not paid? Certainly not the school board's.

Here is another evidence of city hall

business methods. There is a lot on Douglas street near the fountain upon which the owner received the sum of \$12,000 damages for a few feet off the front, the entire lot even in boom times never being really worth half the amount of the damages paid to the owner. Such instances of business incapacity and mismanagement could be multiplied by the score. Yet it is to the tender mercies of a body with a record like that Mr. Raymur would entrust the management of our public schools.

Let me say that there are some men in our present council, and there have been some in previous councils, who are not responsible for this gross mismanagement, but as city controller and financial adviser of the council during all these years, Mr. Raymur cannot, in my opinion, relieve himself from a certain amount of responsibility in connection with these things, and in view of the record he and his pet body have made, it certainly shows that he is not lacking in nerve to ask now that the management of our public schools be given over to him and the aldermen.

There is no branch of the public service which comes so near to the hearts of the fathers and mothers of this country as our public schools. Strong governments have gone down to defeat before the storm of indignation which arose when politicians have attempted to meddle with them for unworthy purposes. If Mr. Raymur would be well advised he will keep his hands off our public schools—and that unruly member, the tongue, as well. If that part of his duty which brings him in contact with our school systems is distasteful to him, the remedy is in his own hands. He can give place to some one to whom these duties would be more agreeable.

F. ANDREWS.

Victoria, B. C., Oct. 14, 1916.

P. S.—By the way, I am told that it was Mr. Raymur and one or two of the aldermen who figured up that huge bill of over \$12,000 sent to the adjoining municipalities last year for high school fees, which led to the establishment of separate high schools by two of these municipalities, and which probably led to the taxation of the city's parks this year by the third. If that was a specimen of aldermanic management of our schools we should all pray to be saved from any more of it.

F. A.

Oct. 14.

Sir Hamar Greenwood, a Canadian member of the British parliament, is in Canada on a visit and brings an encouraging message of his fellow countrymen. Sir Hamar saw service at the front at the head of his battalion, the 10th South Wales Borderers. He was later recalled from the front and made assistant to Lord Derby in his recruiting campaign, but ill-health compelled him to relinquish this post. Sir Hamar was born at Whitby, Ontario, in 1870, and educated at the university of Toronto. For some time he was connected with the Ontario agricultural department and then went to England and practised law. He has been a member of the British parliament for the past ten years, where he takes a prominent part in the discussions on colonial affairs, and also in connection with militia matters.—Montreal Journal of Commerce.



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Exclusive Agents.

SPENT MANY MONTHS IN THEATRE OF WAR

Rear-Admiral S. Akiyama, Togo's Staff Officer, Left for Orient on Yokohama Maru

Rear Admiral S. Akiyama, of the Imperial Japanese navy, returning to Japan after completing a tour of observation in the European war theatre, accompanied by Commander K. Yamashita, was a notable passenger aboard the outbound N. Y. K. liner Yokohama Maru, which cleared from the outer docks on Saturday for the Far East.

That three elemental factors have been brought out by the war, the military might of Germany and the financial and sea power of Great Britain, is, in the opinion of the admiral, who believes that the greatest of the three factors is the achievement of the British navy. The complete disappearance of the German overseas trade, the desperate straits to which the central powers have been brought in not being able to import foodstuffs and munitions of war, and the inability of Germany to injure England upon her own soil, while on the other hand the foreign trade of Britain and her allies was even more active than in the pre-war days despite the submarine campaign of the enemy, show that Britain's navy is the all-powerful factor in this war. He believes, moreover, that the final curtain will be rung down on this war at sea, as in the case of the great struggle of a hundred years ago. As a weapon of modern warfare the submarine, in this war, has shown its limitations and weaknesses, but the admiral is convinced that it is an excellent defensive weapon.

Rear Admiral Akiyama was born in 1865 in the province of Iyo, Shikoku. As a young lieutenant he went to the United States and studied at the naval war college at Newport, and during the Spanish-American war he acted as official observer with the flagship of Admiral Sampson. He served through the Russo-Japanese war on the staff of Admiral Togo with such distinction and ability that he has been termed the brains of Togo's staff. To-day the rear admiral is acknowledged to be one of the ablest leaders of the Japanese navy. At the present time he is returning to Japan after spending many months in Europe observing the development of the war.

THE TIME BALL

The time ball on the Belmont building will be raised half way at 12.45 p. m. to the top at 12.55 p. m., and dropped at 1 p. m. daily. F. Napier Davidson, superintendent, the Observatory, Gonzales Heights.

TIMES SHIPPING CHART

Steamer	Master	Tonnage	Agents	From	Due
Protestant	Brathwaite	6,118	Dodd & Co.	Hongkong	Oct. 17
Nippon	Brathwaite	7,082	C. P. R.	Sydney	Oct. 18
Sado Maru	Anakawa	3,390	Gr. Northern	Hongkong	Oct. 19
Dramatis	Harris	3,404	Balfour, Guthrie	Liverpool	Oct. 27

Steamer	Master	Tonnage	Agents	For	Due
Tacoma Maru	Hahada	3,331	R. P. Rithet	Hongkong	Oct. 16
Manila Maru	Kobayashi	6,002	R. P. Rithet	Hongkong	Oct. 27

Steamer	Master	Tonnage	Agents	For	Due
For Vancouver					
Steamer Princess Victoria				leaves daily at 3 p. m. and steamer Princess Mary or Royal daily at 11.45 p. m.	
O. T. P. steamer, Monday and Wednesday, 2.30 p. m.					
From Vancouver					
Steamer Princess Charlotte				arrives daily at 2.30 p. m., and steamer Princess Mary or Royal at 5.30 a. m.	
For San Francisco					
Str. President				Oct. 20	
From San Francisco					
Str. Governor				Oct. 21	
For Seattle					
Steamer Princess Charlotte				leaves daily at 2.30 p. m.	
O. T. P. steamer, Sunday and Tuesday, midnight					
From Seattle					
Steamer Princess Victoria				arrives daily at 1 p. m.	
For Los Angeles					
Steamer Sol Duc				leaves daily except Sunday at 11.30 a. m.	
From Port Angeles					
Steamer Sol Duc				arrives daily except Sunday at 9 a. m.	

ALICE WENT ON MUDBANK IN FOG

C. P. R. Boat Touched Bottom in Discovery Passage, but Was Floated Undamaged

While en route from this port via Vancouver to Skagway, the C. P. R. coasting steamer Princess Alice early yesterday morning touched a mudbank in Discovery Passage and remained aground for 34 hours. The Alice floated off early today, undamaged, and proceeded on her voyage north. The mishap occurred when the steamer was nearing Seymour Narrows as she was feeling her way through the dense fog. Capt. John McLeod had slowed down and was seeking a safe anchorage to await the lifting of the thick mist when the craft touched on a soft bottom. It is generally realized that under the unusual weather conditions of the past few days, the men whose occupations take them to sea in command of ships have been working under a great handicap, and the fact that no serious accidents have occurred is due to the special precautions taken and the elimination of all risks. The skippers of the various coasting vessels report that the fog of the past week is the worst experienced in years, and conditions are not expected to improve until rain sets in or a good breeze springs up.

At 3.30 a. m. to-day the Princess Alice was reported passing through Seymour Narrows on her way north to Alaska. The Alice will make her last trip from here to Skagway, under the existing schedule, on November 3.

All C. P. R. boats are now running practically on time.

NEW G. T. P. SCHEDULE GOES INTO EFFECT

At 3.30 p. m. this afternoon the G. T. P. steamer Prince George is scheduled to sail from the inner harbor in her first voyage north under the new schedule. Owing to her late arrival at Vancouver last night the southbound call at this port was cancelled and the vessel dispatched direct to Seattle to permit her to leave northbound on time. After to-day the Prince George will leave this port at 10 a. m. each Monday for Prince Rupert and Anxox.

The Prince Rupert, following her arrival at Vancouver tomorrow, will be held over at the mainland port until Thursday, when she will sail on her weekly trip to Skagway. Both vessels will make connections with the train service out of Prince Rupert.

PROTESILAUS IS DUE

Blue Funnel Liner Expected to Reach William Head at 4 p. m.

Latest word on the movements of the inbound Blue Funnel liner Proteus is that she will reach William Head at 4 p. m. and, fog permitting, will come alongside the outer docks about 5 p. m. The last time the Proteus arrived here as a trader was in August, 1914, when she was taken over by the government. The liner is bringing in a full cargo, but her British Columbia shipments are light. She has 25 tons for Victoria and about 1,000 tons for Vancouver.

AJAX AT UNION BAY.

The dredge Ajax is engaged in dredging out the entrance to the harbor at Union Bay. The Lobnitz rock crusher is repairing at the Victoria Machinery Depot. The dredge Mudlark is overhauling at Yarrows, Ltd., Esquimalt.

TACOMA MARU OUT.

The O. S. K. liner Tacoma Maru is reported to leave here this afternoon on her outward trip to the Orient.

PRESIDENT ARRIVES.

The Pacific Coast Steamship company's steamer President reached port this afternoon from Southern California ports.

CAPT. BLAIN JOINS STEVEDORING CONCERN

Assistant Manager of P. C. S. Co. Becomes Vice-President of International Co.

Seattle, Oct. 15.—Capt. John F. Blain, assistant manager of the Pacific Coast Steamship Company, to-day became vice-president and Seattle manager of the International Stevedoring Company, it is announced by Capt. J. S. Gibson, president and general manager of the company.

"The company," said Capt. Gibson, "considers itself very fortunate in securing the services of Capt. Blain. He is one of the most capable of the younger shipping men here, and he already has a big record of accomplishment. As an experienced master, in addition to his business qualifications, he brings another almost necessary qualification for success in the stevedoring business."

The office of vice-president and Seattle manager, Capt. Gibson said, is a new one created for Mr. Blain. He has bought an interest in the company and will have complete charge of all operations covering all Sound ports north of Tacoma, where the company has a branch manager, as it also has in Vancouver and Victoria. E. A. Quigley is assistant manager of the Seattle district and office manager, the Seattle office being the headquarters of the company.

Capt. Blain has held his present connection with the Pacific Coast Steamship Company during the past two and a half years. Before that connection he was master of the steamer Pennsylvania, which formerly operated on this coast.

Capt. Blain came to Seattle after service with Atlantic coast steamship lines, and he was also formerly United States assistant inspector of hulls for the port of Boston. He has the unusual distinction of a commission in the Turkish navy, awarded him for a service rendered by conducting a Turkish vessel from this country to its home port.

WIRELESS REPORT

Oct. 15, 8 a. m.
Point Grey—Fog; calm; 30.15; 48; dense.
Cape Lazo—Fog; S. E.; 30.12; 48; thick. Spike str Starr, 8 p. m., Seymour Narrows, southbound.
Pachena—Fog; calm; 30.15; 48; sea smooth.
Estevan—Drizzling rain; calm; 29.95; 43; light swell.
Alert Bay—Fog; calm; 29.98; 48; sea smooth. Passed out str Princess Sophia, 6 a. m., southbound.
Triangle—Fog; drizzling rain; N. fresh; 30.15; 45; sea moderate. Spike str Princess Beatrice, 8.15 p. m., off Rivers Inlet, southbound; spoke str Venture, 9.20 p. m., at Namu, southbound.
Dead Tree Point—Fog; calm; 30.18; 51; sea smooth.
Ikeda Bay—Rain; N. E. fresh; 29.89; 48; sea moderate.
Prince Rupert—Overcast; calm; 30.08; 46; sea smooth. Passed out str Princess Maquina, 6.15 p. m., southbound; spoke str Norwood, 8.30 a. m., position at 8 p. m., 20 miles south of Ketchikan, southbound; passed in str Spokane, 12.30 a. m., northbound; in str Prince Rupert, 7 a. m., northbound; in str Chelohsin, 8 a. m., northbound.
Nooch.
Point Grey—Fog; calm; 30.10; 49; dense.
Cape Lazo—Fog; calm; dense; 30.09; 50; thick. Spike str Princess Alice, 9.30 a. m., Seymour Narrows, northbound; str Mariposa, 11.45 a. m., Seymour Narrows, southbound.
Pachena—Fog; calm; 30.15; 50; light swell.
Estevan—Overcast; calm; 29.95; 48; light swell.
Alert Bay—Fog; calm; 29.90; 48; sea smooth. Spike str Princess Beatrice, 9.15 a. m., due Alert Bay noon, southbound; str Venture, 9.30 a. m., Forward Harbor, southbound.
Triangle—Overcast; N. light; 30.16; 48; sea moderate. Spike str Humboldt, 10.20 a. m., off Pine Island, 19 a. m., southbound; str Princess Maquina, 10.40 a. m., southbound.
Dead Tree Point—Cloudy; calm; 30.22; 51; sea smooth.
Ikeda Bay—Clear; N. E. light; 29.94; 50; sea smooth.
Prince Rupert—Misty; calm; 30.09; 49; sea smooth.

TIDE TABLE.

Date	Time	High	Time	Low	Time	High	Time	Low
October								
1	0:29	1.4	12:22	8.5	15:42	8.7	18:45	8.7
2	1:23	1.3	11:13	8.7	16:35	8.7	17:35	8.7
3	2:19	1.4	10:04	8.8	15:26	8.8	16:26	8.8
4	3:10	1.7	8:55	8.9	14:17	8.9	15:17	8.9
5	4:02	2.2	7:46	9.0	13:08	9.0	14:08	9.0
6	4:50	2.8	6:37	9.1	11:59	9.1	12:59	9.1
7	5:35	3.4	5:28	9.2	10:50	9.2	11:50	9.2
8	6:17	4.0	4:19	9.3	9:41	9.3	10:41	9.3
9	6:57	4.6	3:10	9.4	8:32	9.4	9:32	9.4
10	7:35	5.2	2:01	9.5	7:23	9.5	8:23	9.5
11	8:11	5.7	0:52	9.6	6:14	9.6	7:14	9.6
12	8:45	6.2	11:43	9.6	5:05	9.6	6:05	9.6
13	9:17	6.6	10:34	9.7	3:56	9.7	4:56	9.7
14	9:47	7.0	9:25	9.7	2:47	9.7	3:47	9.7
15	10:15	7.4	8:16	9.8	1:38	9.8	2:38	9.8
16	10:41	7.7	7:07	9.8	0:29	9.8	1:29	9.8
17	11:05	8.0	5:58	9.9	11:20	9.9	0:20	9.9
18	11:27	8.3	4:49	9.9	10:11	9.9	11:11	9.9
19	11:47	8.5	3:40	10.0	9:02	10.0	10:02	10.0
20	12:05	8.7	2:31	10.0	7:53	10.0	8:53	10.0
21	12:21	8.9	1:22	10.0	6:44	10.0	7:44	10.0
22	12:35	9.0	0:13	10.0	5:35	10.0	6:35	10.0
23	12:47	9.1	11:04	10.0	4:26	10.0	5:26	10.0
24	12:57	9.2	9:55	10.0	3:17	10.0	4:17	10.0
25	1:05	9.3	8:46	10.0	2:08	10.0	3:08	10.0
26	1:11	9.4	7:37	10.0	0:59	10.0	1:59	10.0
27	1:16	9.4	6:28	10.0	11:50	10.0	0:50	10.0
28	1:19	9.5	5:19	10.0	10:41	10.0	11:41	10.0
29	1:21	9.5	4:10	10.0	9:32	10.0	10:32	10.0
30	1:22	9.5	3:01	10.0	8:23	10.0	9:23	10.0
31	1:22	9.5	1:52	10.0	7:14	10.0	8:14	10.0

The height is in feet and tenths of a foot, above the average level of lower low water.

IS GIVEN COMMAND OF PRINCE JOHN

Capt. A. M. Davies to Succeed Capt. Wearmouth, Now Vancouver Pilot

Capt. Alan Morton Davies, formerly chief officer of the steamer Prince Rupert, has been given command of the G. T. P. steamer Prince John, the new master succeeding Capt. Wearmouth who, as previously reported, had been appointed to a berth under the Vancouver pilotage authority. Capt. Davies took over his new command at Vancouver on Saturday when she left for Port Inlet and the Queen Charlotte Islands. Like Capt. Wearmouth, he has been with the G. T. P. ever since the company's coast service was inaugurated and is very popular among his shipmates ashore and the shipping fraternity ashore.

Capt. Davies brought out the steamer Prince Rupert on her maiden trip from England, and after spending some time on the coast in the G. T. P. service he was selected to return to England and bring out from Glasgow the steamer Prince John, to which vessel he has now been permanently appointed.

Capt. Davies formerly had his home in Victoria, but following his appointment as examiner of masters and mates at Prince Rupert, he moved his family to the northern port.

Up to the end of the year the Prince John will ply out of Vancouver to Prince Rupert, Anxox, Stewart and the Queen Charlotte Islands, taking over the Prince Rupert-Skagway run early in 1917.

WRECK OF STEAMER BEAR IS ABANDONED

Fifty-Foot Rent in Bottom of Hull; Salvor Due Here From Eureka

Eureka, Cal., Oct. 15.—Exactly four months after driving ashore on the Humboldt county coast, north of Cape Mendocino, the steamer Bear, of the Portland & San Francisco Steamship Company, has been abandoned. More than \$100,000 has been expended in vain endeavors to save the stranded ship from Sugar Loaf reef since she went aground on June 14 last, with a loss of five lives. The salvage steamer Salvor left the scene of the wreck on Saturday for Victoria, and Captain W. H. Logan, who superintended the work, is also on his way north from this port.

According to Capt. Logan, the entire starboard side of the Bear has been torn open by the action of the waves, while constant pounding on the rocks has worn a large hole in the stern and a 50-foot opening in the bottom of the hull.

Shifting sand proved an impossible barrier to the salvage operations, Capt. Logan said. Once during the work, he stated, over 20,000 tons of sand which had been pumped away from the vessel's sides after seven days of strenuous work, slid back in a few hours as the result of an unfavorable tide.

The Bear is 280 feet long and 47 feet wide and had accommodations for 272 first class and 30 second class passengers. Her gross tonnage was 4,507. She was built at Newport News in 1909 and was valued at \$1,000,000.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE

Seattle, Oct. 15.—Arrived: Str Simola, West Coast via San Francisco; str Curacao, Southeastern Alaska; str Davenport, San Francisco via Everett; str Admiral Schley, Tacoma, sailed: Str Richmond, San Francisco; str Curacao, Tacoma.
Portland, Ore., Oct. 15.—Departed: Str Celio, for San Francisco.
Flavel, Ore., Oct. 15.—Arrived: Str Great Northern, from San Francisco.
San Pedro, Oct. 14.—Arrived: Str Queen, from Seattle, via San Francisco.
San Francisco, Oct. 15.—Arrived: Strs Hardy, from Coos Bay; E. A. Kilbun, Northern Pacific and Yosemite, from Portland; Doris, from Grays Harbor; Capt. A. M. Lucas, from Seattle; Phoenix, from Bandon; Coalina, from Antofagasta, Sailed: Str Oyleric, for London; Eurymachus, for New York; City of Newcastle, for Vladivostok; San Jacinto, for Grays Harbor; Yellowstone and J. G. Lindauer, for Coos Bay; Rainier, for Vancouver.
Tacoma, Oct. 15.—Arrived: Str Curacao, from Southeastern Alaska, via Seattle, sailed: Str Admiral Schley, for Seattle.
Hongkong, Oct. 14.—Sailed: Strs Shidzuoka Maru, for Seattle, via ports, Oct. 12—Sailed: Str Hazel Dollar, for Vancouver; B. C.
Honolulu, Oct. 14.—Arrived: Strs Beulah, from Port Ludlow, Scher Sept. 25.

EN ROUTE FROM HONGKONG.

The steamer Hazel Dollar, of the Robert Dollar Line, sailed from Hongkong on Oct. 12 for Vancouver.

SUNRISE AND SUNSET.

Time of sunrise and sunset (Pacific standard time) at Victoria, B. C., for the month of October, 1916:

Date	Sunrise	Sunset
Oct. 12	6:29	5:21
Oct. 13	6:31	5:20
Oct. 14	6:32	5:19
Oct. 15	6:34	5:18
Oct. 16	6:35	5:17
Oct. 17	6:36	5:16
Oct. 18	6:37	5:15
Oct. 19	6:38	5:14
Oct. 20	6:39	5:13
Oct. 21	6:40	5:12
Oct. 22	6:41	5:11
Oct. 23	6:42	5:10
Oct. 24	6:43	5:09
Oct. 25	6:44	5:08
Oct. 26	6:45	5:07
Oct. 27	6:46	5:06
Oct. 28	6:47	5:05
Oct. 29	6:48	5:04
Oct. 30	6:49	5:03
Oct. 31	6:50	5:02

TUG FAST ASHORE

Attempt Will Be Made To-day to Float Stranded Edna Grace.

An effort will be made to float the local tug Edna Grace, which a few days ago went ashore on Discovery Island. Capt. W. E. Gardner, owner of the stranded craft, stated to-day that the tug Edna was standing by, and just as soon as a favorable opportunity presented itself an attempt would be made to float her. The vessel is not believed to have sustained much damage.

RICH SILK CARGOES ON INBOUND LINERS

Raw Material and Made Up Goods Valued at \$3,000,000 Aboard Sado and Tamba

Raw silk and silk goods valued at approximately \$3,000,000 are included in the cargoes of the inbound Nippon Yusen Kaisha liner Sado Maru and Tamba Maru. The two ships are bringing in capacity freights and large lists of passengers.

W. R. Dale, local N. Y. K. agent, was to-day advised by wireless from Capt. Asakawa that the Sado Maru, which left Yokohama October 2, will reach port on Thursday, as scheduled. No time was given but it is expected that the ship will reach quarantine about daylight on October 19.

The Sado Maru is one of the Hongkong fleet. She has 33 passengers for Victoria and 140 for Seattle. Her local cargo amounts to 400 tons.

The liner Tamba Maru, from Kobe, is reported to have left Yokohama on Saturday and is due here at the end of the month.

The N. Y. K. liner, Yokohama Maru, Capt. Terada, running one day behind schedule, sailed from the outer docks at 5.30 p. m. on Saturday on her twentieth outward voyage to Yokohama and Hongkong. At her masthead she flew the flag of Rear Admiral A. Akiyama, who, with Commander K. Yamashita, of the Imperial Japanese navy, was a passenger bound for Tokyo after completing a tour of observation of the battlefield in Europe.

Among others the Yokohama Maru were thirty wealthy Japanese business men of New York, Brooklyn and Pittsburgh, with T. Hayashi, of the Japanese Times of New York, in charge, who are on a sightseeing tour of Yokohama, Nagasaki, Kobe and other cities in the far east. The party will spend three months in Japan. K. S. Lee, a prominent Chinese merchant, of Shanghai; C. W. Lyman, manager of the Amos Bird Company, of Shanghai, wife and child; Dr. Louise Hart, a medical missionary, bound for India; Mrs. Helen Dietz, of Manila, who has been visiting in Spokane; and D. J. Sternberg and G. Shefts, business men of New York, were also among the first class passengers sailing by the Japanese liner. About 80 steerage passengers boarded the Yokohama Maru at this port.

LINER PANAMA MARU WAS FLOATED TO-DAY

Seattle, Oct. 15.—The Osaka liner Panama Maru, bound for Seattle and Tacoma with passengers and freight from the Orient, and which went on the sand at Diamond Point, near Port Townsend, during fog last Friday, was pulled into deep water by tugs this morning and proceeded to Seattle apparently undamaged.

BOILERMAKERS RESUME

San Francisco, Oct. 15.—Operations were resumed to-day at the San Francisco and Alameda plants of the Union Iron Works and the Moore & Scott shipyards in Oakland, when approximately 1,000 union men who went on strike Friday morning returned to work. Differences between the local boilermakers and ship fitters' unions resulted in the suspension of work. Union officials reached an agreement after conferences with Mayor James Rolph, Jr., of this city, and officers of the Union Iron Works.

TAMBA MARU COMING.

On her fifty-second eastbound voyage the N. Y. K. liner Tamba Maru sailed from Yokohama on Saturday for this port carrying passengers and cargo. The Japanese liner Shidzuoka Maru, of the same fleet, from Victoria via Yokohama, arrived at Hongkong on Oct. 11, according to belated cable advices from the Orient.

SPORTING NEWS

N.H.A. CONSIDERING SUCCESSOR TO QUINN

Three Names Are Mentioned
as Probable Candidates
for the Position

Montreal, Oct. 15.—While there is no other meeting of the National Hockey Association till the 28th of this month, when the association will meet to elect a successor to T. Emmett Quinn as president. At present there are three nominees, Harvey Pulford, of Ottawa, all round athlete and referee; Frank Calder, Montreal newspaperman and secretary of the association; and Major Frank Robinson, former owner of the Toronto club.

The two first named have been approached, and it seems that either of them is ready to take the position if it should be offered to him with proper financial terms, according to the idea of each. As to the third named gentleman, no one has approached him, and his name has only been mentioned tentatively as that of a man who from his business training would be particularly fitted to control the turbulent spirits that are often exhibited in N. H. A. affairs.

PATRIOTIC BILLIARD TOURNAMENT BEGINS

Play Commences To-day at
the Empress Hotel Rooms;
Many Entries Received

The big handicap billiard tournament which is being put on at the Empress hotel billiard-rooms commences this afternoon at 3 o'clock and will continue until the winner has been decided by a series of elimination games. The games will be played in the afternoon and evening, commencing at 3 and 8 o'clock respectively. Thirty-two of the best exponents of English billiards in the city have entered and as the better players will be handicapped some close finishes may be expected. The games will be 250 up. A beautiful silver cup has been donated by W. H. Wilkerson for the first prize and R. C. C. has donated a presentation case and cue for the winner of second place and a cue for the winner of third. The proceeds from the entries will be handed over to some of the local patriotic societies. The draw and handicap follows:

Taylor (receives 25) plays Spencer (receives 100).
McIlroy (receives 100) plays Vincent (receives 75).
Wilkerson (receives 50) plays Milligan (receives 25).
Johnson (receives 50), plays George (receives 50).
McNeill (receives 50) plays Harper (receives 50).
Benaglia (receives 125) plays Wright (receives 125).
Trimmen (receives 50) plays Keefe (receives 50).
Spencer (scratch) plays McIlroy (scratch).
Bush (scratch) plays Banks (scratch).
Jones (scratch) plays Benson (scratch).
Holman (owes 75) plays Willshire (owes 75).
Kalt (owes 75) plays Scott (owes 75).
Perry (owes 75) plays Harper (owes 75).
Sole (owes 150) plays Woolcock (owes 100).
Robertson (owes 150) plays Warden (owes 75).
Askey (owes 150) plays Mann (owes 100).

Some New York women have formed a club to suppress gossip; so you may send your gossip to that organization and have it suppressed by experts.

VICTORIA WEST TEAM HAS EASY VICTORY

Play Brilliant Football in First
Half; Intermediates
Show Class

The Orbits soccer players had no chance against the Wests at the Canteen grounds. On Saturday afternoon, the latter playing brilliant football, while their opponents were noticeably off color. The Wests had a strong line-up out, nearly all the old stars being in the game and they all played a fine game. The score at half-time was 7 to 0 in favor of the locals, but in the second period they let up a little and the Orbits players toward the end of the game ran in a brace of goals while the Wests notched two also.

Frankish opened the scoring after about 10 minutes of play and from then until the end of the half, there was a regular procession of goals scored. The Wests were shooting with deadly effect and rarely missed the goal when they had any kind of a chance at all. Sherrett, Wilkie and Heyland were the best of the forwards while Whyte, Hornsby, Petticrew and Muir played their usual stellar games on the back field. Hornsby, who played full back, is in camp with the Bantams at Sidney and is a half back when playing in his correct position. His work on Saturday was one of the features of the game. Archie Muir gave a finished exhibition, starting many rushes which opened the way for a number of the Wests goals. The winners lined up as follows: Goal, Peden; backs, Whyte and Hornsby; halves, McLeod, Petticrew and Muir; forwards, Sherrett, Heyland, Frankish, Davis and Wilkie.

Before the big game was played at the Canteen grounds, Saturday, the second team of the Orbits played the navy eleven and were defeated by the overwhelming score of 13 to 0.

V. I. A. A. Wins Easily.

In one of the opening games of the intermediate league, played at Beacon Hill on Saturday afternoon the V. I. A. A. defeated the Retail Employees by the top-heavy score of 11 to 0.

Centrals and Bays Draw.

The Centrals and the Bays played a 1 to 1 draw in their game at the North Ward park on Saturday afternoon. The Bays scoring in the first half and the Centrals in the second half. The Bays had the best of the play in the first half, but the Centrals came back strong during the latter part of the game and all but won out. In this period, one of the Bays players was injured and the Centrals dropped a man to even the teams. In the dying moments the Centrals struggled desperately to put across the winning score, the ball being in the Bays' territory most of the time. The Centrals scored one near the end of the game, but it was disallowed on account of an off-side. Shandley, for the Bays, and Freer, for the Centrals, were the scorers, while Lane and Livingston, for the Centrals, and A. Moffat for the Bays, were the stars of the game.

CHET NEFF TRAINING FOR YOUNG KETCHEL

Chet Neff, the Seattle lightweight, who left for the south after his bout with Wolgast a short time ago, arrived in Los Angeles the other day and went at once to Jack Doyle's training camp, where he is preparing himself for his four-round bout with Young Ketchel to-morrow night.

Frankie Dolan was produced at once as a training partner for the Seattle lightweight, and they went to work. Neff and Ketchel will afford the main event in the regular weekly smoker at Doyle's. If the Seattle boy makes a good showing he will be given several matches in Los Angeles before he starts for Salt Lake City and Denver, where engagements await him.

IS GETTING BUSY



PETE MULDOON
Manager of the Seattle hockey team, who is rounding up a fast aggregation for the Sound City for the coming season.

CON JONES SUGGESTS MINTO CUP TRUSTEE

Vancouver Promoter Thinks
F. J. Burd Should Fill Vacancy on Board

A special meeting of the British Columbia Lacrosse Association will be held within the next ten days to consider the appointment of another Minto cup trustee. Manager Con Jones of the Vancouver Lacrosse Club announced Saturday that he would ask President Frank J. Burd of the association to call the executive together to talk the matter over and it is practically assured that the delegates will gather some time this week.

At the present time only one Minto cup trustee resides in Canada. This is W. K. George, of Toronto, and the general con thinks that the West should be represented by somebody in close touch with the sport. Sir Richard McBride is the British Columbia representative on the board of trustees but he is now in the Old Country and is hardly in a position to settle any dispute which may crop up.

At the meeting this month Jones intends to suggest President F. J. Burd's name to fill the vacancy on the board of trustees, and it is quite possible that the champion Salmonbellies will stand behind the Vancouver sport promoter's suggestion for the chief executive of the coast body has handled the affairs of the B. C. L. A. in a manner entirely satisfactory to both the Greenhirts and the Royals during the past two seasons.

If Mr. Burd is persuaded to accept the nomination, Trustees George and McBride will be notified of the action of the B. C. L. A. and little trouble is anticipated in securing their sanction to the appointment. It is possible that Sir Richard will retire from the board of trustees when another official is accepted.

MAJOR LEAGUES

PACIFIC COAST LEAGUE.

Saturday Results.
At Salt Lake—Portland, 1; Salt Lake, 10.
At Los Angeles—First game: Oakland, 1; Los Angeles, 5. Second game: Oakland, 1; Los Angeles, 5. (Called end 7th, darkness).
At San Francisco—First game: Vernon, 1; San Francisco, 2. Second game: Vernon, 1; San Francisco, 3.

Sunday's Results.
At San Francisco—Morning game—R. H. E. Vernon..... 3 6 2
San Francisco..... 2 8 3
Batteries—Promme and Mitze; Brown, Couch and Sepulveda.
Afternoon game—R. H. E. Vernon..... 4 20 2
San Francisco..... 2 9 2
Batteries—Quinn, Mitchell and Schmidt; Baum, Oldham and Brooks.

At Salt Lake City—First game—R. H. E. Portland..... 2 10 1
Salt Lake..... 3 9 1
Batteries—Hagerman and Roche; Fitzroy and Hannah.
Second game—R. H. E. Portland..... 2 8 0
Salt Lake..... 3 7 0
Batteries—Noyes and Roche; Park and Hannah.

At Los Angeles—Morning game—R. H. E. Oakland..... 3 6 2
Los Angeles..... 3 5 2
Batteries—Martin, Kinney, Gardiner, Burns and Callan; Grandall and Boles.

Afternoon game—R. H. E. Oakland..... 3 7 2
Los Angeles..... 4 10 4
Batteries—Burns and Cullen; Standridge and Bessler.

Standing. W. L. Pct.
Los Angeles..... 12 72 .611
Vernon..... 10 71 .588
San Francisco..... 9 66 .502
Portland..... 8 50 .400
Salt Lake..... 8 50 .400
Oakland..... 6 130 .333

The sales of Noblemen Cigars have more than trebled during the past three months. Have you tried one lately?

AMATEUR UNION HAS RE-ELECTED OFFICERS

B. C. A. A. U. Expresses Confidence in Officers and Censures Sporting Editor

The B. C. A. A. U., which met in Vancouver on Saturday, seems to have survived the attack which was being waged upon that body during the past week. The result of the meeting was that the union took another lease of life, got right down to business and passed legislation which will make it expedite the work of the union. As an expression of satisfaction with their work all officers were also re-elected.

The principal business discussed during the afternoon session was the statement which appeared in the Manitoba Free Press over the signature of a Vancouver sporting editor. After every delegate present had expressed his disgust that such "stuff" should be published and expressions of sympathy had been made to Rev. A. E. Vert, president of the union, whom the articles attacked, the following resolution, moved by Delegate Manson, of Victoria, and seconded by Dr. Davidson, of Vancouver, was unanimously passed:

"Resolved, that in view of the following facts:

"1. The amateur union is organized on a thoroughly representative basis.

"2. The officials of the B. C. branch have exceeded their powers in any respect during the past year.

"3. Statements attacking the officials in the above respect, in the reinstatement of various baseball players have appeared in the various newspapers recently, particularly telegraphic dispatches in the Manitoba Free Press from a Vancouver sporting editor, containing false and malicious statements in an attack upon President Rev. A. E. Vert:

"Therefore, this B. C. branch of the A. A. U. of Canada, in annual meeting assembled, hereby censures the writer and directs that this resolution be made available for publication and copy sent to the manager of the paper."

One of the stories referred to as appearing in the Free Press was headed, "Amateur Head May Lose Job at the Coast," and contained statements that Rev. Vert was in wrong with baseball and lacrosse players; that he was playing a lone hand in amateur union affairs on the coast. Another article stated that the other officials had gone to the front, leaving Mr. Vert the sole representative of the union in British Columbia, and that no meetings had been held for two years. Mr. Vert happened to be in Winnipeg on the day the story was published and called on the editor of the paper and denied the charges made against him.

His denials were published, but the following day appeared another story from Vancouver as mentioned above.

AMERICAN FOOTBALL.

At Princeton—Princeton, 3; Tufts, 6.
At New Haven—Yale, 12; Lehigh, 6.
At Cambridge—Harvard, 21; North Carolina, 6.
At Annapolis—Navy, 19; Pittsburg, 20.
At Hanover, Mass.—Dartmouth, 62; Massachusetts Amherst, 6.
At New Brunswick, N. J.—Rutgers, 13; Washington and Lee, 13.
At Washington, Pa.—Washington and Jefferson, 47; Marietta, 6.
At Philadelphia—Pennsylvania Freshmen, 29; Williamson J. S. 25.
At Andover—Andover, 16; Harvard Freshmen, 9.
At Champaign, Ill.—Colgate, 9; Illinois, 6.
At Madison, Wis.—Wisconsin, 28; South Dakota, 2.
At Ithaca—Cornell, 42; Williams, 6.
At Philadelphia—Swarthmore, 6; University of Pennsylvania, 6.
At Cleveland—Case, 48; Kenyon, 6.
At Chicago—Chicago, 27; Indiana, 6.
At Lincoln—Nebraska, 14; Kansas Aggies, 6.
At Ann Arbor—Michigan, 22; Mount Union, 9.
At East Lansing, Mich.—Michigan Aggies, 32; Alma, 6.
At Lewiston, Me.—Bates, 7; New Hampshire State, 6.
At Lewisburg, Pa.—Bucknell, 9; Susquehanna, 10.
At Syracuse, N. Y.—Franklin and Marshall, 6; Syracuse, 61.
At Easton, Pa.—Lafayette, 6; Ursinus, 6.
At Providence, R. I.—Brown, 6; Amherst, 6.
At Carlisle, Pa.—Albright, 6; Dickinson, 28.
At State College, Pa.—Pennsylvania State, 20; West Virginia Wesleyan, 6.
At West Point, N. Y.—Army, 17; Holy Cross, 6.
At Washington, D. C.—Eastern College, 7; Georgetown, 6.
At New York—New York University, 7; Haverford, 7.
At New York—Columbia, 6; University of Vermont, 6.
At Fort Collins—Colorado Aggies Freshmen, 31; Sacred Heart, 10.
At Ames—Ames, 13; Kansas, 9.
At Akron, O.—Western Reserve, 14; Akron, 3.
At Columbus, O.—Ohio State, 128; Oberlin, 4.
At Lexington, Ky.—Vanderbilt, 45; Kentucky, 9.
At Lafayette, Ind.—Purdue, 28; Wabash, 7.
At Waterville, Me.—Colby, 20; Fort McKinley, 6.

WILL DISTRIBUTE CHINESE PHEASANTS

Salem, Ore., Oct. 16.—Two thousand Chinese pheasants, bred at the state game farm at Corvallis, will be freed in the Willamette Valley this week. The open season on pheasants closed Sunday. It was shortened from 30 to 15 days this year because severe winter storms and heavy rains in the spring, when the first broods were hatched, killed thousands of pheasants in Oregon.

The sales of Noblemen Cigars have more than trebled during the past three months. Have you tried one lately?

VANCOUVER LACROSSE STAR JOINS BANTAMS

Bobby Knight, Fifth Member
of V. A. C. to Don
the Khaki

Another member of the famous Vancouver Athletic Club lacrosse team which "lifted" the Mann cup, has joined the khaki. Bobby Knight, the diminutive home fielder, has passed the necessary medical examination and affixed his signature to an attestation form with the 143rd Battalion. Bobby is now cleaning up his business affairs and in a few days he will head for Victoria to join the battalion.

Knight is the fifth member of the team which went East in 1911, and brought back with it the world's amateur lacrosse championship, to join the colors. The honor roll comprises Art Wright, killed in action; Earl Matheson and "Snipe" Fierheller, now in England with the artillery, and Frank "Punch" Burns, who is now in training at Hastings Park with the artillery.

With the acquisition of Knight it is very probable the 143rd Battalion will organize a lacrosse team, as there are a number of other players in the ranks. Knight was one of the stars of the old amateur days and his spectacular work on the playing field made him a prime favorite with the fans.

VANCOUVER CLUB WINS PUNCH BOWL

Shaughnessy Heights Club a
Close Second; Victoria
Golfers Finish Sixth

The famous Punch Bowl, emblematic of the club golf championship of the Pacific Northwest, Saturday became a permanent possession of the Vancouver Golf and Country Club after the battle against bogie between eight teams on the course of the Shaughnessy Heights Golf Club. When all the cards were turned in it was found that the golfers from the Burquitlam links had finished with the score of 89 down for the 36 holes, while close behind were their most dangerous opponents, the Shaughnessy Heights players, with the score of 98 down.

Of the six other teams entered in the tournament, that of the Seattle Golf Club finished with 162 down in third place, Jericho had a score of 134 down, the Varsity Golf Club of Portland 137 down, the Victoria Golf Club 140 down, the Tacoma Country and Golf Club 152 down, and the Belknap Golf Club 235 down.

Thus ends the quest of the Vancouver club for the Punch Bowl. The Burnaby golfers held the cup for last year, 1913-1914 and 1914-1915, but last year Shaughnessy won and kept it for a year. Seattle held it for two years previous to 1913, and since losing to the Vancouver club in that year has been trying steadily to get it back. The last try failed Saturday.

Although the Vancouver team won, members of the Shaughnessy Heights Golf Club derive some satisfaction from reflecting that had not a bit of bad luck intervened at the last moment the result might have been different. Saturday morning Mr. Smilie, a member of the team and one of the club's most consistent players, was unable to play. The substitute player did not make the two rounds in anything like the same style in which Mr. Smilie has been playing of late.

MAY COME BACK



JACK WALKER
The brilliant wing man of last year's Seattle Metropolitans, who it is reported will again line-up with Muldoon's team.



Two of the models in the line of new Fall Overcoats which are shown in

Semi-ready Tailoring

Few men nowadays think of having an overcoat made in the old retail way of tailoring, for such precise fitting qualities are shown in Semi-ready Tailoring, and in the finest and smoothest imported British woollens at from \$15.00 to \$35.00.

Plain and conventional, as well as the smart new styles in slip-on and pinch-back models.

Mearns & Fuller—Cor. View and Douglas Sts.

PFEFFER HAD HARD TIME BREAKING IN

Brooklyn Star Was Mistaken
for Fred Pfeffer, Who
Was a Veteran

Edward ("Jeff") Pfeffer had a hard time breaking into the majors. It wasn't because he was a poor pitcher, but because the magnates who heard of the doings of a Pfeffer in the minors confused him with the ancient Pfeffer (Fred) who passed beyond the big league pale some years ago.

Back in the latter part of 1913, Jim Gaffney, then owner of the Braves, got a letter from a friend in Grand Rapids.

"Grab this fellow, Pfeffer, who is pitching for the Grand Rapids club," advised his friend. "He's a wonder; been pitching real baseball and ought to be a sensation in the big leagues."

Whereupon Gaffney laughed: "Why should I sign up Pfeffer?" he said to one of his associates. "He's a has-been." You see, Jim had him mixed up with the ancient and honorable one.

A while later it became noised around in big league circles that a chap named Pfeffer was doing great things in the Central League. But all of the magnates except C. H. Ebbets figured it was Pfeffer, the veteran. So they passed up the chance to share one of the best moundmen that has busted into the big tent in many years.

Ebbets, however, had a scout somewhere in the Grand Rapids neighborhood. Ebbets wasn't sure whether the Pfeffer was the old boy or a youngster. But he didn't take any chances. He wired his scout to "take a look at that bird," which the scout did. Pfeffer was drafted by Ebbets because it wasn't the old boy, but a young one who was setting the league on fire.

Pfeffer won twenty-three out of thirty-five games for the Dodgers in 1914 and nineteen out of thirty-three last year. This season he was their most dependable pitcher—the boy who put them in the fight early in the year and who, barring one slip-up, helped to keep them there.

RESTA MAKES FAST TIME AT CHICAGO

Chicago, Ill., Oct. 16.—Dario Resta captured the winner's share in the \$15,000 Grand American Purse Saturday and went into the lead in the season's competition for the 1916 American Championship Purse of \$13,000 by winning the 250-mile automobile race here. Resta's time for the 250 miles was 2 hours 24 minutes and 16.68 seconds, a rate of 103.97 miles an hour.

TABER HOCKEY STAR REPORTED MISSING

George Baird, the fourth son of Hon. J. B. Baird, Speaker of the Manitoba legislature, has been reported as "missing" since September 28. He left

ALWAYS GOOD THORPE'S

Brewed Ginger Beer
Brewed Ginger Stout
Pale Dry Ginger Ale
"The New Drink!"

And Many Other High-Class
Beverages

Phone 435

for France with one of the early contingents. For two years he was located in Taber, Alta., where he played hockey with the famous Taber Cooks, of which team Loyd Cook, the Vancouver wing man, was a member.

BILL CARRIGAN SAYS FAREWELL TO RED SOX

Bill Carrigan, manager of the world's champion Boston Red Sox, has said farewell to the team which he has piloted to world honors in two successive years. He said he was "through with baseball for all time." George Foster, former crack pitcher, who suffered from a lame arm this season, also announced his retirement. Some of the Red Sox remained together to play an exhibition game at New Haven, Conn. Others started on motor trips to hunting preserves in Canada or to their homes in distant places.

MORE TALK OF LEAFS ENTERING AMERICAN

New York, Oct. 16.—Renewed discussion of the possibility of Toronto entering the American League to replace an eastern club of that organization was occasioned when James McCaffery and J. Solman, of the Toronto International League club, conferred in this city Saturday with President Ban Johnson, of the American League. The Toronto magnates, after the conference, said it was not possible that such an honor would be conferred on Toronto "until the close of the war at the earliest."

BOSTON CHAMPIONS ARE HELD TO DRAW

New Haven, Conn., Oct. 16.—The champion Boston Americans and the semi-professional colonials played an exhibition baseball game here yesterday, the contest being called at the end of the ninth inning with the score 3 to 1. The Red Sox had their regular lineup, with the exception of Hooper and Gardner. Ty Cobb, of the Detroit Americans, played first base for the locals, and had the unusual record of making eight assists. He made two hits. The score:

Boston..... 1 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 3 8 4
Colonials..... 0 0 0 3 0 0 0 0 0 3 8 3
Batteries—Ruth and Cady; Felsky, Keating and Keilmer.

"JOHNNIE WALKER"

KILMARNOCK

Extra Special WHISKY

For your health's sake, drink only the best.
"Johnnie Walker" is perfectly aged—matchless
in quality and flavor.

After nearly a century of public service, its sterling merits have firmly established the "square bottle" as

THE STANDARD WHISKY THE WORLD OVER

WHOLESALE AGENTS

Pither & Leiser, Limited

Victoria

Vancouver, B. C.

LET

FURNISHED

York Place, Oak Bay \$100
Beach Drive, 10 rooms \$100
1652 Wilmet Place, 9 rooms \$100
619 Burleigh Lodge, 7 rooms \$100
Mt. Douglas Apts. to let. Apply Suite 5.

UNFURNISHED

1724 Haultain St., 6 rooms \$20
3541 Fernwood Rd., 6 rooms \$12.50
114 Ontario St., 6 rooms \$12
526 Cook St., 2 rooms \$12
1282 Beach Drive, 7 rooms \$12
"Rockhaven," Beach Drive, 3 rooms \$12
195 Olive St., 7 rooms \$20.00
650 Toronto St., 5 rooms \$11.00
Douglas St., 2 rooms \$12
51 Government St., 4 rooms \$12
405 Laurel St., 4 rooms \$7.50
1102 View St., 7 rooms \$12
402 Superior St., 7 rooms \$12
2042 Byron St., 3 rooms \$8
703 Cave St., 3 rooms \$8
Newport Ave., 12 rooms \$12
166 Joseph St., 3 rooms \$12
1711 Haultain St., 4 rooms \$8
348 Pembroke St., 10 rooms \$12
724 Hillside Ave., 5 rooms \$12
Spring Rd., opp. Geo. Jay School, 8 rooms \$20.00
711 Front St., 8 rooms \$20
1116 North Park St., 17 rooms \$20
219 Cross St., 6 rooms \$7.50
224 Work St., 4 rooms \$8
224 Work St., 5 rooms \$8
1734 Albert St., 3 rooms \$7.50
1619 Bank St., 7 rooms \$12
216 Blanshard St., 4 rooms \$12
1722 Edmondson Rd., 6 rooms \$10.50
267 Cook St., 11 rooms \$25

P. R. BROWN, 1112 Broad St.
Insurance Written. Money to Loan.

Answers to Times Want Ads.

The following replies are waiting to be called for:

580, 564, 568, 1151, 1181, 1188, 1268, 1329, 1342, 1353, 1358, 1467, 1477, 1524, 1583, 1589, 1599, 1627, 1636, 1648, 1688, 1716, 1722, 1771, 6165.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY

DIGGONISMS.—Any man who tries to dodge his taxes has no right to banker after fame. Diggon Printing Co., 706 Yates street. Initials embossed on stationery; over 1,300 dies for the purpose kept in stock by us. o18

WHY GO HOME TO EAT when you can get a nice, tasty lunch of four courses at the Vernon Cafe for 25c? Try it once and you will keep on trying it. Tables for ladies. o18

COWPER APARTMENTS (new, unfurnished) Menzies street, near Beacon Hill and Parliament Buildings. Three and four-room suites, heated, modern and comfortable. Apply 210 Menzies, n. o18

CORDWOOD.—Best wood, lowest price. G. L. Walker, 278Y. o18

LOST.—From 623 Esquimalt road, liver and white pointer bitch, Phoebe. Any one found harboring same will be prosecuted. o18

STRAYED.—From 1500 York Place or Woodlawn Crescent, Oak Bay, black cocker spaniel, answers name of "Viggo," tag No. 27. Anyone finding same please return or Phone 331R. Reward. o18

WE BUY houses of furniture for spot cash. Phone 1747. o18

FIREMAN wants work, steady and reliable. Box 1728, Times. o18

TO THE RESIDENTS OF FAIRFIELD.—The Powell Cash Meat Market, at the Five Points, Moss and Oscar streets, will open on Oct. 17, with a first-class line of fresh meats, fish, poultry, etc. Orders called for and promptly delivered. Phone 4634. Prizes for the children every Saturday. n16

WANTED.—Experienced bookkeeper, busier, give references and salary expected. Box 556, Times. o18

FOR SALE.—Baby buggy (Wagner), child's high chair, mahogany extension table; sell cheap. 658 Langford. o18

I WANT A BARGAIN in a 7 or 8 roomed house, modern, on high ground, preferably in Woodlawn. Particulars in reply. Box 5508, Times. o18

BACHELOR would like large, clean room, with breakfast or full board, in refined home, vicinity of Parliament Buildings. No other guests preferred. State terms to Box 1722, Times. o17

WANTED.—Two or three modern, furnished, housekeeping rooms, close in, and use of garage or shed for storage, auto. Box 1748, Times. o18

FAIRFIELD.—Small lot, \$250; \$25 cash, \$10 month, Box 1744, Times. o18

SIX ROOMED HOUSE, close in, good condition, vacant about end of month. Phone 4114L. o18

FURNITURE at Perle's second-hand store. Twin brass beds, white enamel bedstead, Singer sewing machines from \$15, gramophones and records, oil stoves and ranges, equal to new. Perle's, 1419 Douglas. Phone 1573. Always open to buy or handle goods on commission. o18

WANTED.—Launch, between 20 and 30 feet; best price will be paid. Perle's dealer, 1419 Douglas. Phone 1573. o18

FOR SALE.—Three good lots, all cleared, in Port Angeles; for quick sale \$600. 2185, Times. o21

LOST.—Between St. John, Belleville street and Pantegies Theatre, gold pin, diamond and pearls setting. Phone 1361L, or leave at 222 Cross street and receive reward. o18

LOST.—On Saturday, Oct. 14, black seal muff, size 12 in. x 16 in., lined brown satin. Reward. Apply City Detective Office. o17

FOR SALE.—Mason & Risch piano, cheap, \$5 month, 157 Quadra. o18

WANTED.—To buy, Persian rug, must be good, cheap. Write X, Times. o21

FURNISHED HOUSE WANTED.—Small, warm cottage or shack, within 10 miles, near lake or river, one month, small rent. P. O. Box 954, city. o18

GORDON HEAT ACRES.—Five acres, cleared and cultivated, good 6-room house, barn, etc. This property is less than 4 miles from city; price, \$6,000. Currie & Power, 1214 Douglas street. Phone 148. o18

LOST.—Saturday night, at Royal Victoria Theatre, small velvet purse containing \$20 bill, change and key. Phone 4460L. Reward. o18

LOST.—Plain gold watch with monogram M. L. L. Suitable reward on returning. Times Office. o18

SIXTY CENTS AN HOUR for your plumbing repairs. Phone 1915. Standard Plumbing Co., office 25 Winch Bldg. o18

COUNT OF BALLOTS STARTS TO-MORROW

Segregation of Soldier Votes is a Slow Procedure and Ends To-night

LIBERAL CANDIDATES LEADING ON THE WHOLE

Public Paid for Lists for Information of Bowser Candidates

It is the determination of the presiding officer to remain with the task until the second stage of the count of the soldier vote is completed. That may not be until late this afternoon or it may not be until some time during the evening. But he has decided that the actual count of the ballots shall start to-morrow morning, and proceed down the list alphabetically from Albert to Yale, without interruption after any preliminary objections have been heard and disposed of one way or another.

The stage at which the handling of the ballots is now is a slow one, due to the fact that each envelope has to pass under the scrutiny of the official who is assisting Sidney Child, presiding officer, at each of the three tables in use, and of three or four scrutineers in the work of segregation it may be, of opened, and the ballots abstracted without unfolding and dropped in the box; and the three sets of papers—for candidates and on the two referenda—then taken out, segregated into separate piles, placed in envelopes and put back in the box, and the receptacle sealed with labels bearing the initials of the official and of the scrutineers, to await the count of the ballots. These will be taken, the candidates first, and when all the thirty-nine constituencies have been finished, the referenda votes. In the work of segregation it is possible to get some idea of how the vote has been going. It may be stated broadly that the soldiers, as was expected, have voted very much as the people at home did. There are indications that a factor on which the government relied a good deal has been at play, and that by sedulously keeping the voters in ignorance of the politics of the men for whom they had to vote, and by making it feasible for the Bowser candidates to get in pleas for themselves, a number of soldiers have voted for the latter. This will have the effect in one or two constituencies of changing the result from the election of a Liberal member by the voters actually resident in the province, and bringing about the re-election of the Bowser ex-member who was running against him.

There were lists compiled at the public expense and after much trouble had been gone to, which gave the names of every soldier and the names of the officers and it was supposed until this morning that it was for the guidance of these officers. They were also furnished to the Bowser candidates and these gentlemen were enabled to bombard the prospective voters with literature. The Liberal candidates could not get anything in the way of campaign literature into the camps.

That the lists were not made out for any other purpose than supplying the Bowser candidates with information at the public cost is inferentially borne out by a statement made just before adjournment to-day by the presiding officer. It was an argument raised by J. W. West, member-elect for South Vancouver, that men who should not have voted in his constituency but in the adjacent riding of Richmond, were because their names were on lists furnished by the government officials as belonging to South Vancouver.

Speaking on this matter immediately before the luncheon adjournment, Mr. Child referred to Mr. West's statement that these lists had been furnished as a means of enabling the presiding officers to ascertain where a man should vote. He had been authorized to say that the information received from the presiding officers was that the data in the declarations on the envelopes had been inserted on the information obtained from the voters themselves and the lists had not been referred to, so that the trouble and expense gone to had been in a sense thrown away. Mr. Child said he did not want an erroneous impression to go abroad.

This morning a number of boxes were taken up and disposed of, with satisfactory results to the Liberal candidates on the whole.

In favor of F. A. Pauline, and Yale ran three to one in favor of Mayor Joseph Walters, of Merritt, the Liberal candidate there. Of thirteen votes in the Rossmore box eight were for Mayor Wilson and five for Hon. Lorne Campbell. Of the eleven votes cast by soldiers from Omicra six were for the Bowser candidate and five for A. M. Manson, member-elect. Parker Williams got the soldiers two to one.

At adjournment the first Victoria box had been taken up, in which were 130 envelopes.

The expected aid to the Bowser candidates, so ardently lusted for and so often claimed by the government press to be coming, does not appear to be materializing. There are, of course, likely to be changes in one or two constituencies, but nothing of such a nature as to alter the civilian count in a number of ridings is occurring.

When the Esquimalt ballots were segregated on Saturday afternoon the two candidates were anxious to know

how they went, and as there were only seventy of them from all parts of Canada, the scrutineers took tally of them as the assistant to the presiding officer took them out of the box and straightened them out.

R. H. Pooley, the defeated Bowser candidate, did not look any too happy when the result showed that of these A. W. McArthur had received 38 and he himself had only got 32. Esquimalt was one of the places where the soldier vote was looked to by the friends of the government candidate to elect him, especially that part of the vote taken in the Dominion.

In the Islands box were found 36 ballots, and these were tallied in the same way. Captain W. W. Foster, the late member, got 22 votes and M. B. Jackson, member-elect on the civilian vote, 14, or a gain of eight to Capt. Foster towards reducing the lead of 32 which Mr. Jackson has.

The largest number of votes in any constituency is, naturally, in Vancouver. Mr. Child decided on Saturday afternoon that it would be well to proceed with the work of scrutinizing these envelopes and getting the ballots segregated, as it would delay the work of the count if they were left to be taken up almost at the close of this stage. Accordingly he set a fourth set of officials and scrutineers at work on one of the boxes in which the Vancouver vote has been kept since Friday. Shortly before work was given up for the day this box was finished and the 252 envelopes and three sets of ballot papers contained in them dealt with.

The work had been watched with interest by M. A. Macdonald, M. P. P., who headed the Vancouver poll with a plurality of 1,700 over the premier; J. S. Cowper, M. P. P., the fifth man on the ticket, and Patrick Donnelly, M. P. P., who is 215 ahead of the premier on the civilian count; and others from the mainland city. It was suggested that the ballots be run over and a tally taken of how the premier and Mr. Donnelly stood on them.

When this had been done it was found that Mr. Bowser had received 111 votes from the 252 soldiers whose ballots were the subject of tally, that Mr. Donnelly had received 59 and that Mr. Cooper had got 97. Meanwhile prohibition scrutineers had been satisfying themselves as to how the men in khaki voted on that issue. The vote was 59 for prohibition and 152 against it.

There are approximately 1,500 ballots to be counted for the Vancouver candidates, cast in Canada. Should the premier keep up the same ratio of support in the others yet to be dealt with it would mean that he would receive 55 votes from the soldiers who voted in the Dominion and Bermuda. With a similar proportion from the soldiers abroad he would still be under the sixth Liberal member-elect.

There are 48 votes for Fort George riding, and a glance at these as they were being separated revealed the fact that John McInnes, the Socialist candidate, had received a large percentage of the support of the soldiers. If this is continued in the case of the many overseas, and there is every reason to believe that it will be, the final defeat of the minister of lands, whose majority on the civil vote is 32, would seem to be within the probabilities.

In Comox it was apparent that a great number of the eighty odd votes had gone to Michael Manson, as against Hugh Stewart, whose majority is but 32. This is not surprising when it is remembered that there was a camp at Comox for several months, and that Mr. Manson and H. S. Clements, M. P., were almost constant visitors there, and that the interests of the Bowser candidate were well looked after.

As the majority of A. D. Paterson in Delta is only six it is possible that the khaki candidate there, Lieut. MacKenzie, will overcome his lead. In the votes to be counted here he appears to be getting a larger vote than Mr. Paterson. In Dewdney, W. J. Manson looks to be getting very many votes of the 188 to be counted, but he is not at all likely to overtake the lead of 168 which John Oliver has on him.

One Cowichan voter was so keen on the job that he voted twice. This is a record at Sidney camp, on September 6 he appeared before C. W. Lovell as presiding officer and voted. One week later, on September 13, the day before election day, he again presented himself, this time before J. M. Smith as presiding officer, and cast another ballot.

The number of envelopes in the several constituencies as passed by the scrutineers is as follows: Alberni, 25; Atlin, 42; Cariboo, 29; Chilliwack, 160; Columbia, 80; Comox, 80; Cowichan, 47; Delta, 71; Dewdney, 188; Esquimalt, 70; Fernie, 229; Fort George, 48; Grand Forks, 26; Greenwood, 43; Islands, 36; Kamloops, 278; Nanaimo, 73; two to one for William Sloan; Newcastle, 22 and four for Nanaimo; Omicra, 13; Penticton, 51; Rossland, 13; Saanich, 153; Similkameen, 99 and one spoiled; Yale, 142.

MILK REGULATIONS

Conference Between Officials is Expected to Be Held Soon.

It will be impossible, it was stated at the city health office to-day, to enforce the milk regulation by-law as amended, and a conference to remove the difficulty is proposed.

The by-law fixes one month as the period for inspections of stock, but the department of agriculture cannot with the present inspection staff in the province supply the necessary certificate in that period. It will be necessary to have either 60 or 80 days given for the department to conduct the inspection dairy stock.

It is proposed to hold a meeting with the health committee, at which Deputy Minister Scott and Live Stock Commissioner MacDonald will be invited to attend, to discuss the situation at an early date.

Notice of the change will be circulated to dairymen, so that the alterations to the dairies may be effected before Jan. 15 next, thus avoiding the issuance of the license for the remainder of the present year.

POPULAR ATHLETE DIES OF WOUNDS

Pte. J. Shires Left With 2nd C. M. R.; Victorians in Casualty Lists

Pte. Joe Shires, who is reported as having died of gunshot wounds on October 1 in the casualty clearing station, was a well known Victorian and very popular everywhere. He was particularly well known in sporting circles. He was an ardent football player and took a deep interest in all manly sports. Pte. Shires was educated in this city at the Collegiate school, and after graduating remained for a time there as tutor. Later he studied law and for that reason became a member of the Law Students' Football Club, with which he played. Surveying became his chosen profession and he took some training in civil engineering. When the war broke out he joined the 2nd C. M. R. Although only about 22 years of age, Pte. Shires had made a name for himself in the city, and in the army he was offered stripes on several occasions, but preferred to remain a private until he secured his expected commission. His father, who was an expert engineer, went to England to serve under the admiralty on ammunition work. His mother lives on Tillamook road, and his sister is training as a nurse in Seattle.

Sgt. William Hosie-Dryden, D.C.M., whose name appears on the casualty list as missing and believed to be killed, is a brother of Constable James Dryden, of South Saanich. For rescuing Col. Hart McHarg after he had been

wounded and for other gallant behavior he was awarded the Distinguished Conduct Medal. Prior to enlisting he was employed in this city on the Sooke waterworks and as foreman, carpenter with Grant, Smith & Co. and Macdonell, Ltd. He left here with the ambulance corps. He was married in Scotland recently during a furlough. His father, James Dryden, lives in Dundee, Scotland, two sisters are in Winnipeg and two in Belleville, Ont. While a brother, David D. Dryden, is serving with the 6th Battalion.

Sgt. R. E. Peters, who has died of wounds, enlisted with the 31st Battalion at New Westminster. He was a resident of Victoria for some time, and was known to many here.

Pte. John R. Thompson, reported killed, was a native of Ireland, where he was born 35 years ago. A graduate of Dublin University he came to British Columbia ten years ago and taught school at Port Alberni, Clinton, Lytton, Ashcroft and Arrowhead Lake prior to leaving on active service with the 29th Battalion. His brother, Lieut. William C. Thompson, is with the 15th Regiment.

News has been received that Major Rowland E. Paget, of the King's Royal Rifles, has been severely wounded. He is a son of the late Lord Berkeley Paget and Lady Paget, of London Hall, Rugeley, Kent. His wife, who is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Cran, of Valence, Quamichan Lake, is at present in England.

Mrs. Dora Green, 1125 Bay street, received a telegram on Saturday reporting that her son, Pte. George Green, was seriously ill and in No. 1 hospital at Etaples, France. Pte. Green, who is 21 years of age, was born in Victoria, and previous to enlisting was employed at the Empress Hotel. He joined the 88th along with his brother, Pte. Hilbert Green, in the spring of 1915, and transferred to the 42nd, training with that battalion in Vernon and later transferred to the 67th, with which unit he left here for England. He had been in the trenches about six weeks when reported ill. Besides his mother, who resides at the above address, he has one brother and four sisters living in this city.

"Verdun," says a German sergeant, "can only be described as hell; this explains why the Kaiser sent the crown prince there."

LADIES are invited to save money and secure the pick of the season's footwear styles from The Bootery's Big Complete Stock.



Some particularly smart styles in dull or glazed kid, featuring the new 8 and 9-inch tops, are excellent value at prices ranging from only \$5.00

THE BOOTERY
1111 Government Street Next to Kirkham's

Mr. Herbert Kent

takes pleasure in announcing the opening of the

New Edison Store

at 1004 Government Street, Victoria, B. C., on

Thursday Next, the 19th

and extends a cordial invitation to you and your friends to visit the new showrooms.

The Edison Is NOT a Talking Machine

To learn why it is so charmingly different, and superior in every particular, drop in the store and hear the incomparable tone of the New Edison Diamond Disc. Of this particular instrument we shall have much more to say, so watch our ads in Colonist and Times, which will be found in the same position daily.

What Do You Think of This Comparison?

GREAT artists have been, and are, frequently placed beside the New Edison, and sing in direct comparison, with the result that it is impossible to distinguish one from the other. No talking machine manufacturer would dare claim that his instrument could meet the test, one that only the Edison can meet.

Come to the New Edison Store Next Thursday. Bring Your Friends and Relatives and Their Friends and Relatives

A masterpiece needs no coined word as a trade name. Edison's new invention is known by its inventor's name.

KENT'S EDISON STORE

1004 Government Street, Victoria. Phone 3449

SUING FOR SETTLEMENT

Sooke Stage Driver Claims Rival Owes Him Money.

A complicated case came before Judge Lampman this morning in the county court. Eustace T. Arden, who formerly operated a stage on the Sooke route, is suing another stage operator named Fisher for certain moneys which he claimed should have been paid to him in the year 1910.

According to the evidence this morning both men were operating stages, Arden making the trip three times a week and Fisher twice. Fisher then obtained a contract from the Vancouver Island Power Co. to carry men to the camps on their power cable con-

struction, and there was a pooling of horses and other things which helped to complicate matters. The plaintiff claimed, however, that after he had done a lot of work, kept the accounts and made out the bills, Fisher collected the money and failed to pay over any to him.

Even this might have been allowed to pass had it not been that not long ago Fisher, so it is alleged, broke Arden's wagon and promised to pay the repair bill, but never fulfilled his promise.

The case is proceeding this afternoon. D. S. Tait is appearing for the plaintiff and J. A. Aikman for the defence.

"Demand Phoenix Beer. Home produced."

Wellington COAL

Ours is the most economical and satisfactory on the market.

HALL & WALKER

Distributors Canadian Collieries (Dunsmuir) Ltd., Wellington Coals.
1232 Government Street. Phone 83

ECHO OF EXECUTION OF ROGER CASEMENT

British Government Was Not to Be Influenced by Washington

Long Branch, N. J., Oct. 16.—A letter from Secretary Tumulty to Michael Francis Doyle, who was attorney for Roger Casement, containing a denial that the American government was negligent in its efforts to save Casement from being executed after his conviction for treason in England was made public to-day.

Mr. Tumulty replied to a letter from Mr. Doyle saying Mrs. Newman, Casement's sister, had received information from London that her brother's life might have been spared had the resolution urging clemency adopted by the senate been forwarded to the British foreign office more promptly.

"I can say," wrote Mr. Tumulty, "that the state department discussed the Roger Casement matter with the British ambassador on several occasions, informally, but in great detail, before the passage of the senate resolution; that the senate resolution was prepared on Saturday, and that the ambassador at once conveyed the information to the British government. On Wednesday, the day before the day of execution, when the ambassador and I again were discussing the subject, he showed me a cablegram from the government stating that his government had considered the Casement case and the resolution of the senate, and had come to the conclusion that in view of all the circumstances it could not grant clemency."

"Particular stress was laid, as I recall, by the British government, on the fact that Irish prisoners in Germany who had refused to assist Casement had been punished. The statements made in letters to Mrs. Newman that had the resolution been presented in time her brother's life would have been spared were utterly and entirely without foundation. You can state authoritatively that the ambassador read me the actual message from his government stating the resolution had been considered and that the conclusion had been reached that clemency could not be granted."

CASUALTIES AMONG CANADIAN SOLDIERS

Ottawa, Oct. 16.—The following casualties were announced to-day:

Infantry.
Killed in action—Pte. J. Casey, Pte. J. Dod, Pte. G. A. Hay, Pte. A. S. Higgins, Pte. J. M. D. G. Martindale, Pte. R. McMahon, Pte. D. Morrison, Pte. F. Neale, Pte. W. Plant, Pte. J. Robertson, Pte. A. S. Ramway, Pte. J. Wilkie, Pte. J. J. Jones.

Pte. A. Morrison.
Missing—Pte. E. P. Gaudin, Pte. P. Leaveland, Lieut. E. R. Stewart.
Previously reported missing, now wounded—Pte. Barrett, Sgt. E. Davidson, Pte. Ernest Bailey.

Wounded—Pte. J. Allan, Pte. J. A. Davies, Pte. G. T. Debenham, Pte. G. Hall, Pte. J. E. Hale, Pte. I. Jarsh, Lieut. C. H. Barrard, Sgt. E. G. Dupé, Sgt. R. Kennedy, Sgt. J. Walsh.
Killed in action—Pte. A. M. Ballistron, Pte. P. Ryan.

Died of wounds—Pte. J. McLean, Pte. W. L. Mackie, Pte. S. Mattingley.
Seriously ill—Pte. W. C. Symons, Pte. L. Marsh, Lieut. P. W. Peach.

Wounded—Pte. Paul Valmain, Pte. A. Bainbridge, Pte. P. G. T. Brackley, Pte. J. Brooks, Pte. H. Burnett, Lance-Sgt. W. Davidson, Pte. G. K. Ripot, Pte. T. Kubay, Pte. S. Lazurok, Pte. J. Murphy, Pte. P. Pearson, Pte. A. Smith, Pte. W. Treahave, Pte. J. Truitt.

Artillery.
Wounded—Gnr. M. Porthin.

Infantry.
Missing—Lieut. P. V. Sutton.

Previously reported killed in action; now prisoner of war—Lieut. W. R. Clark.

Bayonne Strike.

Bayonne, N. J., Oct. 16.—Settlement of the strike affecting 12,000 employees of the Standard and other oil companies here was deferred at a meeting of the strikers here to-day. A committee which will report back to the men was appointed to discuss with officers of the companies a plan to have the strikers return under a promise of better working conditions. It was indicated that the men might abandon their original demand for better wages.

Vancouver Major.

London, Oct. 16.—Major W. F. Kemp, of Vancouver, has been attached for employment in the direction of recruiting and organization.

HOLLAND AND SPAIN ANGERED BY GERMANY

Norway Has Barred Submarines; Alfred Zimmerman Talked to Correspondent

Berlin, Oct. 15.—Via London, Oct. 16.—Norway, Holland and Spain now are playing the leading parts in Germany's international submarine problem to the subordination of the United States, which so long, and so often has held the centre of the stage. The Associated Press correspondent here discussed the present situation to-day with Dr. Alfred Zimmerman, under secretary for foreign affairs, who indicated that the tables had been cleared, and that no negotiations were in progress so far as the United States was concerned. He outlined developments regarding other neutrals.

The case of Holland is simplest. It concerns only the Bloemendijk, which was sunk off the New England coast by the German submarine U-53 on Oct. 8. Germany is unwilling to accept the "cashed version" of the circumstances under which the vessel was sunk. A. is convinced that the submarine commander must have kept within the German prize regulations, as strictly enjoined. Full compensation has been offered, in the event that the commander exceeded his instructions.

Typical Prussian Offer.
Spain's grievances have to do with the sinking of fruit steamships. Strictly speaking these are valid prizes, because the cargo is contraband bound for hostile ports. The Spanish government, however, has pointed out that the prosperity of the country, and particularly of the great class of small fruit raisers, has been affected seriously by interruptions of this trade, and Germany has offered to let such ships pass unmolested if they are provided with proper certificates from German consuls and if the entente powers permit similar cargoes—ship for ship—to pass for the German market. No reply has been received.

Norwegian Measure.
The Norwegian measure barring submarines from Norwegian waters in accordance with the British memorandum is regarded as incompatible with Norwegian neutrality. No exhaustive report of the legal aspects of the question has yet reached Dr. Zimmerman's hands, but the under secretary said the matter undoubtedly would be the subject of a strong protest to Norway. He took the position that Norway was unjustified under international law in differentiating among classes of warships and making rules applying to one specific class.

Dr. Zimmerman spoke with high satisfaction of the terms of the reply of the United States to the memorandum of the entente powers on the treatment of submarines. He declared it was marked by a true spirit of neutrality.

Submarine U-53.
The appearance and activities of a German submarine off the American coast had not been made the subject of diplomatic negotiations or complications, he continued, and all reports indicated that the German commander had observed in every way the letter and spirit of Germany's undertaking with the United States. He said no communications on that subject, either through the German embassy at Washington or through the American embassy here, had been received.

TEUTONIC LINES IN DOBUDJA WITHDRAWN

London, Oct. 16.—A wireless message from Petrograd to-day states that the Teutonic lines in Dobudja have been withdrawn to the vicinity of Dobrich (Bazardjik) in the southern portion of the province.

King Ferdinand of Roumania has visited Dobudja, where the situation is excellent, the message declares.

WILHELM'S DOINGS.

Berlin, Oct. 16.—Kaiser Wilhelm, while visiting Schonbrunn, the Austrian imperial palace, recently received Captain Allan L. Briggs, United States military attaché at Vienna, who is about to leave the capital, says an Overseas News Agency statement to-day. He also received the Austro-Hungarian foreign minister, Baron Burian, the Austro-Hungarian minister at Berlin, Prince Hohenlohe-Schillingfurst, and the Austro-Hungarian minister of war, General von Krobantin.

AN "OVERSEAS" ALLEGATION.

Berlin, Oct. 16.—"The Roumanian second army, in its retreat in Transylvania, lost approximately two divisions," says the Overseas News Agency. "The Roumanian first army and the larger part of the second army have been virtually annihilated."

BRITISH FIGHTING TO TAKE BAPAUME

Gains Made in Thiépval Region and Northeast of Gueudecourt

London, Oct. 16.—General Sir Douglas Haig's troops have won new successes in the Thiépval region, north of the Somme. There the British are confronted by two great obstacles to an advance—the powerfully fortified Stiff and Schwaben redoubts. After heavy artillery preparation the British swung forward in this sector on Saturday and advanced on both positions. North of the Stiff redoubt two lines of German trenches were cleared for a distance of 200 yards. North and west of the Schwaben redoubt the enemy was thrust back. The Germans again adhered to the policy of abandoning ground in preference to losing men in great numbers. About 300 prisoners were swept behind the British ranks in the two movements.

Both of these bastions in the German line now appear to be perilously close to capture. From dominating positions in three sides of them the heavy British guns are pouring forth a destructive fire that soon will pave the way for a charge by the infantry. With the two redoubts in their hands the British will be able to sweep northward along the eastern side of the Ancre valley with little opposition, thus bringing Bapaume under attack from the flank.

A slight advance also was made by British troops yesterday to the northeast of Gueudecourt, where Gen. Haig's troops threaten to encircle Transloy from the north and thus force the evacuation by the Germans of their lines along the Bethune road between Transloy and Sailly-Saillies.

Success in this movement would straighten out the allies' front south of Bapaume and permit of an advance on both sides of the triangle, at whose apex lies their objective.

South of Somme.
In the face of furious counter-attacks by the Germans along the whole front south of the Somme the French made no attempt to exploit their successes in the region north of Chaulnes and near Barleux. Most of the German attacks were beaten off by the impenetrable curtain of fire set up by the French guns. The infantry rolled back the hostile forces that succeeded in working their way as far as the French lines.

Few French successes since the beginning of the offensive promise more than that obtained in the vicinity of Belloy-en-Santerre and Abailcourt. Both have an important bearing on the drive against Peronne from the south. The smashing advance by the French on Saturday prepared the way for an attack on Barleux, the most formidably defended village in the region. Barleux now is exposed to attack on the north and west, and Gen. Foch's troops are pressing forward on the south in an effort to pocket it. With its fall, Peronne's doom will be virtually sealed. A general offensive movement on this front awaits only a spell of dry days such as occurred last fall.

That the Germans underestimated the strength of the French forces and the driving power of their attacks is indicated by the capture of more than 1,000 prisoners by the French in the operations on Saturday.

TWO NEGROES PUT TO DEATH IN KENTUCKY

Paducah, Ky., Oct. 16.—Two negroes were lynched by a mob here to-day and their bodies burned. One was charged with having attacked a white woman and the other was accused of having vowed approval of his action.

One was taken from the country jail and the other was seized on the streets. Followed by a crowd of 6,000 persons, a large part of them in automobiles, the negroes were taken to the home of the woman. While one of them was held for identification, the other was taken to a tree, a rope thrown over a limb, his neck encircled in a noose and an automobile hitched to the other end.

As soon as the other negro had been identified as the assailant of the woman he was led to the same tree and the process repeated. After assuring themselves that both negroes were dead, the members of the mob lowered the bodies and burned them on a blazing pile of brush.

SETTLEMENT LOOKED FOR WITH C. P. R. EMPLOYEES

Winnipeg, Oct. 16.—According to the Winnipeg Free Press, 98 per cent. of the ballots cast by trainmen of the Canadian Pacific railway in support of the recommendation of their committee favoring a strike, such information being given to-day by officials of the Order of Railway Conductors and of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen who are counting the ballots.

"We do not use the word strike," said James Murdoch, vice-president of the latter organization, though he acknowledged that the result of the vote authorized the committee to proceed to that extreme. Union officials claim that they can tie up the system from coast to coast, but there appears a good prospect that a satisfactory settlement may be reached between the employees and the company, the negotiations of the latter being in the hands of Grant Hall, the western vice-president and general manager.

The sales of Noblemen Cigars have more than tripled during the past three months. Have you tried one lately?

ALLIES CONTINUE TO SEARCH MAILES

Washington is Learning They Will Not Recede From Their Position

Washington, Oct. 16.—Examination of the note from the entente powers on the censorship of the mails, the text of which was made public yesterday, has brought a feeling among officials that it does not satisfactorily meet the protests set forth in the American note of May 24, which said that "only a radical change restoring to the United States its full rights as a neutral power, will satisfy this government."

The state department has watched with interest, however, the informal arrangements made by the British authorities through their trade department and through such conferences as that of Sir Richard Crawford in New York recently, and is understood to feel that resentment among American citizens over the allies' censorship has been greatly lessened. It is thought unlikely that any reply will be made in the three weeks before the election. All the information reaching the department is understood to indicate that the allied governments have determined to maintain the firmest attitude on the subject, feeling that absolutely vital interests are involved. Officials are said to feel, therefore, that any further positive step by the United States might bring the controversy to a much more critical stage.

VIOLENTLY ATTACKS UNION COMMITTEE

Red Deer Presbyterian Minister Hurls a Mass of Charges

Saskatoon, Oct. 16.—At a meeting of advocates of non-union held in St. Thomas's Presbyterian church some very caustic and sensational remarks were made by Rev. W. S. Brown, D.D., of Red Deer, Alta., who, among other things intimated that the union committee reports were a "lie."

He also accused them of having stolen \$25,000 from the home mission funds of the church to propagate their scheme of unification; accused them of an attempt at wholesale plunder in an endeavor to secure college and church property for the purpose of establishing a new denomination; accused the union committee of having changed the findings of the general assembly; claimed that the union committee was dominated by a dozen college professors, who were fed up on German rationalism; attempting to set up a despotic form of church government, and the establishment of a papacy; characterized the action of the committee as tyrannical and czarlike, and denounced their efforts to force the non-unionists into the union against their will.

ARTILLERY DUEL GREATEST KNOWN

Allies Using More Guns Than Ever on the Somme Front

London, Oct. 16.—Telegraphing an account of the latest Anglo-French attack, launched on the Somme front on Thursday afternoon, Beach Thomas, correspondent of the Daily Mail, says: "Though the infantry advance was comparatively small, the day was one colossal artillery duel. Never in the world's history have guns answered guns in such numbers, power and size. The quantity of them—leaves one speechless."

He mentions the new British 15-inch weapons, which are heavier and more powerful than the famous Krupp "Fat Berthas" and the 16.5-inch howitzers, and also a mobile gun of 12-inch calibre, itself big beyond the previous imagination of soldiers, and which hits a target 11 miles away; also lesser monsters and especially the 8.2-inch and 8-inch guns, which were so close in places one could scarcely pass between them.

"The German guns," adds Mr. Thomas, "multiply, but always the allies out-multiply their multiplication."

SIX AEROPLANES WEEK FROM CANADIAN PLANT

Ottawa, Oct. 16.—It is stated that the aeroplanes factory which will be established in Canada as the result of inquiries made by the imperial munitions board, will cost approximately \$1,000,000. It will be equipped to turn out six machines a week. G. S. Wilcox, of Hamilton, chairman of the Steel Company of Canada, will supervise the manufacture of flying machines.

GERMAIN CLAIM.

Berlin, Oct. 16.—Strong attacks were made by Russian troops yesterday in Volynia, west of Lutzk. An official announcement issued to-day reports that this assault broke down with severe losses for the Russians.

BERLIN NOW SEEKS GOLD ORNAMENTS

Wants People to Surrender Their Possessions to Make Coin

Amsterdam, Oct. 16.—The Nord Deutsche Allgemeine Zeitung, a semi-official newspaper of Berlin, to-day published a full-page appeal in a large type, signed, among others, by Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg and Rudolph Havenstein, president of the German Imperial Bank, in behalf of the committee formed under the presidency of Crown Prince Frederick William for the collection of gold ornaments to be melted into coin. The appeal says:

"The sacrifices demanded from you in light compared to the sacrifices of blood our heroes at the front continue to make. Out, therefore, with all the superfluous gold ornaments and objects from the trunks and cupboard! Help the imperial bank to fill the golden weapons, the army of Germany's economic force."

LINER LAFAYETTE SAW NO SUBMARINE

New York, Oct. 16.—The French Line steamship Lafayette arrived early to-day from Bordeaux, bringing among her passengers Mr. and Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt, John Barrett, Enrico Caruso, Frank A. Munsey and S. S. McClure.

Officers of the ship said that they had received warning by wireless when in mid-ocean to look out for submarines near Nantucket. A new course was set and the ship approached the American coast at a point far southward of the usual route. No suspicious craft were sighted, they said.

JOHN T. SCOTT NOW CHARGED WITH BIGAMY

Seattle, Oct. 16.—John T. Scott, who lived in Seattle for some time with his wife, was arrested at Chehalis on Saturday by Skagit county officials on a charge of bigamy. The warrant for the arrest was issued at Vancouver, B. C., where Scott is said to have a wife.

On April 27 last Scott was married at Mount Vernon, Wash., to Miss Rita Knight, of Vancouver, said to have been his stenographer. Dispatches from Mount Vernon say Scott was prominent in social affairs at Vancouver.

AGAINST VILLA.

Atlantic City, N. J., Oct. 16.—Luis Cabrera, chairman of the Mexican commission, placed before the American members of the Mexican-American joint commission to-day a statement from Ambassador-designate Arredondo containing the assurance that his government had planned an active campaign against Villa.

VICTORIA STOCK EXCHANGE.

	Bid.	Asked.
Blackbird Syndicate	17.00	22.00
Can. Copper Co.	1.50	1.60
Can. Cons. S. & R.	25.00	
Coronation Gold	16	
Granby	22.00	
Int. Cost & Fuel Co.	26.50	26.50
Lucky Jim Zinc	28	29
McGillivray Coal	11	
P. C. Tunnels	35	
Portland Canal	11	
Rambler Cariboo	12.50	13.00
Stewart & Co.	20	
Stewart Star	12.50	
Stewart Land	7.00	

NEW YORK CURB PRICES.

	Bid.	Asked.
Aris. Copper Fields	18	22
Can. Copper	18	22
Crown Reserve	50	52
Emt. Phone	81	83
Goldfield	80	
Hecla	35	37
Hollinger	75	77
Hovey Sound	54	56
Kerr Lake	42	44
Emma Copper	24	26
Green Monster	42	44
Jerome Verde	51	53
Big Ledge	51	53
Inspiration Needles	12	14
La Roca	60	62
Magma	175	177
Midvale	68	70
Minas of Am.	21	23
Nipissing	71	73
Standard Lead	14	16
Stewart	20	22
Submarine	41	43
Success	49	51
Tonapah	48	50
Tonapah Belm.	48	50
Yukon	2	4
United Verde Ext.	38	40
Tonapah Exten.	54	56
Mason Valley	48	50

METAL MARKET.

New York, Oct. 16.—Copper firm; electrolytic, first quarter, \$27.50-\$28.50; steady, No. 1 Nor., \$29.50-\$30.50; No. 2, \$29.00-\$29.50; No. 1 Sou., \$19.50-\$20.50; No. 2, \$19.00-\$19.50. Tin quiet; spot, \$41.50-\$42.50. At London: Spot copper, \$213; futures, \$218.10; electrolytic, \$218; spot tin, \$219.10; futures, \$219.10. Lead, \$17.87-\$18.10; spelter dull; spot, East St. Louis delivery, \$4.

NEW YORK SUGAR.

New York, Oct. 16.—Raw sugar firm; centrifugal, \$6.14; molasses, \$5.25; refined firm; cut loaf, \$8.30; crushed, \$8.15; mould A, \$7.80; cubes, \$7.50; XXXX, powdered, \$7.20; powdered, \$7.25; fine granulated, \$7.15; diamond A, \$7.15; confectioners' A, \$7.10; No. 1, \$7.

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Financial News

MONTREAL STOCKS

(By Burdick Brothers, Limited.)
Montreal, Oct. 16.—The local market to-day became more active and good advances were scored in most issues. Brazilian Traction and Dominion Iron were the strong features. In Brazilian the belief is gaining that favorable action will be taken on the dividend when the directors meet one week from to-day. The steel issues were all strong and there was some good advances in usually inactive stocks such as Toronto Railway and Textile common, which were up over a point. Cement continued active and strong. There were rumors afloat to-day that Canada is to be favored in any further distribution of war orders, although New York reports had it that substantial contracts are about to be awarded American firms by the allies. The close was practically at the best of the day all around.

STRENGTH NOTED AT NEW YORK TO-DAY

(By F. W. Stevenson & Co.)
New York, Oct. 16.—The stock market had a strong appearance to-day, initial prices being from a half to one and a half points up. There was some realizing at this advance, but it was well taken, and later there was further rally under the leadership of Steel common. The news was of a negative character; the strength in the market being more or less due to a change of sentiment over the week-end. Closing quotations were steady.

	High.	Low.	Bid.
Alaska Gold	125	122	117
Amn. Steel Foundry	97	95	99
Amn. Beet Sugar	99	97	98 1/2
Amn. Can.	69	68	69 1/2
Amn. Car & Foundry	64	64	64 1/2
Amn. Locomotive	74	73	73 1/2
Amn. Smelting	102	100	100 1/2
Amn. Sugar	116 1/2	115	116
Anacosta	91	91	92 1/2
Atchafalpa	106	106	106
B. & O.	84	83	83 1/2
Bethlehem Steel	547	539	547
C. P. R.	174	173	174 1/2
Central Leather	79	77	78 1/2
C. & O.	65	63	64
C. M. & St. P.	95	93	95 1/2
Cruible	54	54	54 1/2
Erie	29	29	29 1/2
Goodrich	72	72	72 1/2
G. N. pref.	118 1/2	118 1/2	118 1/2
G. N. Ore cfs.	43	41	42 1/2
Hawdard	82	80	82 1/2
Butte-Sup.	63	62	62 1/2
Inspiration	64	62	64
Kalah Valley	58	57	58 1/2
Maxwell Motor	84	84	84 1/2
Mex. Petroleum	109	109	109 1/2
Mercantile	38	37	38 1/2
Do, pref.	112 1/2	108 1/2	112 1/2
N. Y. C.	106	107	106 1/2
N. & W.	147	146	146 1/2
Pennsylvania	38	37	37 1/2
Perry's Gas	112 1/2	111 1/2	112 1/2
Pressed Steel Car	67	65	66 1/2
Reading	104	104	104 1/2
Rep. Iron & Steel	74	74	74 1/2
Sloss Sheffield	94	94	94 1/2
S. P.	104	104	104 1/2
Sou. Railway	29	27	28 1/2
Kennecott	23	21	22 1/2
Studebaker Corp.	122	120	121 1/2
Tenn. Copper	23	22	22 1/2
U. P.	148	147	147 1/2</

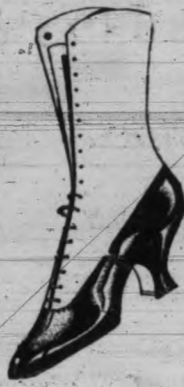
Modish Footwear

To-day we feature some of the newest and smartest of Women's Shoes, many of them fresh from the makers, and all of them wonderfully smart and extra good values. One particularly smart model is briefly described below:

LADIES' TAN SHOE, with 10-inch white nu-buck top; featuring a novel brogue effect stitching. Only **\$8.50**

GROWING GIRLS' BOOTS, big variety of leathers and styles for occasional and school wear. **\$3.50 to \$5.50**

Polishes and Dressings for all colors of leather. Ask to be shown the new arrivals in Children's Pumps and Slippers



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EXTENDS ACTIVITIES

"Cheering Club" Entertains Returned Soldiers and Families of Men Now at Front.

Returned soldiers and the families of those at the front spent a social evening as guests of the "Cheering Club" at the Belmont House board room, the other evening.

In welcoming those present on behalf of the club, which is composed of women with relatives serving in overseas forces, the chairman stated, that although originally organized to greet returning soldiers with the British "Hip, Hip, Hurrah," and decorate the C. P. R. gangway with flags in their honor, the club had now extended its activities. It is now keeping in touch with the men after arrival, by inviting them to their homes and assisting, when possible, in the ever-increasing problem of return to civilian life, as individuals. In addition to this it was realized that the families of those men now at the front, who will eventually arrive as returned soldiers, should be included in any work undertaken by the club, and the present gathering was intended to start the ball rolling in this direction. Although owing to limited floor space available, only a fraction of the many hundreds of families resident here could be present, it was hoped to extend the movement and steadily make new acquaintanceships. Also all those present, having the common bond of empire service between them, were invited to dispense with formality and consider themselves as members of a family party.

The National Anthem was then sung and the evening devoted to music, dancing, singing and kindred amusement.

NEGOTIATIONS FOR TWO BIG STEAMERS

Seattle, Oct. 16.—The Seattle Times says that the Alaska S. S. Company is negotiating with the Great Northern Pacific S. S. Company for the purchase of the latter company's huge liners Great Northern and Northern Pacific, which were built to ply between Flavel, Ore., and California. The negotiations were begun in Portland on Saturday. The Alaska S. S. Company, according to the Times, desires to use the boats in a Puget Sound-California service.

The Lawyer—The precedents are against you, madam. The Lady—Well, sue them, too, then.

EMPIRE "TAG DAY" DESERVES SUPPORT

Red Cross Effort on Behalf of Wounded Should Stimulate Universal Sympathy

As long as the war lasts Red Cross supplies will continue to be required, probably in ever increasing quantities as the greater number of troops are thrown into the field. An empire-wide "tag" is to be held on October 19 (Thursday next) for the purpose of augmenting the funds of the joint war committee of the British Red Cross Society and the Order of St. John. Victoria will observe the occasion with all other cities throughout the Dominion and elsewhere in the empire, and it is hoped that much heartier support will be given the undertaking than last year, when the city collections totalled \$3,322.90. This year at least \$10,000 is aspired to by the committee in charge of the undertaking, and it is hoped that everyone will make a supreme effort to bring the amount up to this point so that Victoria can stand, per capita, as the most generous and liberal-handed giver in the Dominion.

The activities of the Red Cross have become so enormous and complex since the war that, like the view of the mountain by the mole, it has submerged itself. That is, in the ordinary civilian mind. The soldier is thoroughly conscious of the work that is being done in this giant organization which is conducted so quietly and at such infinitesimal expense as far as operation is concerned. It has actually been demonstrated that the total expenses of home administration and management, is about 5 per cent. of the total. It is almost entirely voluntary, and Red Cross achievement is saving, suffering sufficiently in a single day to justify all the expense that has been entailed in connection with the operations since the beginning of the war.

Without finances, however, the good work could not possibly continue. There is no special governmental provision for the re-filling of the exchequer. The good public has been and will continue to be the source of income, and it is the earnest hope of everyone interested in the most efficient continuance of the work that the splendid voluntary assistance which has been given will be sustained.

"I would like to hold the Kaiser's nose into the gas-bag for ten minutes every day just in revenge for the poor tortured twisted bodies of our soldiers in hospital," said a worker in one of the military hospitals lately in a letter. The Red Cross has substituted action for revenge, and is expending every effort on the relief of the wounded men. Nearly a million pounds sterling has been spent by the British Red Cross on the purchase and upkeep of motor ambulances alone, and 3,200 surgeons, nurses, hospital orderlies, stretcher bearers and ambulance drivers have been sent abroad by the same organization to help in a work which goes on tirelessly, without cessation, for the relief of the wounded brothers who are pressing back the great jagged line on the German frontier. There is beside a record of hospitals, store depots, rest stations, hospital trains, food and clothing sent to British prisoners-of-war in Germany, and little avenues of help which will probably remain forever unpublished, overshadowed by the greater undertakings. The wounded know, however, and every contributor to the great fund is speaking a word of practical sympathy to the man who is shell-shattered, shrapnel-pierced, war-scarred. The Red Cross works day and night, receives the wounded in the first-aid dressing stations behind the communication trenches, and drives them to the clearing stations. On the English front alone are five Red Cross convoys of 50 cars each. And the whole of the transport of wounded at the army's base in France is done by the Red Cross. Surely such work deserves the help of every man and woman in the empire.

The Victoria branch of the Canadian Red Cross Society has been asked by the Lieutenant Governor to take charge of the collection in the Victoria district. Collections are already under way in some of the outside points. All the large corporations are asking their employees for contribution; every department of social and civic life is appealed to for support.

BELGIAN ARMY IS

FINE ORGANIZATION

Great Advances Made Since It Fought in Battle of Yser

London, Oct. 16.—A British correspondent sends the following from the headquarters of the Belgian army:

While new allies arise, and millions more of men are thrown into the battle-line, we must never forget the debt which we owe to our first ally, Belgium, whose gallant army stemmed the onrush of the German legions when war was declared. We do not hear much of the Belgian army to-day, but it is doing its duty nobly, holding back the enemy on a very vital portion of the western front; it is helping to defend Calais and the northwestern corner of France, as well as the strip of free Belgium which remains under Belgian rule and has been made sacred for all time by the heroic deeds of the men who fought the battle of Yser.

Nowhere are the conditions of the fighting-line more trying. The floods of the Yser remain as a great means of defence, and nearly the whole of Flanders is a swamp in winter. Sniping continues and frequently artillery duels take place, but no general attack on either side is made. The enemy cannot advance a yard; the line remains practically what it was after the battle of Yser, and it is impenetrable. The retreat of the Belgian army, which the enemy planned to capture, and its stand at the Yser, where the enemy hoped to crush it, are outstanding achievements in the war. Now the enemy has to meet quite a different army. When the battle of the Yser was fought the Belgian army was ill-equipped; it was short of rifles and its munitions were exhausted. Now it has doubled in number and more than trebled in efficiency. The soldiers wear British khaki, with French steel helmets. The men are well fed and admirably equipped. No like number of men on any army are so well officered. Now, under compulsion, all Belgians of military age who can be spared from munitions works in England and France are joining the army, so never since the declaration of war has the Belgian army been a better fighting unit than it is to-day.

Thorough Organization. As the corner of Belgium which remains in the hands of the Belgian army does not give sufficient scope for all those activities of organization and supply which go on behind the fighting line, Belgium has temporarily obtained the use of a number of French towns and is guarding some of the main roads. As I have recently been privileged to visit all the camps, depots, headquarters, hospitals, and official quarters behind the fighting line, I am able to bear testimony to the efficiency of the new organization which I saw at work. The organization behind the lines is very thorough, and through the courtesy of Lieut.-General C. I was enabled to visit many establishments. The Belgians have built railways and warehouses for landing and storing war materials. At another base of supply near the front vast stores have been accumulated, and means of transport to the front without the least delay have been provided.

The Belgian army, besides holding back the enemy on its front, is co-operating with its French and British neighbors in many directions, and is rendering valuable services to the allies. For example, there are no more daring and efficient aviators than the Belgians, who have done splendid work in the northwestern part of France. They have brought down many enemy aircraft, and have been most successful in aerial photography. I examined the work of the most daring flying man in the Belgian Air Squadron, Captain J. who has returned from the German lines over and over again with his machine riddled with bullets while he himself has been unhurt. He shows remarkable intelligence and expert knowledge. He is the proud wearer of many decorations, including the Military Crosses of Belgium, France, and Great Britain. King George himself pinned the Military Cross on Captain J. on the occasion of his recent visit to France.

The photographs of the German lines beyond the Belgian front and in that neighborhood show many series of trenches extending for miles, and evidently constructed with the greatest care. They also show a network of light railways. These railways sometimes hidden by hedges and sometimes in tunnels. Nothing but a general bombardment on a vast scale could destroy all these means of communication. This part of the country contains numerous canals, and these are made good use of by the enemy. The photographs also show, not only concrete sheltered dugouts, but concrete emplacements for machine guns as well as other guns. The German airmen have little opportunity of knowing what is behind the Belgian lines, as the Belgians successfully drive them off.

Germans and "Bertha Lisa." One of the special functions of the aerial observers is to locate emplacements of big guns, which then are bombarded by the allies. It took several months, however, before the aviators were able to locate the huge gun known as "Bertha Lisa," which struck terror into the civilians in Flanders last year. This was the gun which bombarded Dunkirk from a distance of more than 20 miles. One projectile, weighing about a ton, completely smashed a church, another destroyed two houses in the square of another town, and broke every window in the square. When the monster gun was discovered, it did not take the

allied aviators long before their bombs put it out of the fighting line. The photographs of the position show that the enemy had built a railway line, which ended in two branches when it reached the position of the gun. The gun, needless to say, was cleverly hidden, and the place looked like the entrance to a tunnel.

The Belgian engineers have always had a great reputation, and all the men who got away before the German occupation are helping the army. They have introduced more inventions for the use of the armies than it is necessary to describe. On the occasion of my visit to one depot behind the lines companies of young soldiers were being trained to command batteries of trench mortars. The trench mortar was the invention of a Belgian officer, and it has been adopted by the French army.

At one place not far from the sea I found Captain B. training horses for the Belgian cavalry and for the artillery. The cavalry forces have not yet had an opportunity of showing what they can do, but the Belgian cavalry will bear comparison with that of any army.

Belgian experts also have developed improvements in wireless telegraphy and wireless telephony, but naturally no account can be published of what they have done. The enemy would like very much to know.

The Belgians have a wireless station within gun-shot of territory occupied by the enemy, and yet it is immune from attack; it is in Holland. There is a small piece of territory belonging to Belgium in Holland. The chief Belgian village is Baer-le-Duc, but there is more than one isolated islet under Belgian rule surrounded by Holland. The fields and villages are so mixed up that the Germans could not be sure of hitting Belgium if they tried. The Belgian burgomaster of Baer-le-Duc and its dependencies—the total population of which is only about 400—defied the Germans when called upon to surrender, and invited the enemy to come on. As this would have meant invading Holland, the Belgian flag still flies over Baer-le-Duc, and the wireless station plays its part in the war.

The Belgians do things well in every branch of army organization. It may be a laundry, which washes and mends for the whole army, and does its work at a minimum of cost and maximum of efficiency. It may be the army bakery, a model installation near the Dunes, which provides over 100,000 daily rations of bread. The Belgian soldier is very particular about his bread. He will not accept it by the yard like his French comrade, but must have it in the form of solid cart-wheels. If the loaf is out of shape or dented in the making he rejects it. Each loaf weighs three pounds, and is the daily ration of two men. The bread is baked from Australian and Argentine flour.

Hospital Accommodation. The greatest glory of the Belgian army behind the lines is the hospital organization, carried out under the direction of Inspector General Melis, and more particularly the hospital at La Panne. This hospital will challenge comparison with any institution of the kind. The main building of the hospital is a hotel, but numerous pavilions have been erected and villas taken over for the use of the staff. The doctors are all specialists at La Panne, and the hospital is visited by many medical men from other armies to learn from the experience of the work done, and the treatments introduced at La Panne. The head of the hospital is Dr. de Fagge, who is a genius as an organizer and well deserves the credit for the marvelous work which has been accomplished under his direction. The matron of the hospital is English, and so are many of the nurses.

La Panne hospital is self-contained. The medical staff do most things for themselves or under their supervision, including the making of artificial limbs. King Albert and the queen take the keenest personal interest in the hospital, and the queen visits it almost daily—frequently assisting in dressing wounds of patients in the wards.

The men at the head of the numerous departments of army service are all enthusiasts. Each one considers that he is the pivot round which the whole organization moves. They are all entrusted with patriotic zeal, and also severely practical. They are adaptive and resourceful, and economical.

Belgium also has its munitions works in France, schools for training wounded men for useful occupations, and altogether possesses a very complete and efficient army organization. Although we hear little about it, it plays an essential part in bringing victory nearer.

ROUMANIANS TOOK SOME MORE GROUND

In Alt Region; at Another Point Troops Withdrew Slightly

Bucharest, Oct. 16.—The repulse of Austro-German attacks in Transylvania is announced in an official statement issued to-day, the text of which follows:

"On the northern and northwestern fronts, at Tulgheș, and in the upper Bicaz valley, there have been violent artillery actions. Attacks made by enemy infantry were repulsed and we took 40 prisoners. In the Uslu valley artillery engagements took place. At Table Butzi the enemy compelled us to withdraw a little toward the south.

"In Carneaș our troops are offering obstinate resistance.

"In the Alt region we occupied Stana

Gligolman, Ciocadobro-Gugli and Ciocacstrica-Tolul."

SOME MORE GROUND TAKEN BY ITALIANS

Rome, Oct. 16.—"Along the whole front working parties were active and some artillery actions took place," says an official report issued to-day. "East of Verobizza (in the Gorizia region) and on HUI 208 (on the Carso front) we extended our positions by means of small local actions, taking a few prisoners."

London, Oct. 16.—James Gilhooly, who had sat in the House of Commons as member for the western division of Cork county, Ireland, since 1885, died at Cork to-day. He was an Irish Nationalist and was 71 years old.

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The Auctioneer, Stewart Williams.

Messrs. Stewart Williams & Co.

Duly instructed by Mrs. George Shaw, will sell by Public Auction at his Residence, 255 BEECHWOOD AVENUE, Fowl Bay, on

Wednesday, Oct. 18

at 2 o'clock, the whole of her

Household Furniture and Effects

Including: Oak Card Table, Oak Stools, Jardiniere Stand, Willow Chairs, Curate, Plants, Wilton Pile and Brussels Carpets, Oak Ex. Table, Set of Mission Oak Dining, Oak Morris Chair, with loose leather cushions; Portiere with other Curtains, Cushions, Glass and China, Brass Bedstead, Spring and Restmore Mattresses, Satin Walnut Bedroom Suite, Fumed Oak Bureau, Blankets, Mantel Clock, "Superior" Range, Cooking Utensils, Crockery, Garden Hose, Tools, also 5-passenger "Overland" Touring Car, 1911 model, in good running order.

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The Auctioneer, Stewart Williams.

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Duly instructed by A. H. Godfrey, Esq., will sell by Public Auction at his Residence, 351 ROBERTSON ST., Fowl Bay, on

Thursday, Oct. 19

at 2 o'clock sharp, the whole of his

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Including Dining Room, Drawing Room, Bedrooms, Kitchen and Outside Effects. On view Wednesday, Oct. 18th. Further particulars later, or from The Auctioneer, Stewart Williams.

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CENTENNIAL CHURCH HONORS HER HEROES

Seventy-Two Names Inscribed on Roll of Those Serving Country

Seventy-two members and adherents of the Centennial Methodist church have done or are doing their bit for the empire. Of these one has already given his life, a number are wounded, and two have returned. At the anniversary services in connection with the church held last night, a roll of honor was unveiled, containing the list of names of all those who have enlisted. It was explained that of the number, one Red Cross Nurse and 31 men were adherents. The honor roll was prepared and presented to the church by Cecil Johnson. Addresses were given by the pastor, Rev. A. S. Colwell, and Capt. Raynor, M. D.

In unveiling the roll, Capt. Raynor said that the list was one of which not only Victoria but British Columbia and all Canada should be proud. The men were heroes, who counted their personal liberty as naught that they might fight for the greater liberty of justice and right. He asked that the names might be indelibly printed on their hearts until every one in the congregation was willing to make the same sacrifice. He spoke of the one who had made the supreme sacrifice and the two who had returned and whom he hoped would live long to reap the benefits from the work done. All he could say to the men in the congregation was to go and do as they had done.

Dr. Raynor then appealed to the congregation not only to do honor to the heroes who had gone, but also to see if they could not help them by doing their share at home. He asked them to picture to themselves a hero dying, giving his life for them all on a battlefield 7,000 miles from here, and all this while the majority of the people here were not realizing that they had any part in it. Hundreds did not realize that it is their war. They sang "Keep the Home Fires Burning," and "Britons Never Will Be Slaves," yet they were slaves all the time they were singing. Alcohol was one of the greatest causes which were hindering recruiting and retarding the efficiency of the soldiers. At this time when they were trying to do honor to the noble men on the roll they should try to make conditions such that the soldiers would be as efficient as possible and that when they returned they should not be subjected to evil conditions.

Rev. A. S. Colwell said that the boys had gone forth, not merely with manliness and courage, but with the fear of God in their hearts. To-day they needed men of good courage both at home and abroad. They needed to-day the note of the optimist, not of him who saw no difficulties in the way, but of him who saw the difficulties and had the courage to meet them. Such a man they had in England in David Lloyd George.

To-day they needed new men both as soldiers and sailors, and with the new men there must be new measures. The Bishop of London had said that something would have to be done with the liquor traffic in Great Britain before the war came to an end. Canada would be a dry country soon if the governments did their duty, but it must not only be sober but moral. In order to be a good patriot a man must be both sober and moral. They wanted men with the best traditions of the British nation in their souls.

Speaking of the men whose names were on the roll, the preacher said that he knew they would play the man and fight a clean and noble fight for the country. When they saw either a man or a nation crushed they felt that they must fight in their defense. In this war their cause was just, and men of religion, many men, were wanted to go to its defense. When the soldiers returned they would still need God. They were fighting for liberty, justice and clean conditions under their king and there was also a call to the men and women at home to fight for better conditions here.

Rev. H. S. Osborne preached in the morning on Christian fellowship. The keynote of his address was love and confidence and their influence on individual life. He spoke of the importance of holding tenaciously to convictions and of seeing them clearly. The facts of the gospel and their inward influence made for endurance, for Christianity was dominant and all conquering. The church was beautifully decorated with autumn fruits and foliage, and the congregations at each service were large.

Possibly no man in Europe has had a more difficult part to play than the United States ambassador to Germany. Gerard took over the post about three years ago, and had not got nicely settled in his easy chair than the Kaiser started his world war. The violation of Belgium's neutrality, which was guaranteed by the United States; the torpedoing of the Lusitania and half score other vessels with American citizens on board; the sending of munitions from the United States to the allies; and many other questions, have strained the relations between the two countries almost to breaking point. In addition to his ordinary duties, Gerard has had to look after the interests of practically all the allies, so that he has had his hands almost full. Gerard was born in New York state in 1867, educated at Columbia University, and then practiced law. For some time he was associate judge of the supreme court of New York. He is regarded as a safe, conservative diplomat, but is extremely unpopular in Germany and recently has been severely attacked by the German papers for what is regarded as his pro-ally leanings. —Montreal Journal of Commerce.

CHERNAVSKY TRIO HEARD HERE AGAIN

Russians Give Interesting Recital of Uniform Merit

So great a thing as the Arensky trio in D Minor can be heard many times without either its novelty or interest being exhausted. The audience which assembled at the Empress hotel on Saturday evening to hear the Chernavsky trio on their return visit here en route to San Francisco and Honolulu listened with no lessened enthusiasm to a noble work which was first introduced to Victoria concert-goers some months ago by the same players. Thoroughly in the spirit of the new Russian school the composition finds the most understanding of interpreters in the Russian trio, and if the sentiment of one or two of the movements was altered slightly this in no way impaired the value of the work as a whole. Played almost throughout with strongly defined rhythm, there was bold coloring, vigorous expression, qualities present but subdued even in the tender, elegiac, adagio movement, one of the most exquisite bits of melody in the whole work. This, the third movement, was perhaps more appealingly beautiful than on the first occasion that the same players presented the work here, but something by way of anti-climax came in the florid finale, which was a purely bizarre conclusion to a composition which progressed through many beauties to this point. Particularly in the allegro (opening) movement, was the fine ensemble work of the players apparent. Each instrument in its turn had to take the emphasis of the theme, and for the artistic and finished manner in which this was accomplished pianist, cellist, and violinist there is nothing but praise.

The group of trios which closed the programme were tested favorites. The sonorous Valse Triste, by Sibolux, and the Dvorak Slav Dance were perhaps the finest numbers, and it is testimony to the historic imagination of the artists that they so quickly and so completely passed from one definite type of national music to another without coloring, the succeeding with the foregoing.

Individually the artists pleased. Definite improvement was noticeable in the work of the cellist, Mischel Chernavsky, whose temperamental playing is more refined, thoughtful and studied. The mature qualities are appearing without detriment to expression, whereas the tone is purer. In a group of charming numbers none was more feelingly played than the Schumann "Evening Song," with nice even and dignified tone, while the Saint-Saens Allegro Appassionato was a rhetorical yet sympathetic interpretation.

A perfect composition perfectly played was "The Raindrop" Prelude by Chopin, which opened Jan Chernavsky's group of numbers by this composer. As Victoria audiences have already had ample opportunity to admire the pianist's favorite medium of expression, truly in respect to sense of melodic beauty composer and interpreter would seem to be one, and the poetic waywardness of thought which great critics have found in the former, the latter reveals for the listener with acute sensitiveness of feeling. "The Raindrop" is thoroughly Chopinesque. Mr. Chernavsky read into the iterated notes melancholy, tenderness, ominous foreboding, beating insistently a message which broke last into a theme of consolation. For rich lyricism, delicacy of accent, sustained melody, the interpretation was all that could be wished. The two small preludes, Nos. 1 and 50, were thought gems of purest sound. Slightly disappointing was the Valse in A flat, but in the Polonaise (in A Major) the player came back to an imposing performance, which left the hearer uplifted.

The violinist, Leo Chernavsky, had a very pleasing group, embracing two Viennese compositions, "Reverie" and "Rondino." The former has nobility and was interpreted with very fine appreciation of the somewhat sombre and thoughtful beauties of the melody. There might be made some slight criticism of style, but the fine rich tone which marked the playing of this number entered no less into the rendering of the succeeding compositions. The Rondino was infectious in the gaiety of it, which afterwards broke into plaintive song. In the Wieniawski "Carnaval de Rome" the violinist revealed new powers as a virtuoso, his technique being irreproachable, and his interpretation varied, interesting, highly thoughtful. Brilliance of tone and lightness of bowing were particularly remarked in this striking performance, which was largely responsible for the double encore which the player was accorded.

A slight departure from the Chernavsky custom was appreciated by the audience. This was the introduction of a duet for piano and cello, the Chopin Grand Polonaise. There was fine perception of form in the rendering of this work, which, however, is eminently the composition of one who understood the piano before any other instrument. The work, needless to say, is distinguished, and to the pianist particularly gave still further opportunity to display his gifts as Chopin interpreter.

Alex. Czerny is still with the trio as accompanist, and with the cello and violin had a fairly arduous evening's work.

DELEGATES RETURN FROM CONVENTION

Vernon Gathering of Union of B. C. Municipalities Was Success

According to the delegates of the city and Saanich who returned from Vernon on Saturday afternoon after attending the convention of the Union of B. C. Municipalities, the three outstanding features of the gathering were the decision with regard to the future management of Tranquille sanitarium, the plan to be put up to the government to assume the responsibilities which naturally arise from the War Relief Act, and the status on exemption of church sites from taxation.

The presence of the school trustees at Vernon also in convention provided for an opportunity for a joint session. Mayor Stewart presided acceptably over about 70 members of municipal councils and officials who attended the sessions.

No very positive action was taken on City Comptroller Raymur's paper on school board versus council taxation, which was published on Thursday, although Mr. Raymur says it provoked strong opposition from the school trustees present.

In his opinion the most important subject, apart from that of the decision to ask the provincial government to take over the Tranquille sanitarium for consumptives and make it a provincial institution, was the adoption of the report of a committee, including Mayor McBeath, Vancouver; Reeve Cunliffe, Point Grey; Reeve Giles, Coldstream, and himself, on the War Relief Act.

The legislature, by the passage of this act, has not only, as the solicitor, F. A. McDiarmid pointed out, jeopardized the assessment rolls of the municipalities, but put a serious burden on the taxpayer who remains to carry the load. The committee recommended that the legislature should be asked to validate the rolls of 1916 in which soldiers' property was assessed, and that the responsibility for payment of taxes should be assumed by the body that had cast this additional burden on municipalities at a time of great difficulty. The convention accepted the recommendation of the committee.

Local delegates are quite certain that the principle of exemption of church sites from taxation would not have passed under normal conditions, but a resolution was adopted late at night when many delegates had gone home.

City Solicitor Hannington was appointed to the resolutions committee.

Most of the city and Saanich recommendations were adopted, as already stated in the telegraphic report of proceedings. Mayor Smith, of Vernon, succeeds Mayor Stewart in the chair.

The social arrangements were very satisfactory, delegates state, but a shortage of accommodation had to be met by using sleeping cars of the train which had conveyed the party to Vernon. The facilities of the town were quite inadequate to meet the needs of two conventions in the city at the same time. Next year the convention comes to Duncan.

CANADA AS A PAPER COUNTRY.

The United States is frankly dependent on Canada for a large part of its supply of paper material. This fact has been emphasized by the shortage of pulp and paper available in the eastern markets. In these circumstances Canada need never worry over possible United States legislation against Canadian wood pulp and paper. Rather this country should take all possible measures for the conservation of our forests. Also it is desirable that the material should be exported in finished condition. It is better to export wood pulp than pulpwood, and paper than pulp. There is little export of pulpwood from this province, and the pulp industry here is mostly a paper industry. That is not the position throughout eastern Canada. In the fiscal year 1915 Canada exported to the United States \$6,817,511 worth of pulpwood, \$4,806,822 of chemical pulp, and \$4,459,539 of mechanical pulp, a total value of more than \$16,000,000. The exports of printing paper were valued at \$14,081,862. This shows that less than half the paper material, judged by value, went out of this country as a finished product. If we had the figures for this province by themselves the proportion would be quite different. Practically the whole of the chemically prepared pulp exported went to the United States, but Great Britain took a third of the mechanical pulp, or one-sixth of the whole. Of the \$14,000,000 worth of paper exported more than \$12,000,000 went to the United States, \$750,000 to Australia, \$500,000 to New Zealand, \$370,000 to South Africa and \$180,000 to Great Britain.—Daily News-Advertiser.

SACRIFICE AND ITS AIM.

Never has there been such an outpouring of human blood, so vast and precious a sacrifice. That sacrifice must not be in vain; and vain it would be if this war were a mere clash of rivalry and hatred, or if after the war no earnest effort were made to achieve the great aims which our statesmen proclaimed, and to establish a new order which will make the world a better place for our children. We owe it to our dead to keep that standard raised. We can build no nobler monument to their memory than to labor for better international relations, to extend the bounds of freedom, and to make our civilization better worth preserving.—Toronto Daily Star.

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